

بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ

Ministry of Higher Education  
King Fahd University of Petroleum & Minerals  
Electrical Engineering Department



وزارة التعليم العالي  
جامعة الملك فهد للبترول والمعادن  
قسم الهندسة الكهربائية

## EE 203: Electronics I

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Examination: First Major Exam

Date : March 2, 2013

Time: 6:15-7:45 PM

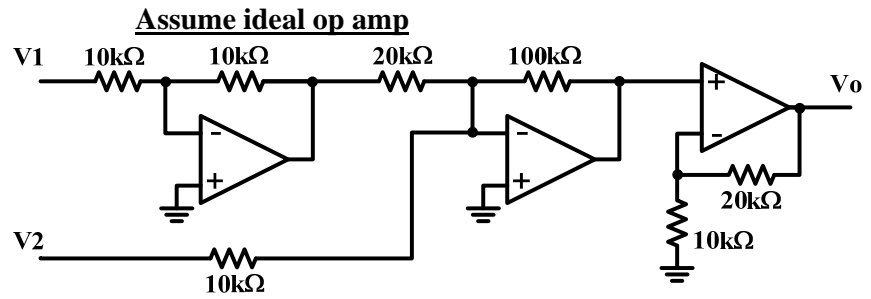
Student Name:	
Student Number:	
Section Number:	

Problem 1	20	
Problem 2	15	
Problem 3	15	
Problem 4	10	
Total	60	

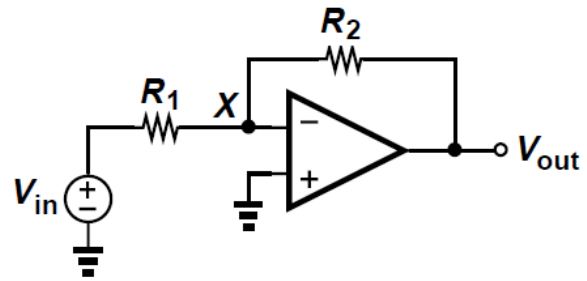
Answer All Questions

**Problem (1) [20 points]**

A. For the op amp circuit shown below, write an expression for  $V_o$  in terms of the two inputs  $V_1$  and  $V_2$ .



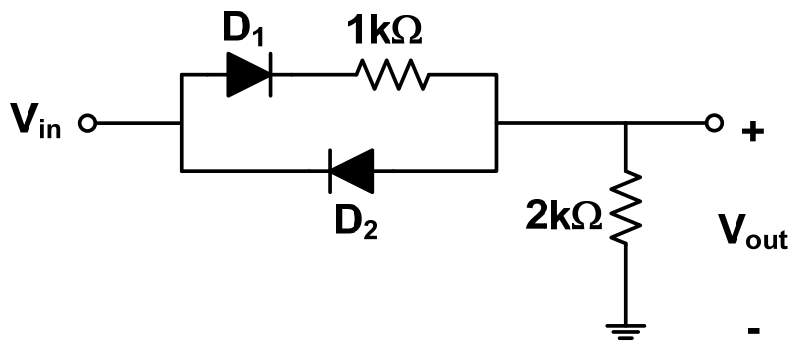
B. The op amp circuit, shown below, uses an op amp with finite gain A. Find  $\frac{V_{out}}{V_{in}}$ .



**Problem (2) [15 points]**

Consider the circuit in the figure below where both diodes have a constant voltage drop model with  $V_D = 0.7\text{ V}$ .

1. Find the output voltage for  $V_{in} = +3\text{ V}$ . (**verify your assumptions about the diodes operating mode**)
2. Find the output voltage for  $V_{in} = -3\text{ V}$ . (**verify your assumptions about the diodes operating mode**)
3. Find the expressions of the output voltage ( $V_{out}$ ) when the input voltage  $V_{in}$  varies from  $+3\text{ V}$  to  $-3\text{ V}$ . Draw the voltage transfer characteristics of the circuit. (**clearly show all key values**)
4. If  $V_{in}$  is a sinusoidal voltage with a maximum value of  $+3\text{ V}$ , draw the voltage  $V_{out}$  versus time over two periods of  $V_{in}$ . (**Clearly show all key values**)

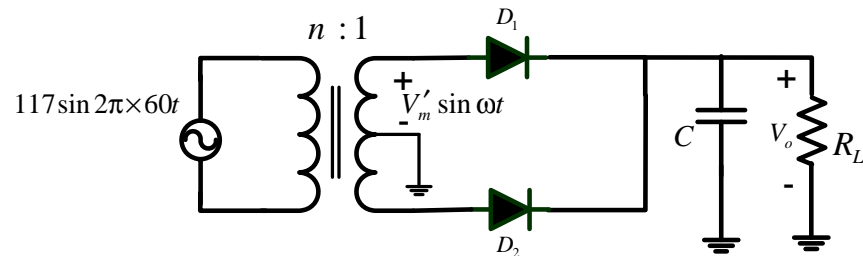




**Problem (3) [15 points]**

The power supply shown below is required to deliver a 12 V DC to a load of  $R_L = 1\text{ k}\Omega$  with a ripple voltage of  $\pm 0.3\text{ V}$ .  $C$  is a smoothing capacitor used in parallel with the load resistance. In addition each diode used can be a constant voltage drop model with  $V_D = 0.7\text{ V}$ . The center tap-transformer has turns ratio  $n:1$  find:

- a- The peak voltage across each secondary side of the transformer ( $V'_m$ ).
- b- The value of  $n$
- c- The value of  $C$
- d- Different than increasing  $C$ , how can the ripple be reduced? Draw the complete circuit.



**Problem (4) [10 points]**

The Zener in the circuit shown below has a fixed voltage drop of 18 volt across it as long as  $i_z$  is maintained between 20 mA and 200 mA.

- a- Find  $R$  so that  $V_L$  remains at 18 volt while  $V_s$  is free to vary from 24V to 28V.
- b- Using  $R$  of part a, find the maximum Zener current.

