

# Math 302

## Quiz 4

9/4/2012

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

ID # \_\_\_\_\_

Problem 1. (5 pts) Given a field

$$F = -y^3 \vec{i} + x^3 \vec{j}$$

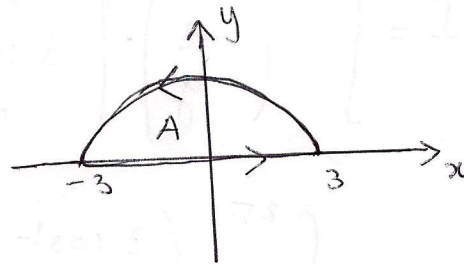
Compute the line integral  $\oint_C F \cdot dr$ , where  $C$  is the positively oriented circle centered at the origin with radius = 3, together with the segment  $[-3, 3]$ .

$$\oint_C F \cdot dr = \iint_A \left( \frac{\partial Q}{\partial x} - \frac{\partial P}{\partial y} \right) dA$$

$$= \iint_A (3x^2 + 3y^2) dA$$

$$= \int_0^\pi \int_0^3 3r^2 r dr d\theta = 3 \int_0^\pi \int_0^3 r^3 dr d\theta$$

$$= 3\pi \frac{r^4}{4} \Big|_0^3 = \frac{243\pi}{4}$$



**Problem 2** (5pts): Let  $S$  be the paraboloid  $z = 9 - x^2 - y^2$ , for  $z \geq 0$  and let  $C$  be its intersection with the  $xy$ -plane. Suppose that  $C$  is oriented so that the normal to  $S$  is pointing up. If  $F(x, y, z) = x \vec{i} - z \vec{j} + y \vec{k}$ , find  $\int \int_S \text{curl} F \cdot n dS$ ,

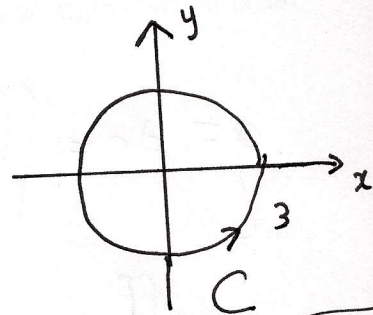
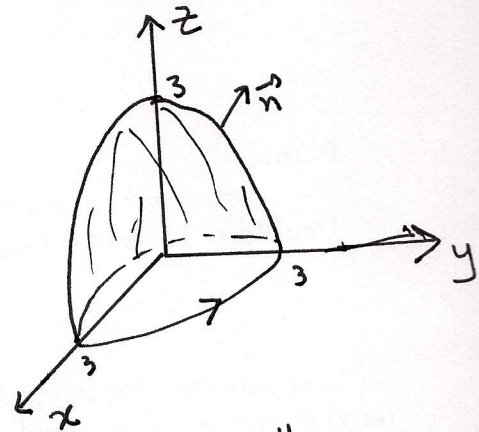
$$I = \iint_S \text{curl} F \cdot \vec{n} dS = \oint_C F \cdot d\vec{r}$$

$$C = \left\{ (3 \cos t, 3 \sin t, 0), 0 \leq t \leq 2\pi \right\}$$

$$I = \int_0^{2\pi} \begin{pmatrix} x \\ -z \\ y \end{pmatrix} \cdot \begin{pmatrix} -3 \sin t \\ 3 \cos t \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} dt$$

$$= \int_0^{2\pi} \begin{pmatrix} 3 \cos t \\ 0 \\ 3 \sin t \end{pmatrix} \cdot \begin{pmatrix} -3 \sin t \\ 3 \cos t \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} dt$$

$$= -9 \int_0^{2\pi} \sin t \cos t dt = -\frac{9}{2} \left[ \frac{\sin^2 t}{2} \right]_0^{2\pi} = 0$$



$$\boxed{z=0}$$