

KFUPM – Department of Mathematics and Statistics – Term 101

MATH 280

Exam 2 (Due, November 24, 2010)

NAME: _____ ID: _____ Section: _01_

Exercise 1 (10 points)

Let (S) be the nonhomogeneous system given by $AX = Y$ where A is an $m \times n$ matrix.

Under which condition a linear combination of r solutions X_1, X_2, \dots, X_r is a solution of the system (S) .

Exercise 2 (15 points)

Let $N = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$ and $A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$

1-Find N^2 , N^3 .

2-Use the expression $A = I + N$ to find A^3 .

3-Use the expression of A^3 to find A^{-1} . **No other method is accepted**

Exercise 3 (10 points)

Find a 3×3 nonsingular matrices A and B such that $A + B$ is a **nonzero** singular matrix.

Exercise 4 (10 points)

Let $A = \begin{bmatrix} A_{11} & A_{12} \\ 0 & A_{22} \end{bmatrix}$ be a partitioned matrix.

1-Prove that if A_{11} and A_{22} are nonsingular, then A is nonsingular.

2-Find an expression of A^{-1} .

Exercise 5 (15 points)

Let V be a vector space over a field K and $\Phi : V \rightarrow V$ a homomorphism.

Let $\text{Ker}\Phi = \{x \in V \mid \Phi(x) = 0\}$ and $\text{Im}\Phi = \{\Phi(x) \mid x \in V\}$.

1-Prove that $\text{Ker}\Phi$ and $\text{Im}\Phi$ are subspaces of V .

2-Suppose that $\Phi = \Phi^2$ (equivalent to $\Phi = \Phi \circ \Phi$). Prove that $\text{Ker}\Phi \cap \text{Im}\Phi = \{0\}$

3-Prove that every element x of V can be uniquely expressed as $x = y + z$
where $y \in \text{Ker}\Phi$ and $z \in \text{Im}\Phi$

Exercise 6 (10 points)

Let V be the vector space of all real-valued continuous functions and W be the subspace of V spanned by the functions 1 , $\cos x$, and $\sin x$. Find a basis and the dimension of W .

Exercise 7 (15 points)

Let P_2 be the vector space of all polynomials of $K[t]$ of degree ≤ 2 . Let

$S = \{t, 1+t, t^2\}$ and $T = \{2+t, t, 1+t^2\}$. Find the transition matrix from T to S

Exercise 8 (15 points)

Let $V = M_{n \times n}(R)$ be the vector space of all $n \times n$ matrices, P be a nonsingular $n \times n$ matrix and $\Phi : V \rightarrow V, \Phi(A) = P^{-1}AP$.

Prove that Φ is an isomorphism.