

Math 201

Quiz 1

19/ 9/ 2012

Name: _____

ID # _____

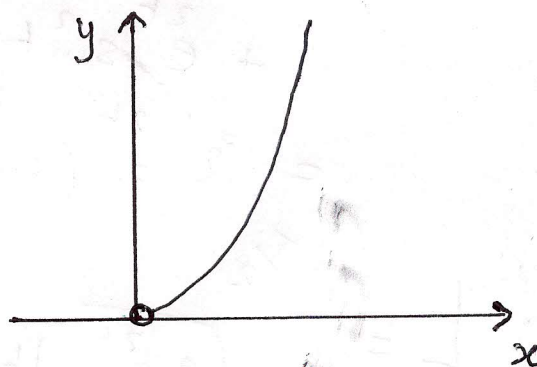
Problem 1 (5 points): Sketch the curve given by the parametric equations

$$x = e^t \quad y = e^{2t}$$

and say what it represents.

t	$-\infty$	-2	-1	0	1	∞
x	0	$1/e^2$	$1/e$	1	e	∞
y	0	$1/e^4$	$1/e^2$	1	e^2	∞

This is a parabola
 $y = x^2, \quad x > 0$



Problem 2 (5 points):

Find the length of the curve

$$C = \{(e^t \cos t, e^t \sin t), \quad 0 \leq t \leq \frac{\pi}{2}\}$$

$$L = \int_0^{\pi/2} \sqrt{x'^2(t) + y'^2(t)} dt$$

$$x(t) = e^t \cos t, \quad y(t) = e^t \sin t$$

$$x'(t) = e^t \cos t - e^t \sin t$$

$$y'(t) = e^t \sin t + e^t \cos t$$

$$\begin{aligned} x'^2(t) + y'^2(t) &= e^{2t} \cos^2 t + e^{2t} \sin^2 t - 2e^{2t} \cos t \sin t \\ &\quad + e^{2t} \sin^2 t + e^{2t} \cos^2 t + 2e^{2t} \sin t \cos t \\ &= 2e^{2t} (\cos^2 t + \sin^2 t) = 2e^{2t} \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{So } L = \int_0^{\pi/2} \sqrt{2e^{2t}} dt = \sqrt{2} \int_0^{\pi/2} e^t dt = \sqrt{2} e^t \Big|_0^{\pi/2}$$

$$= \sqrt{2} (e^{\pi/2} - 1)$$