

# Tutorial 1

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- 1 Let  $A = \{n \in \mathbf{Z} : 2 \leq |n| < 4\}$ ,  $B = \{x \in \mathbf{Q} : 2 < x \leq 4\}$ ,  
 $C = \{x \in \mathbf{R} : x^2 - (2 + \sqrt{2})x + 2\sqrt{2} = 0\}$  and  $D = \{x \in \mathbf{Q} : x^2 - (2 + \sqrt{2})x + 2\sqrt{2} = 0\}$ .
- Describe the set  $A$  by listing its elements.
  - Give an example of three elements that belong to  $B$  but do not belong to  $A$ .
  - Describe the set  $C$  by listing its elements.
  - Describe the set  $D$  in another manner.
  - Determine the cardinality of each of the sets  $A$ ,  $C$  and  $D$ .
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- 2 For  $A = \{x : x = 0 \text{ or } x \in \mathcal{P}(\{0\})\}$ , determine  $\mathcal{P}(A)$ .
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- 3 Give an example of two subsets  $A$  and  $B$  of  $\{1, 2, 3\}$  such that all of the following sets are different:  $A \cup B$ ,  $A \cup \bar{B}$ ,  $\bar{A} \cup B$ ,  $\bar{A} \cup \bar{B}$ ,  $A \cap B$ ,  $A \cap \bar{B}$ ,  $\bar{A} \cap B$ ,  $\bar{A} \cap \bar{B}$ .
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- 4 For  $r \in \mathbf{R}^+$ , let  $A_r = \{x \in \mathbf{R} : |x| < r\}$ . Determine  $\bigcup_{r \in \mathbf{R}^+} A_r$  and  $\bigcap_{r \in \mathbf{R}^+} A_r$ .
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- 5 Give an example of three sets  $A$ ,  $S_1$  and  $S_2$  such that  $S_1$  is a partition of  $A$ ,  $S_2$  is a partition of  $S_1$  and  $|S_2| < |S_1| < |A|$ .
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- 6 For  $A = \{a \in \mathbf{R} : |a| \leq 1\}$  and  $B = \{b \in \mathbf{R} : |b| = 1\}$ , give a geometric description of the points in the  $xy$ -plane belonging to  $(A \times B) \cup (B \times A)$ .
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- 7 Let  $I$  denote the interval  $[0, \infty)$ . For each  $r \in I$ , define
- $$A_r = \{(x, y) \in \mathbf{R} \times \mathbf{R} : x^2 + y^2 = r^2\}$$
- $$B_r = \{(x, y) \in \mathbf{R} \times \mathbf{R} : x^2 + y^2 \leq r^2\}$$
- $$C_r = \{(x, y) \in \mathbf{R} \times \mathbf{R} : x^2 + y^2 > r^2\}.$$
- Determine  $\bigcup_{r \in I} A_r$  and  $\bigcap_{r \in I} A_r$ .
  - Determine  $\bigcup_{r \in I} B_r$  and  $\bigcap_{r \in I} B_r$ .
  - Determine  $\bigcup_{r \in I} C_r$  and  $\bigcap_{r \in I} C_r$ .
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- 8 Give an example of a set  $A = \{1, 2, \dots, k\}$  for a smallest  $k \in \mathbf{N}$  containing subsets  $A_1, A_2, A_3$  such that  $|A_i - A_j| = |A_j - A_i| = |i - j|$  for every two integers  $i$  and  $j$  with  $1 \leq i < j \leq 3$ .
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- 9 For the open sentence  $P(A) : A \subseteq \{1, 2, 3\}$  over the domain  $S = \mathcal{P}(\{1, 2, 4\})$ , determine:
- all  $A \in S$  for which  $P(A)$  is true.
  - all  $A \in S$  for which  $P(A)$  is false.
  - all  $A \in S$  for which  $A \cap \{1, 2, 3\} = \emptyset$ .
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- 10 State the negation of each of the following statements.
- At least two of my library books are overdue.
  - One of my two friends misplaced his homework assignment.
  - No one expected that to happen.
  - It's not often that my instructor teaches that course.
  - It's surprising that two students received the same exam score.
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