## KING FAHD UNIVERSITY OF PETROLEUM & MINERALS DEPARTMENT OF MATHEMATICS AND STATISTICS Term 131

## STAT 319 Statistics for Engineers and Scientists

Third Major Exam			Monday December 9, 2013			
Please check/circle your instructor's name						
🗆 Abbasi	Anabosi	🗆 Jabbar	□ Al-Sabah	□ Saleh	🗆 Alsawi	
Name:		ID #:	Section#			

③Important Notes:

- Show all your work including formulas, intermediate steps and final answer.
- In hypothesis testing problems, write the null and the alternative hypotheses, test statistic, decision rule, critical values, and your conclusion, unless otherwise is specified.

Question No	Full Marks	Marks Obtained
1	4	
2	5	
3	5	
4	6	
5	10	
Total	30	

- 1) An agricultural economist is interested in determining the average diameter of peaches produced by a particular tree. A random sample of n = 25 peaches is taken and the sample mean is calculated. Suppose that the mean diameter of peaches on this tree is known from previous years' production to be 60 mm with a standard deviation of 10 mm.
  - a) What is the probability that the sample mean exceeds 65 millimeters? (3 pts.)

b) What assumptions did you make, if any?

(1 pt.)

2) It is claimed that an automobile in KSA is driven on the average more than 20,000 kilometers per year. To test this claim, a random sample of 100 automobile owners are asked to keep a record of the kilometers they travel. At the 5% significance level would you agree with this claim if the random sample showed an average of 21,000 kilometers and a standard deviation of 3900 kilometers? (5 pts.)

A grinding machine will be qualified for a particular task if it can be shown to produce less than 8% defective parts. In a random sample of 300 parts, 16 were defective. On the basis of these data, can the machine be qualified? Use the p-value approach and discuss all possible decisions. (5 pts.)

4) The production manager at a battery factory wants to determine whether there is any difference in the mean life expectancy of batteries manufactured on two different types of machines. A random sample of 21 batteries from machine 1 indicates a mean of 250 hours and a standard deviation of 75 hours, and a similar sample of 21 from machine 2 indicates a mean of 242 hours and a standard deviation of 90 hours. Using the 0.05 level of significance, and assuming that the population variances are equal, is there any evidence of a difference in the mean life of batteries produced by the two types of machines? (6 pts.)

- 5) In 9 soil specimens tested for trace elements, the average amount of copper was found to be 22 milligrams, with a standard deviation of 4 milligrams.
  - a) Find a 90% confidence interval for the true mean copper content in the soils from which these specimens were taken. (3 pts.)

b) What assumptions did you make, if any?

(1 pt.)

c) Use the confidence interval to test the hypothesis that the mean is 26 mg at the 10% significance level. (3 pts.)

d) Find the p-value for testing the hypothesis in c). (3 pts.)