

(show all your work and circle one letter to get a full mark or you will get zero)

1) If  $\{S_n\}$  is the sequence of partial sums of the series  $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{(n+1)(n+2)}$ , then  $S_{98} =$ 

- (a) 0.25  
 (b) 0.15  
 (c) 0.6  
 (d) 0.499  
 (e) 0.76  
 (f) 0.92  
 (g) 0.49  
 (h) none of the above

$$\frac{1}{(n+1)(n+2)} = \frac{1}{n+1} - \frac{1}{n+2}$$

telescoping

$$S_n = \frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{n+2}$$

$$S_{98} = \frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{100} \\ = 0.5 - 0.01 \\ = 0.49$$

2)  $\frac{1}{4} - \frac{1}{8} + \frac{1}{16} - \frac{1}{32} + \frac{1}{64} - \frac{1}{128} + \frac{1}{256} = z$ 

(a)  $\frac{1}{6} \left( \frac{255}{256} \right)$

(b)  $\frac{255}{256}$

(c)  $\frac{39}{54}$

(d)  $\frac{86}{13}$

(e)  $\frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{59}{54} \right)$

(f) none of the above

$$z = \frac{1}{4} \left( 1 - \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{4} - \frac{1}{8} + \frac{1}{16} - \frac{1}{32} + \frac{1}{64} \right)$$

$$= \frac{1}{4} \left( \sum_{n=1}^7 \left( -\frac{1}{2} \right)^{n-1} \right) \rightarrow \text{geom with } r = -\frac{1}{2} \text{ and } a = 1$$

$$n\text{-th partial sum} = S_n = a \frac{1-r^n}{1-r}$$

$$S_n = \frac{1 - (-\frac{1}{2})^n}{1 - (-\frac{1}{2})} \Rightarrow S_7 = \frac{1 + \frac{1}{2^7}}{1 + \frac{1}{2}} = \frac{2^7 + 1}{2^7 + 2^6}$$

$$= \frac{2^7 + 1}{2^6(2+1)} = \frac{128+1}{(64)(3)}$$

$$\text{So, } z = \frac{1}{4} \left( \frac{129}{(64)(3)} \right) = \frac{1}{6} \left( \frac{129}{128} \right)$$

Alternative Sol:

$$z = \frac{1}{4} - \frac{1}{8} + \frac{1}{16} - \frac{1}{32} + \frac{1}{64} - \frac{1}{128} + \frac{1}{256}$$

multiply by  $\frac{1}{2}$ 

$$\frac{1}{2}z = \frac{1}{8} - \frac{1}{16} + \frac{1}{32} - \frac{1}{64} + \frac{1}{128} - \frac{1}{256} + \frac{1}{512}$$

$$\frac{3}{2}z = \frac{1}{4} + \frac{1}{512} \Rightarrow z = \frac{1}{6} + \frac{1}{256 \times 3} = \frac{1}{6} \left( 1 + \frac{1}{128} \right) = \frac{1}{6} \left( \frac{129}{128} \right)$$