

Name:.....Sec#:.....ID#:.....Ser#:.....

Q.1: Find the displacement $u(x, t)$ in a string of length 1 if the string is clamped at the ends $x = 0, x = 1$ and starts from rest with initial position $3 \sin(2\pi x) + 4 \sin(5\pi x)$.

Separation of Variables

Let $u(x, t) = X(x)T(t)$, then

$$\frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2} = \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial t^2} \quad 0 < x < 1, t > 0$$

$$u(0, t) = 0, u(1, t) = 0$$

$$u(x, 0) = 3 \sin 2\pi x + 4 \sin 5\pi x$$

$$u_t(x, 0) = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{X''}{X} = \frac{T''}{T} = -\lambda$$

$$X'' + \lambda X = 0, X(0) = 0, X(1) = 0$$

$\lambda = 0$ Trivial sol.

$\lambda = -\alpha^2$ Trivial sol.

$$\lambda = \alpha^2, \alpha > 0$$

$$X(x) = A \cos \alpha x + B \sin \alpha x$$

$$X(0) = 0 \Rightarrow A = 0$$

$$X(1) = 0 \Rightarrow B \sin \alpha = 0$$

Let $B \neq 0, \Rightarrow \alpha = n\pi$

$$\lambda = n^2 \pi^2$$

$$X_n(x) = B \sin n\pi x$$

$$T'' + n^2 \pi^2 T = 0$$

$$T'(0) = 0$$

$$T(t) = C \cos n\pi t + D \sin n\pi t$$

$$T'(t) = -C n\pi \sin n\pi t + D n\pi \cos n\pi t$$

$$T'(0) = 0 \Rightarrow D = 0$$

$$u(x, t) = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} A_n \sin n\pi x \cos n\pi t$$

$$u(x, 0) = 3 \sin 2\pi x + 4 \sin 5\pi x$$

$$\Rightarrow 3 \sin 2\pi x + 4 \sin 5\pi x$$

$$= \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} A_n \sin n\pi x$$

$$\Rightarrow A_2 = 3, A_5 = 4$$

$A_n = 0$ for all $n \neq 3, 4$

$$u(x, t) = 3 \sin 2\pi x \cos 2\pi t$$

$$+ 4 \sin 5\pi x \cos 5\pi t$$

Q.2: Find the displacement $u(x, t)$ in a string of length 1 if the string is clamped at the ends

$x = 0, x = 1$, with initial position $u(x, 0) = 0$ and with initial velocity

$$u_t(x, 0) = 3 \sin(2\pi x) + 4 \sin(5\pi x).$$

$$\frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2} = \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial t^2}$$

$$u(0, t) = 0, \quad u(1, t) = 0$$

$$u(x, 0) = 0$$

$$u_t(x, 0) = 3 \sin 2\pi x + 4 \sin 5\pi x$$

Taking Laplace transform

$$\frac{d^2 U}{dx^2} = s^2 U - s u(x, 0) - u_t(x, 0)$$

$$\frac{d^2 U}{dx^2} - s^2 U = -3 \sin 2\pi x - 4 \sin 5\pi x$$

$$U_c = A \cosh sx + B \sinh sx$$

$$\text{Let } U_p = C \sin 2\pi x + D \sin 5\pi x$$

Then

$$U_p'' = -4\pi^2 C \sin 2\pi x - 25\pi^2 D \sin 5\pi x$$

$$-4\pi^2 C \sin 2\pi x - 25\pi^2 D \sin 5\pi x$$

$$-s^2 C \sin 2\pi x - s^2 D \sin 5\pi x$$

$$= -3 \sin 2\pi x - 4 \sin 5\pi x$$

$$\Rightarrow (s^2 + 4\pi^2) C = 3 \quad C = \frac{3}{s^2 + 4\pi^2}$$

$$D = \frac{4}{s^2 + 25\pi^2}$$

$$U(x, s) = A \cosh sx + B \sinh sx$$

$$+ \frac{3}{s^2 + 4\pi^2} \sin 2\pi x$$

$$+ \frac{4}{s^2 + 25\pi^2} \sin 5\pi x$$

$$u(0, t) = 0 \Rightarrow U(0, s) = 0 \Rightarrow A = 0$$

$$u(1, t) = 0 \Rightarrow U(1, s) = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow B \sinh s = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow B = 0$$

$$U(x, s) = \frac{3}{s^2 + 4\pi^2} \sin 2\pi x$$

$$+ \frac{4}{s^2 + 25\pi^2} \sin 5\pi x$$

$$u(x, t) = \frac{3}{2\pi} \sin 2\pi t \sin 2\pi x$$

$$+ \frac{4}{5\pi} \sin 5\pi t \sin 5\pi x$$