

KING FAHD UNIVERSITY OF PETROLEUM & MINERALS
DEPARTMENT OF MATHEMATICS AND STATISTICS
Term 123

STAT 319 Statistics for Engineers and Scientists

Third Major Exam

Sunday July 21, 2013

Please check/circle your instructor's name

Anabosi Jabbar Al-Sabah Saleh Alsawi

Name: _____ ID #: _____ Section# _____

☺ **Important Note:**

Show all your work

- a) including formulas,
- b) intermediate steps, and
- c) Final answer.
- d) In testing problems, write down
 - i) The null and alternative hypotheses
 - ii) The test statistic
 - iii) The rejection region
 - iv) The decision, and
 - v) The conclusion

Question No	Full Marks	Marks Obtained
1	10	
2	10	
3	2	
4	13	
Total	35	

- 1) 44 water samples were collected from a lake and analyzed for concentration of both lead and aluminum particles.
- a) The lead concentration measurements had a mean of 9.9 nmol/l and a standard deviation of 8.4 nmol/l. Calculate a 95% confidence interval for the true mean lead concentration in water samples collected from the lake. *(3 pts)*
- b) Do you need any assumptions to construct the interval in a)? If yes, what are they? If no, why? *(1 pt)*
- c) The aluminum concentration measurements had a mean of 6.7 nmol/l and standard deviation of 10.8 nmol/l. Construct a 99% confidence interval for the difference between the true means between lead concentration and the aluminum concentration in water samples collected from the lake. *(3 pts)*
- d) Based on the result in c) can you conclude that there is a difference between the lead and aluminum concentration in water samples. Justify your answer. *(2 pts)*
- e) At what significance level are you making the conclusion in d)? *(1 pt)*

- 2) Chewing gum packages are labeled as 6 ounces, but the company wants the packages to contain a mean of 6.17 ounces. A sample of 20 packages is selected periodically, and the packaging process is stopped if there is evidence that the mean amount packaged is less than 6.17 ounces. Suppose that in a particular sample of 20 packages, the mean amount dispensed is 6.157 ounces, with a standard deviation of 0.042 ounces.
- a) At the 10% significance level, is there evidence to stop the process? (7 pts)

b) Determine the p-value and explain how it can be used? (3 pts)

- 3) An estimate of the mean time until a machine requires service is desired. If it can be assumed that the standard deviation is 60 days, how large a sample is needed so that one will be able to say with 90% confidence that the sample mean is off by at most 10 days? (2 pts)

- 4) A new radar device is being considered for a certain defense missile system. The system is checked by experimenting with actual aircraft in which a kill or a no kill is simulated. The existing system has a kill probability of 80%
- a) If in 300 trials, 250 kills occur, at the 0.04 level of significance, test the claim that the new system is better than the existing one. (7 pts)

b) What is the p-value of the test in a)? (2 pt)

c) Construct a 90% C.I. for the probability of a kill with the new system and interpret it. (4 pts)