

**KING FAHD UNIVERSITY OF PETROLEUM & MINERALS**  
**DEPARTMENT OF MATHEMATICAL SCIENCES**  
**DHAHRAN, SAUDI ARABIA**

STAT 319: PROBABILITY & STATISTICS FOR ENGINEERS & SCIENTISTS

**Second Major, Term 112**

**Time: 6:30 p.m. to 8:00 pm, April 14, 2012**

*Please Check/circle the name of your instructor; Write clearly your name, ID, and section number.*

**Instructors:**

Anabosi

Al-Sabah.

Joarder

Muttlak

Riaz

**Student Surname:**

**ID#**

**Section #**

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You are allowed to use electronic calculators and other reasonable writing accessories that help write the exam. Try to define events, formulate problem and solve. See example below.

**Example Q:**

(3pts) Find the **Area** of a rectangle with perimeter of 30 units and length of 8 units.

**Example Answer with grading point** scheme.

$$\text{Perimeter} = 2(l + w) = 30 \rightarrow l + w = 15 \quad (1 \text{ pt})$$

$$\text{Length} = l = 8 \rightarrow w = 15 - l = 7 \quad (1 \text{ pt})$$

$$\Rightarrow \text{Area} = l * w = 8 * 7 = 56 \text{ unit}^2. \quad (1 \text{ pt})$$

Do not keep your **mobile** with you during the exam, turn off your mobile and leave it aside.

Question No	Full Marks	Marks Obtained
1	10	
2	7	
3	5	
4	10	
5	13	
Total	45	

**Q1. [2+3+3+2 =10]** Samples of 20 parts from a metal punching process are selected every hour. Typically, 1% of the parts require rework. Let  $X$  denote the number of parts in the sample of 20 that require rework.

(a) What is the probability that  $X$  exceeds 1?

(b) Find the mean and standard deviation?

(c) A process problem is suspected if  $X$  exceeds its mean by more than three standard deviations, what is the probability that  $X$  exceeds its mean by more than three standard deviations?

(d) If the rework percentage increases to 4%, what is the probability that  $X$  less than 3?

**Q2. [3+4=7]** In the inspection of tin plates produced by a continuous electrolytic process, the probability of spotting  $x$  imperfections per minute is given by the following discrete probability function:

$$f(x) = \frac{1}{x!} e^{-1}, \quad x = 0, 1, \dots, \infty$$

- a. What is the probability of having no imperfections per minute?
- b. What is the probability of having no imperfections per 5 minutes?

- Q3. [3+2=5]** In a large lot of polished steel shafts, 5% have surfaces that are rough.
- What is the probability that the first shaft with rough surface is the 10<sup>th</sup> one selected?
  - What assumptions are you making about the size of the lot, and the selection process?

**Q4. [3+3+4=10]** The length of time it takes students to complete an exam is given by a random variable,  $Y$  (measured in hours), which has a probability density function given by:

$$f(y) = \begin{cases} ay, & 1 \leq y \leq 5 \\ 0, & \textit{elsewhere} \end{cases}$$

- a. Find the value of  $a$ .
- b. Find the mean number of hours that the students will take to complete this exam.
- c. Thirty six students took the exam. What is the probability the sample mean of the time to complete the exam is more than 3.5 hours?

**Q5. [3+3+4+3=13]** The width (in inches) of a slot of a duralumin forging is normally distributed with mean 0.9 inch and some standard deviation inch. The specification limits were given as  $0.9000 \pm .0050$ .

- a. What percentage of forgings will be defective (out of specification) if the standard deviation width of a slot of a duralumin forging is 0.003 inch?
- b. If 95% widths are less than  $k$  inches with a standard deviation of 0.001 inch, determine  $k$ .
- c. Find the value of *standard deviation* for which 99% of the forgings are within the specifications, when the widths are normally distributed with *mean* 0.9 inch.
- d. A random sample of 9 forgings is randomly selected from normally distributed process with mean 0.9 inch and standard deviation 0.002 inch, what is probability that the sample mean width exceeds 0.9 inch?