Chapter6: Sampling Distributions

Q1.

The average active-ingredient yield per liter of raw material for samples of vials may be approximated by a normal distribution with mean μ = 30 grams and standards deviation σ = .2 gram.

- i) Find the probability that the average yield of a sample of size 9 is (1) less than 29.55 grams, (2) between 29.5 and 30.25 grams, (3) greater than 30.45 grams, and (4) between 30.15 and 30.35 grams.
- ii) Find the 20th and the 90th percentiles. Interpret them.

Q2.

The life in years of a certain type of electrical switches has an exponential distribution with an average life of 2. A sample of size 36 is selected by random, what is the probability that the sample mean will be more than 3?

Q3.

A certain machine makes electrical resistors is normally distributed with a mean of 40 ohms. A random sample of 18 of these resistors indicates a standard deviation of 1.56 ohms. Find the interval of sample mean resistance that will contain 95% of all sample means.

Q4.

Adding graphite spheres to iron can improve its ductile qualities. Diameters of these graphite spheres are measured. With 95% confidence and a standard deviation is 0.16, find the optimum sample size so that true mean diameter can be estimated within an error of 0.02 units?

Q5:

- 2) A quality-control inspector accepts shipments of 500 precision steel rods if the mean diameter of a sample of n = 100 falls between .4995" and .5005". Previous evaluations have established that the standard deviation for individual rod diameters is .003".
 - i) What is the probability that the inspector will accept an out-of-tolerance shipment having μ = .5003"?
 - ii) What is the probability that the inspector will reject a near-perfect shipment having $\mu = .499$ "?