

Q1. Evaluate

i. $\lim_{x \rightarrow 2} \frac{\sin(\pi x)}{x}$

ii. $\lim_{x \rightarrow 1^-} \left\lfloor \frac{6}{x+2} \right\rfloor$

Q2. for $f(x) = \begin{cases} \frac{x}{b} & , x \leq -1 \\ -b^2x & , x > -1 \end{cases}$

Find the value(s) of b that makes $f(x)$ continuous at $x = -1$.

Q1. Evaluate

i. $\lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{\sin(x^2 - 1)}{x - 1}$

ii. $\lim_{x \rightarrow \frac{1}{3}^+} \lfloor 4 - 3x \rfloor$

Q2. Use the Intermediate Value Theorem to show that $f(x) = x^3 - 6$ has a root on $[-1, 2]$