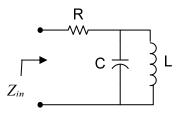
Problem 1:

For the circuit shown in the figure

R=10, *L*=2 H, and *C*=
$$\frac{1}{50}$$
 H

- 1) Find the input impedance $Z_{in}(jw)$ (3 points)
- 2) Find the input admittance $Y_{in}(jw)$ (4 points)
- 3) Find the resonance frequency. (3 points)
- 4) Find the quality factor of the circuit. (2 bonus) (*Hint* : assume that you have a voltage test source and then use source transformation)



Simplify $Z_{in}(jw) \& Y_{in}(jw)$ as real +*j* imaginary

Problem 2:

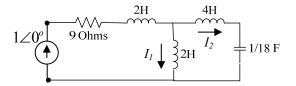
A 10 Ω resistor and a 2 H inductor are connected in parallel and ω = 50 rad/s.

- (a) What is the Q of this parallel connection?
- (b) What series *RL* connection has the same impedance as the parallel connection at the given frequency?
- (c) What is the Q of this series connection?

(d) A circuit has the following transfer function, $H(j\omega) = \frac{V_{out}}{V_{input}} = \frac{1}{2+j\omega}$, find the cutoff frequency for this circuit.

Problem 3:

For the circuit shown in the figure, the resonance frequency is $6/\sqrt{10}$ rad/s, to find the quality factor we have applied a test current source of value $1\angle 0^{\circ}$ A, and we have found that the current through the 4H inductor is $I_2=2\angle 0^{\circ}$ A, the voltage across the capacitor can be found to be $6\sqrt{10}\angle -90^{\circ}$ V. Find the quality factor *Hint: continue to find the current in the other inductors.*



$$\cos^2\theta = \frac{1}{2}(1+\cos 2\theta)$$