

Name: **KEY**

Sec. 1

Consider the frequency converter system shown in Figure a. The input signal  $s_1(t)$  is a DSB-SC signal with carrier frequency of 10 MHz, as shown in Figure b. Specify all possible values for the frequency  $f_0$  and filter characteristics (center frequency and possible bandwidth) required so that the output is an SSB with the spectrum shown in Figure c.

There are two possible values for  $f_0$

$$f_{01} = 99 - (-10) = 109 \text{ MHz}$$

$$f_{02} = 99 - (10) = 89 \text{ MHz}$$

For the two cases an ideal filter of

$$\text{Bandwidth} = 1 \text{ MHz}$$

&

$$f_c \text{ "center frequency"} = 99.5 \text{ MHz}$$

will do the job.

To check all possible values let us sketch the spectrum

$$\underline{\text{Case I: } f_0 = 109 \text{ MHz}}$$

$$\text{BW min} = 1 \text{ MHz}$$

$$f_c \text{ min} = 99.5 \text{ MHz}$$

$$\text{BW max} = 19 \text{ MHz}$$

$$f_c \text{ max} = \frac{118 - 99}{2} = 108.5 \text{ MHz}$$

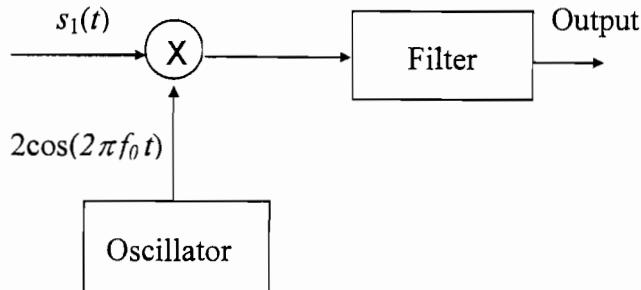


Figure a

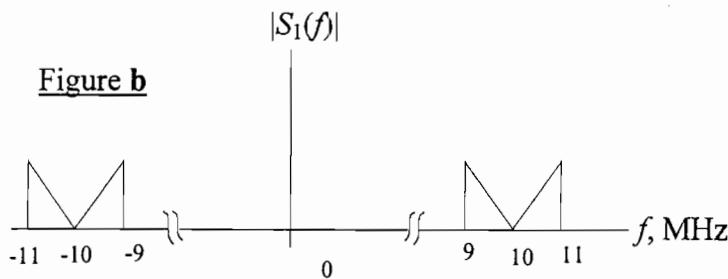
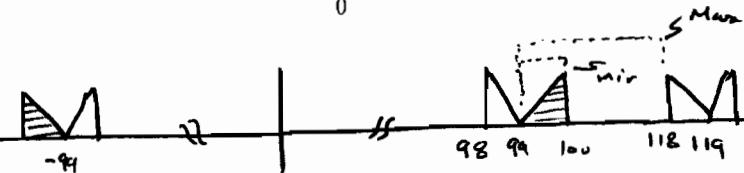
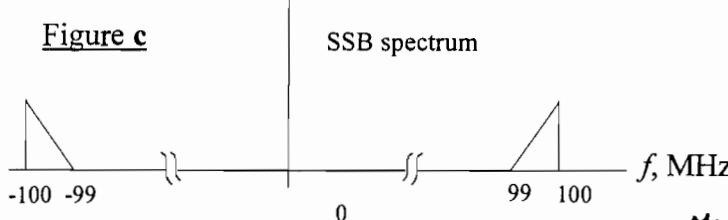


Figure c



Note: that  $f_c$  should be changed in accordance with BW

$$\underline{\text{Case II: } f_0 = 89 \text{ MHz}}$$

$$\text{BW min} = 1 \text{ MHz}$$

$$f_c \text{ min} = 99.5 \text{ MHz}$$

BW max =  $\infty$  equivalent to a high pass filter with cut off freq = 99 MHz

$$f_c \text{ max} = \infty$$

