Major #1 Math 202

February 20

Prob. 1: (a) Verify that $y = \frac{C}{e^{-x}+C}$ is a family of solutions of the DE $\frac{dy}{dx} = y(1-y)$ (b) What is the order of

$$2xy\left(\frac{dy}{dx}\right)^{10} = 3x^{20}\left(\frac{d^3y}{dx^3}\right)^5 + x + y^{20} - 6$$

<u>Prob. 2:</u>

(a) Verify that $y = -\frac{1}{x+C}$ is a one-parameter family of solutions of the DE $y' = y^2$

(b) Find a solution from the family in (a) that satisfies y(0) = -1.

(c) Determine the largest interval of definition of the solution

<u>Prob. 3:</u>

Solve the initial value problem

$$e^{-2x}\frac{dy}{dx} = (y - y^2)x, \ y(0) = 1/2.$$

<u>Prob. 4:</u>

Solve the ODE

$$e^x \frac{dy}{dx} - 2xe^x y = 2x + 1$$

<u>Prob. 5:</u> Solve the DE

$$[2x + y\cos(xy)] dx + x\cos(xy) dy = 0$$

<u>Prob. 6:</u>

Find an integrating factor for

$$(xy\cos y - 2x\sin y)\,dy + 2y\sin ydx = 0$$

<u>Prob. 7:</u>

Solve the initial value problem

$$x\frac{dy}{dx} + (x-2)y = \frac{y^2 \sin x}{x}, \ y(\pi) = 1$$

<u>Prob. 8:</u>

The population of a town grows at a rate proportional to the population present at time t. The initial population of 1000 increases by 30% in 30 years. What will be the population in 40 years?