## King Fahd University of Petroleum & Minerals

Electrical Engineering Department

EE418: Satellite Communications (101)

## Quiz 5: Error Control Coding in Satellite Systems Dr. Ali Muqaibel

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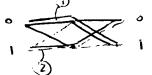
- 1 points for not writing your serial number

Serial #

Name: KEY

a. The uplink and the downlink of a satellite link can be represented as binary symmetric channels. If the crossover (error) probability for the uplink is  $p_1=10^{-3}$  and the crossover probability for the down link is  $p_1=10^{-2}$ ,

What is the overall crossover probability?



1

$$= p_1(1-p_1) + p_2(1-p_1)$$

$$= 10^{-3}(1-10^{-2}) + 10^{-2}(1-10) = 0.011$$

bits 11011 what is the probability of receiving 11010

If the earth station is transmitting a block of bits 11011 what is the probability of receiving 11010 by the satellite? which earth  $\rightarrow$  set.  $l_1 = 15^3$ 



b. In a satellite link with transmission rate 10 kbit/sec, a block code is used with dnin-4. How many errors can this code detect?

3 dmin - 1

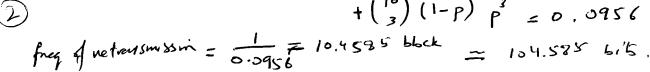


How many errors can this code correct?

$$\left\lfloor \frac{d_{min}-1}{2}\right\rfloor = \left\lfloor \frac{3}{2}\right\rfloor = 1$$

If a block size of 10 is used and probability of bit error (crossover) is  $p=10^{-2}$ , with the above code for error detection.

Find the frequency of retransmission. Let  $= \binom{10}{1} \binom{1-p}{p} \binom{p}{p} + \binom{10}{2} \binom{1-p}{p} \binom{p}{p} + \binom{10}{2} \binom{1-p}{3} \binom{p}{3} = 0.0956$ 



If stop-and-wait ARQ system is used what is the throughput (assume round trip delay of 0.48 seconds). Comment on the efficiency of stop and wait system in satellite applications.