# KING FAHD UNIVERSITY OF PETROLEUM AND MINERALS 

 DEPARTMENT OF MATHEMATICS AND STATISTICSMATH 201-11
Exam \# 2
Nov 28, 2007
NAME: $\quad$ ID\#:

## SHOW ALL YOUR WORK

1. (a) (4 points) Is the function

$$
f(x, y)=\left\{\begin{array}{cc}
\frac{x y}{x^{2}+x y+y^{2}} & (x, y) \neq(0,0) \\
\frac{1}{3} & (x, y)=(0,0)
\end{array}\right.
$$

continuous at $(0,0)$ ? Why?
(b) (4 points) Calculate $\lim _{(x, y) \rightarrow(0,0)} \frac{x^{3}+y^{3}}{x^{2}+y^{2}}$.
2. (a) (4 points) Find and sketch the domain of the function $f(x, y)=\sqrt{x^{2}+y^{2}-1}+$ $\ln \left(4-x^{2}-y^{2}\right)$.
(b) (3 points) Find $h(x, y)=g(f(x, y))$ where $g(t)=t^{2}+\sqrt{t}$ and $f(x, y)=$ $2 x-3 y-6$.
3. (a) (3 points) Describe and sketch the graph of the surface $r=2 \cos \theta$.
(b) (4 points) Write the equation $z=x^{2}-y^{2}$ (a) in cylindrical coordinates and (b) in spherical coordinates.
4. (a) (4 points) Find the equation of the plane that passes through the line of intersection of the two planes $x-z=1$ and $y+2 z=3$ and is perpincicular to the plane $x+y-2 z=1$.
(b) (4 points) Determine whether the function $u=\ln \sqrt{x^{2}+y^{2}}$ is a solution of the equation $u_{x x}+u_{y y}=0$.

