

MATH 202.1 (101)
 Quiz 4 (Chaps. 4.6-4.7) Duration: 20mn

Name:

ID number:

- 1.) (5pts) Find the general solution of the DE $xy'' - 4y' = x^4$.
- 2.) (5pts) Solve the DE $x^3y''' + 4x^2y'' + 5xy' + 3y = 0$.

Solutions

$$1) y = y_c + y_p$$

First, we solve the homogeneous DE

$$xy'' - 4y' = 0$$

$$\Leftrightarrow x^2y'' - 4xy' = 0$$

The auxiliary equation is

$$m^2 - 5m = 0$$

$$m=0, m=5$$

$$y_c = c_1 + c_2 x^5.$$

Now, we search for y_p .

$$\text{Let } \gamma_1 = x \text{ and } \gamma_2 = x^5.$$

$$y_p = c_1 \gamma_1 + c_2 \gamma_2$$

$$W = \begin{vmatrix} \gamma_1 & \gamma_2 \\ \gamma_1' & \gamma_2' \end{vmatrix} = \begin{vmatrix} 1 & x^5 \\ 0 & 5x^4 \end{vmatrix} = 5x^9.$$

$$u_1' = -\frac{x^5(x^3)}{5x^9} = -\frac{x^4}{5} \Rightarrow u_1 = -\frac{x^5}{25}$$

$$u_2' = \frac{1(x^3)}{5x^9} = \frac{1}{5x} \Rightarrow u_2 = \frac{1}{5} \ln x.$$

$$y_p = -\frac{x^5}{25} + \frac{x^5 \ln x}{5}.$$

$$\Rightarrow y = c_1 + c_2 x^5 - \frac{x^5}{25} + \frac{x^5 \ln x}{5}$$

$$2) y = x^m$$

$$x^3 m(m-1)(m-2)x^{m-3} + 4x^2 m(m-1)x^{m-2} +$$

$$5x m x^{m-1} + 3x^m = 0$$

$$x^3 [m^3 - 3m^2 + 2m + 4m^2 - 6m + 5m + 3] = 0$$

$$m^3 + m^2 + 3m + 3 = 0$$

$$(m+1)(m^2+3) = 0$$

$$m = -1, m = \pm i\sqrt{3}$$

$$\boxed{y = c_1 x^{-1} + c_2 \cos(\sqrt{3} \ln x) + c_3 \sin(\sqrt{3} \ln x)}$$