



King Fahd University of Petroleum & Minerals
Electrical Engineering Department
Fall 2011 (102)

EE 203 – Exam I
Saturday, March 19, 2011
6:30-8:00 PM

Name	
ID	

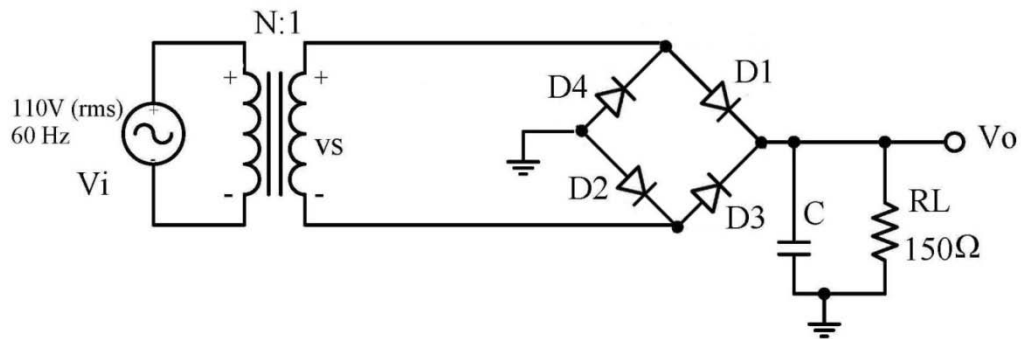
	Dr. Oualid	Dr. Al-Gahtani	Dr. Al-Zaher	Dr. Wessam
Section	1 , 2	3 , 6	4 , 5	7 , 8

Problem	Grade
1 (35 points)	
2 (30 points)	
3 (35 points)	
Total (100 points)	

Question 1:

It is required to use a bridge peak-rectifier (as shown below) to design a dc power supply that provides an average dc output voltage of 10V with maximum ripple voltage of 1.2V (peak to peak). The diodes available have 0.7V drop when conducting.

- Find the peak value of the transformer secondary output (v_s) **(10 points)**
- Determine the transformer turns ratio to provide the necessary secondary voltage **(8 points)**
- Find the required value of the filter capacitor. **(10 points)**
- Find the diode peak inverse voltage (PIV). **(7 points)**

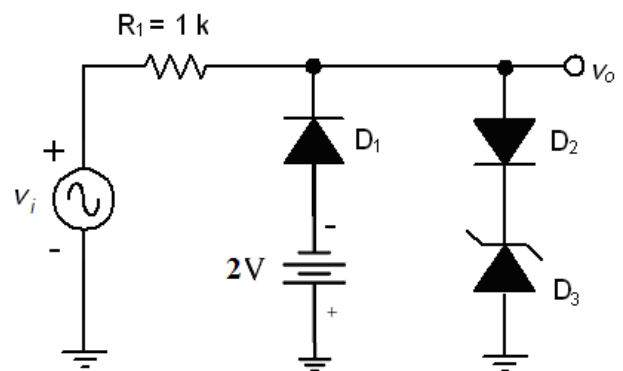


Question 2:

For the shown diode circuit, use the constant voltage drop model with $V_D = 0.7V$ and assume that the zener diode has $V_Z = 3.6V$ and $r_Z = 0 \Omega$.

- Draw the voltage transfer characteristics (V_o versus V_i) to cover the input range $\pm 10V$. (10 points)
- If the input is a sinusoidal waveform with peak value of 10 V. Draw V_o vs. time for one period. (10 points)
- Redraw the voltage transfer characteristics (V_o versus V_i) if $R_L = 1k\Omega$ is connected to the circuit output. (10 points)

(Label all the critical voltage levels)



Question 3:

For the circuit shown below, the two transistors are identical with parameters

$k'_n \frac{W}{L} = 2 \text{ mA/V}^2$ and $\lambda = 0$. If the voltage V_1 was measured to be 2.44 volts determine

- a) The labeled voltage V_2 (15 points)
- b) The threshold voltage V_t (10 points)
- c) The mode of operation of each transistor (Verify your answer). (10 points)

