

KING FAHD UNIVERSITY OF PETROLEUM AND MINERALS  
Department of Mathematics and Statistics  
Math 301 Major Exam I  
Thursday 13, October 2011  
Duration 2 hrs

ID: ..... Section:.....  
Name:.....

**Exercise #1 (9 points)**

Find the Laplace transform of

$$f(t) = 2t + \cos^2(3t)$$

**Exercise #2 (9 points)**

Find the inverse Laplace transform of

$$F(s) = \frac{s + 7}{s^2 + 2s + 5}$$

**Exercise #3 (9 points)**

Find the inverse Laplace transform of

$$G(s) = \frac{s-1}{s+1} e^{-3s}$$

**Exercise #4 (12 points)**

Solve, using the Laplace transform, the initial value problem,

$$\begin{cases} y''(t) + 2y'(t) + y(t) = te^{-t} \\ y(0) = 0 \\ y'(0) = 0 \end{cases}$$

**Exercise #5 (12 points)**

Solve, using the Laplace transform, the system

$$\begin{cases} x'(t) + x(t) - y(t) = 0 \\ 3x'(t) + y'(t) = e^{-t} \\ x(0) = 0, \quad y(0) = 0 \end{cases}$$

Do NOT solve the system of differential equations by reducing it into one single differential equation. NO MARK WILL BE GIVEN.

**Exercise #6 (10 points)**

Given the vector function,

$$r(t) = \langle e^{2t} \sin(4t), e^{2t} \cos(4t), e^{2t} \rangle$$

Find the length of the curve traced by the vector function when  $0 \leq t \leq \frac{\pi}{8}$ .

**Exercise #7 (10 points)**

(1) Find the directional derivative of  $f(x, y, z) = 2x^3 - 3xy + yz$  at the point  $P(2, 1, -1)$  in the direction of a unit vector whose angles with the  $x$ -,  $y$ -, and  $z$ -axes are, respectively,  $-\frac{\pi}{4}$ ,  $\frac{\pi}{3}$  and  $\frac{\pi}{4}$ .

(2) What is the maximum value of the directional derivative at  $(1, 1, 1)$  ?



**Exercise #8 (5 points)**

Let  $F = xy\mathbf{i} - x^3yz\mathbf{j} + xy^2\mathbf{k}$ . Find  $\text{curl } F$  and  $\text{div } F$

**Exercise #9 (12 points)**

Find the work done by the force  $F = y\mathbf{i} - x\mathbf{j} - z\mathbf{k}$  acting along the closed path  $\mathcal{C} = \mathcal{C}_1 \cup \mathcal{C}_2$ , where  $\mathcal{C}_1$  is the helix

$r(t) = 2\cos(t)\mathbf{i} + 2\sin(t)\mathbf{j} + t\mathbf{k}$ ,  $0 \leq t \leq 2\pi$ ; and  $\mathcal{C}_2$  is the segment that joins the endpoints of  $\mathcal{C}_1$ .

**Exercise #10 (12 points)**

Determine if the vector field  $F = 2xz\mathbf{i} + 2yz\mathbf{j} + (x^2 + y^2)\mathbf{k}$  is conservative. If so, find a potential  $\phi$  for  $F$ . Then, find  $\int_{\mathcal{C}} F \cdot dr$  where the path  $\mathcal{C}$  is given by  $r(t) = \sin(t)\mathbf{i} - t\mathbf{j} + e^t\mathbf{k}$ ,  $0 \leq t \leq 1$ .