

NAME: _____ ID: _____ Section: _____

Exercise 1 (5 points)

The limit $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \sum_{i=1}^{i=n} \frac{1}{n} \ln\left(\frac{n+i}{n}\right)$ can be expressed as:

a/ $\int_0^1 \ln(x) dx$	
b/ $\int_0^1 \ln(x+1) dx$	
c/ $\frac{1}{2} \int_0^2 \ln(x) dx$	
d/ $\frac{1}{2} \int_0^2 \ln(x+1) dx$	
e/ $\int_0^1 x \ln(x) dx$	

Exercise 2 (5 points)

If $F(x) = \int_{2x}^{x^2} (Lnt) dt$, then $F'(1)$ is:

a/ 0	
b/ $-2\ln 2$	
c/ $2\ln 2$	
d/ $\ln 2$	
e/ $4\ln 2$	

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Exercise 1 (5 points)

The limit $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \sum_{i=1}^{i=n} \frac{1}{n} \ln\left(\frac{4n+i}{n}\right)$ can be expressed as:

a/ $\int_0^1 \ln(x+4)dx$	
b/ $\int_0^1 \ln(x)dx$	
c/ $\frac{1}{4} \int_0^4 \ln(x)dx$	
d/ $\frac{1}{4} \int_0^4 \ln(x+1)dx$	
e/ $\int_0^1 x \ln(x)dx$	

Exercise 2 (5 points)

If $F(x) = \int_{2x}^{e^{2x}} \frac{dt}{t}$, then $F'(1)$ is:

a/ 1	
b/ 2	
c/ 0	
d/ e	
e/ $\frac{1}{e}$	

