

Name:

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Section #:

- 1) [3pts] Find the volume of the parallelepiped determined by the vectors $\vec{a} = \langle 6, 3, -1 \rangle$, $\vec{b} = \langle 0, 1, 2 \rangle$ and $\vec{c} = \langle 4, -2, 5 \rangle$.
- 2) [3pts] Determine whether the following vectors are orthogonal, parallel or neither:
- (a) $\vec{a} = \langle -5, 3, 7 \rangle$, $\vec{b} = \langle 6, -8, 2 \rangle$
 - (b) $\vec{a} = -\vec{i} + 2\vec{j} + 5\vec{k}$, $\vec{b} = 3\vec{i} + 4\vec{j} - \vec{k}$
 - (c) $\vec{a} = 2\vec{i} + 6\vec{j} - 4\vec{k}$, $\vec{b} = -3\vec{i} - 9\vec{j} + 6\vec{k}$
- 3) [3pts] Find a vector that has the same direction as $\langle -2, 4, 2 \rangle$ but has length 6.
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- 1) [4pts] Find the volume of the parallelepiped determined by the vectors \overrightarrow{PQ} , \overrightarrow{PR} and \overrightarrow{PS} , where $P(3, 0, 1)$, $Q(-1, 2, 5)$, $R(5, 1, -1)$ and $S(0, 4, 2)$.
 - 2) [3pts] Find the scalar and vector projection of $\vec{b} = \langle 1, 2, 3 \rangle$ onto $\vec{a} = \langle 3, 6, -2 \rangle$.
 - 3) [3pts] Find equations of the spheres with center $(2, -3, 6)$ that touch
 - (a) the xy -plane,
 - (b) the yz -plane.
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