

Q1. If the substitution $x = 2\sec\theta$, $0 \leq \theta < \frac{\pi}{2}$ is used to find that $\int f(x)dx = \theta + \tan^2\theta - \sec\theta + \sin 2\theta + C$.

Write the anti-derivative, $\theta + \tan^2\theta - \sec\theta + \sin 2\theta + C$, in terms of x .

Q2. $\int \frac{dx}{x^2\sqrt{x^2-4}}$, $x > 2$