

Quiz 2

Name:

ID#:

Q1. Find $I = \int (\sinh x + \cosh x)^3 \cdot \cosh x \, dx$

$$\cdot \sinh x + \cosh x = \frac{e^x - e^{-x}}{2} + \frac{e^x + e^{-x}}{2} = e^x$$

$$\cdot I = \int (e^x)^3 \cdot \frac{e^x + e^{-x}}{2} \, dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \int (e^{4x} + e^{2x}) \, dx = \frac{1}{2} \left[\frac{1}{4} e^{4x} + \frac{1}{2} e^{2x} \right] + C$$

$$Q_2. \text{ Find } J = \int \cot x \cdot \sqrt{\csc x} \, dx$$

$$\text{Let } u = \csc x$$

$$\text{Then: } du = -\csc x \cdot \cot x \, dx$$

$$J = \int \cot x \cdot \csc x \cdot \csc x^{-\frac{1}{2}} \, dx$$

$$= -\int u^{-\frac{1}{2}} \, du = -2 u^{\frac{1}{2}} + C$$

$$= -2 \csc x^{\frac{1}{2}} + C.$$

Q₃. Find $K = \int \sin 2x \cdot \sin 4x \, dx$

$$\begin{aligned} \sin 2x \cdot \sin 4x &= \frac{1}{2} [\cos(2x - 4x) - \cos(2x + 4x)] \\ &= \frac{1}{2} [\cos 2x - \cos 6x] \quad (\cos - 2x = \cos 2x) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} K &= \frac{1}{2} \int [\cos 2x - \cos 6x] \, dx \\ &= \frac{1}{2} \left[\frac{1}{2} \sin 2x - \frac{1}{6} \sin 6x \right] + C \end{aligned}$$

Q4. Find the reduction formula for:

$$I_n = \int (1+x^2)^n dx$$

$$u = (1+x^2)^n \quad dv = dx$$

$$du = n(1+x^2)^{n-1} (2x) dx \quad v = x$$

By integration by part: $I_n = x(1+x^2)^n - 2n \underbrace{\int x^2 (1+x^2)^{n-1} dx}_M$

$$\begin{aligned} M &= \int x^2 (1+x^2)^{n-1} dx = \int (x^2+1-1) (1+x^2)^{n-1} dx \\ &= \int [(x^2+1)^n - (x^2+1)^{n-1}] dx \\ &= I_n - I_{n-1} \end{aligned}$$

Sol. $I_n = x(1+x^2)^n - 2n [I_n - I_{n-1}]$

$$\Rightarrow 2n I_n + I_n = x(1+x^2)^n + 2n I_{n-1}$$

$$\Rightarrow I_n = \frac{1}{2n+1} [x(1+x^2)^n + 2n I_{n-1}] \quad \square$$