

KING FAHD UNIVERSITY OF PETROLEUM AND MINERALS  
DEPARTMENT OF MATHEMATICS AND STATISTICS  
MATH 102      TERM 123  
**MAJOR EXAM II**

**Exercise # 1:** (8 pts) Find

$$I = \int e^{2x} \sin(e^x) dx$$

**Exercise # 2:** (8 pts) Find

$$I = \int \sec^4(5x) dx$$

**Exercise #3:** (8 pts) Evaluate the following integral

$$I = \int_1^3 \frac{dx}{x^2 - x + 2}$$

**Exercise #4:** (9 pts) Find

$$I = \int \frac{x^3 - 4x - 1}{(x^2 - 1)(x - 1)} dx$$

**Exercise # 5:** (8 pts) Evaluate the improper integral

$$I = \int_0^{\infty} \frac{x^2}{(x^3 + 1)^2} dx$$

**Exercise # 6:** (9 pts) Evaluate the improper integral

$$I = \int_0^2 \frac{dx}{(2x - 1)^{2/3}}$$

**Exercise # 7: (9 pts)** Evaluate

$$I = \int \sin^3 x \cos^2 x dx$$

**Exercise #8: (8 pts)** Show that

$$\int \operatorname{sech}(x) dx = \tan^{-1}(\sinh x) + C$$

where  $C$  is an arbitrary constant.

**Exercise #9: (8 pts)** Find the derivative of

$$y = \sinh^{-1}(x^2 + x)$$

**Exercise # 10: (8 pts)** Find

$$I = \int \frac{7^{1/x}}{x^2} dx$$

**Exercise # 11: (8 pts)** evaluate the following integral

$$I = \int \frac{3x^2 + 1}{x^2 - 2x + 1} dx$$

**Exercise # 12: (9 pts)** Find

$$I = \int \frac{dx}{(4x^2 + 9)^2}$$