

**QUIZ#1 Math102, sec 7**  
**Net Time Allowed: 25 minutes**

Name:

ID #:

Serial:

**Exercise1: (4pts)**

Let  $f$  be a continuous function on  $[-\frac{3}{2}, x]$  with  $f(-\frac{3}{2}) = 0$ ,  $F, G$  two differentiable functions such that:

$$F(x) = \int_{-\frac{3}{2}}^x f(t) dt \quad \text{and} \quad G(u) = \int_{-\frac{3}{2}}^u e^{-t} F(t) dt.$$

Find  $G'(-\frac{3}{2}) + G''(-\frac{3}{2})$ .

**Solution:**

- $G'(u) = e^{-u} F(u) \Rightarrow G'(-\frac{3}{2}) = e^{\frac{3}{2}} F(-\frac{3}{2}) = e^{\frac{3}{2}} \times 0 = 0$
- $G''(u) = -e^{-u} F(u) + e^{-u} F'(u)$  or  $F'(u) = f(u)$ , Thus  
 $G''(u) = -e^{-u} F(u) + e^{-u} f(u) \Rightarrow G''(-\frac{3}{2}) = 0 + e^{\frac{3}{2}} f(-\frac{3}{2}) = 0$

Hence  $G'(-\frac{3}{2}) + G''(-\frac{3}{2}) = 0$

**Exercise2: (6pts)**

Evaluate the integrals:

1-  $\int \frac{x-1}{\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx$  (03pts)

2-  $\int \sin^5(\frac{x}{3}) \cos(\frac{x}{3}) dx$  (03pts)

1-  $\int \frac{x-1}{\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx = \int \frac{x}{\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx - \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx = -\sqrt{1-x^2} - \sin^{-1} x + C$

2-  $\int \sin^5(\frac{x}{3}) \cos(\frac{x}{3}) dx$   
 $\downarrow$   
 $u = \sin(\frac{x}{3})$   
 $\uparrow$   
 $du = \frac{1}{3} \cos(\frac{x}{3}) dx$   
 $\int 3u^5 du = \frac{3}{6} u^6 + C = \frac{1}{2} \sin^6(\frac{x}{3}) + C$