

King Fahd University of Petroleum & Minerals
Department of Math. & Stat.

Math 568 - Final Exam (112) Time: 2 hours 30 mns

Tuesday, May 22, 2012

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Name: _____

ID # _____

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Problem 1	/10
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Problem 2	/10
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Problem 3	/5
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Problem 4	/5
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Problem 5	/15
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Total	/45

Problem # 1. (10 marks) Given the one-dimensional problem

$$\begin{aligned} u_{tt}(x,t) - u_{xx}(x,t) &= 0, & x > 0, & t > 0 \\ u(x,0) = \phi(x), & u_t(x,0) = \psi(x), & x \geq 0 & \\ u_x(0,t) - u_t(0,t) &= 2t, & t \geq 0 & \end{aligned} \quad (I)$$

where ϕ and ψ are $C^2([0, +\infty))$, with $\phi(0) = \psi(0) = 0$.

- a. Find a continuous solution for (I)
- b. If $\phi(x) = x^2$ and $\psi(x) = 0$, write down the solution.

Problem # 2. (10 marks) Solve the Cauchy problem

$$\begin{aligned}u_{tt} - (u_{xx} + u_{yy}) &= 0, & (x, y) \in \mathbb{R}^2, \quad t > 0 \\u(x, y, 0) = u_t(x, y, 0) &= xy, & (x, y) \in \mathbb{R}^2\end{aligned}$$

Problem # 3. (5 marks) Assume that u is a solution of

$$u_{xx} + u_{yy} = 0, \quad (x, y) \in \Omega$$

where Ω and the boundary conditions are shown in the figure.
Show that

$$0 \leq u(x, y) \leq 4, \quad \forall (x, y) \in \Omega$$

Problem # 4. (5 marks) Consider

$$\begin{aligned} -\Delta u + u^3 &= f && \text{in } \Omega \\ u &= \varphi && \text{on } \partial\Omega \end{aligned} \tag{*}$$

where Ω is a bounded domain with a smooth boundary.

a. Show

$$(s^3 - r^3)(s - r) \geq 0, \quad \forall s, r \in \mathbb{R}$$

b. Show that (*) has at most one solution.

Problem # 5. (15 marks) Given the problem

$$\begin{aligned} u_t(x, t) - u_{xx}(x, t) + 2u(x, t) &= 0, & x \in (0, \pi), & t > 0 \\ u(x, 0) &= \sin^2 x - 4 \cos x, & x \geq 0 \\ u_x(0, t) = u_x(\pi, t) &= 0, & t \geq 0 \end{aligned} \quad (II)$$

a. Let $v(x, t) = u(x, t)e^{2t}$. Show that v satisfies

$$\begin{aligned} v_t(x, t) - v_{xx}(x, t) &= 0, & x \in (0, \pi), & t > 0 \\ v(x, 0) &= \sin^2 x - 4 \cos x, & x \geq 0 \\ v_x(0, t) = v_x(\pi, t) &= 0, & t \geq 0 \end{aligned} \quad (III)$$

b. Solve (III) c. Show that there exists a constant C such that

$$|u(x, t)| \leq Ce^{-2t}$$