

King Fahd University of Petroleum & Minerals
Electrical Engineering Department
EE 207 – Signals and Systems

Final Examination

June 8, 2005

Time Allowed 2 ½ Hours

Student Name (**CAPITAL**) : _____

Student ID Number : _____

Student Serial Number : _____

- 1. NO CALCULATORS ARE ALLOWED**
- 2. SHOW ALL WORK**
- 3. Answer 5 Problems from the 6 problems only**

Problem	Max Score	Score
Problem 1	20	
Problem 2	20	
Problem 3	20	
Problem 4	20	
Problem 5	20	
Problem 6	20	
Total	100	

Problem 1 (20pts):

Figure 1 shows a non-linear system that consists of a squarer, and a linear time-invariant system whose transfer function $H(f)$ is shown in fig. 2. If the input signal $x(t) = 1 + 2\sin(30\pi t)$ is applied to the system, find

1. the complex Fourier coefficients of $x(t)$.
2. the complex Fourier coefficient of $v(t)$ ($v(t) = x^2(t)$)
3. the output $y(t)$.
4. The average powers in
 - a. $x(t)$
 - b. $v(t)$
 - c. $y(t)$

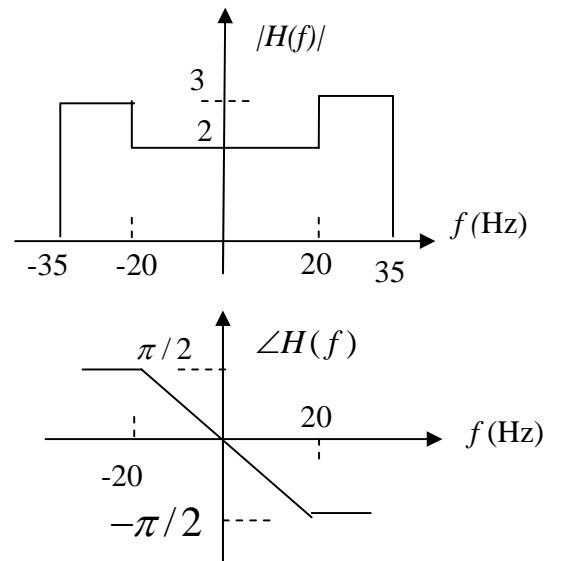
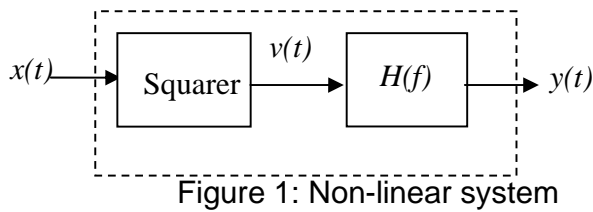


Figure 2: Amplitude & phase spectrum of the linear system.

Problem 2 (20pts):

A certain system has its impulse response $h(t) = \frac{1}{2W} \text{sinc}(2W(t - t_0)) \cos(2\pi f_0 t)$.

Use Fourier transform properties to :

1. Find the transfer function $H(f)$ of the system.
2. Draw the amplitude spectrum $|H(f)|$
3. Draw the phase spectrum $\angle H(f)$

Problem 3 (20 pts)

The signal

$$x(t) = 3 + 4\cos(10\pi t) + 5\cos(14\pi t) + 2\cos(20\pi t)$$

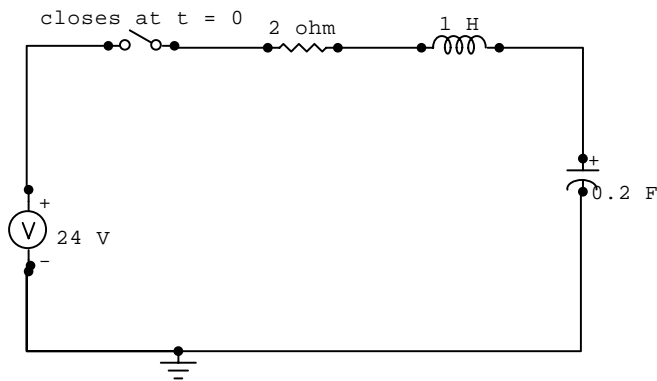
is sampled at a rate of 30 samples per second. Sketch the spectrum of the sampled signal showing all components for $|f| < 80$. Fully explain how $x(t)$ can be reconstructed from the samples.

Problem 4 (20 pts)

For the circuit below, the switch is in open position before $t = 0$, then closed instantaneously at $t = 0$.

The initial capacitor voltage is 50 V, and the initial inductor current is 2 A.

Determine the current across the capacitor, $i(t)$, using s-domain analysis.

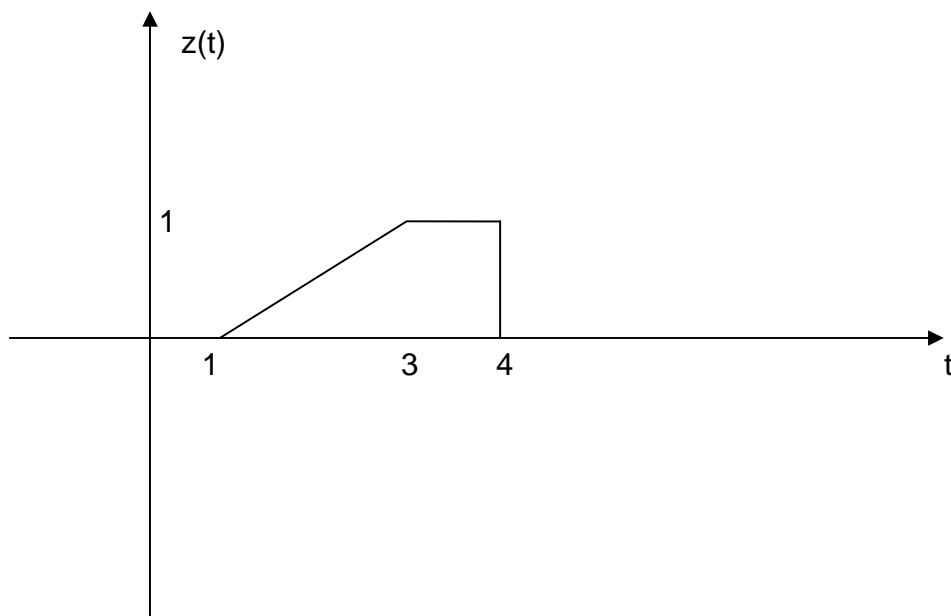


Problem 5 (20 pts)

1. Determine the inverse Laplace transform of each of the following functions:

$$X(s) = \frac{16s + 43}{(s - 2)(s + 3)^2}$$

2. Determine the Laplace transform of the following function
(hint: use the Laplace Transform properties)



Problem 6 (20 pts)

A linear fixed (time-invariant) system has the following **step** response

$$a(t) = e^{-2t} u(t+1)$$

- a. Sketch the step response as function of time.
- b. Is this system causal or non-causal? Justify your answer.
- c. Find the impulse response, $h(t)$?
- d. What is the output if the input is $x(t) = \delta(t-2) + 5u(t+5)$
- e. If the input is now given by $x(t) = \Pi\left(\frac{t-1}{4}\right)$, what would be the output of the system.

Hint: recall that $\Pi(t)$ is the unit pulse function.