## King Fahd University of Petroleum and Minerals

ID #

## **University Diploma Programs Electronic Equipment Maintenance EET-029: Introduction to Communications** Quiz #4

1.	Indicate the false statement regarding the Armstrong n	nodulation system:

- (a) The system is basically phase, not frequency, modulation (b) AFC is not needed, as a crystal oscillator is used
- (c) Frequency multiplication must be used
- (d) Equalization is unnecessary
- 2. An FM signal with a modulation index m<sub>f</sub> passed through a frequency tripler. The wave in the output of the tripler will have a modulation index of:
  - (a)  $m_f / 3$
  - (b)  $m_f$

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- (c)  $3 m_f$
- (d)  $9 m_f$
- 3. Since noise phase-modulates the FM wave, as the noise sideband frequency approaches the carrier frequency, the noise amplitude:
  - (a) Remains constant
  - (b) Is decreased
  - (c) Is increased
  - (d) In equalized
- 4. One of the following is an indirect way of generating FM. This is the:
  - (a) Reactance FET modulator
  - (b) Varactor diode modulator
  - (c) Armstrong modulator
  - (d) Reactance bipolar transistor modulator
- 5. In an FM stereo multiplex transmission, the:
  - (a) Sum signal modulates the 19 kHz subcarrier
  - (b) Difference signal modulates the 19 kHz subcarrier
  - (c) Difference signal modulates the 38 kHz subcarrier
  - (d) Difference signal modulates the 67 kHz subcarrier

- 6. Indicate which of the following statements about the advantage of the phase discriminator over the slope detector is false:
  - (a) Much easier alignment
  - (b) Better linearity
  - (c) Greater limiting
  - (d) Fewer tuned circuits
- 7. Show which of the following statements about the amplitude limiter is untrue:
  - (a) The circuit is always biased in class C, by virtue of the leak-type bias
  - (b) When the input increases past the threshold of limiting, the gain decreases to keep the output constant
  - (c) The output must be tuned
  - (d) Leak-type bias must be used.
- 8. A pre-emphasis circuit provides extra noise immunity by:
  - (a) Boosting the bass frequencies
  - (b) Amplifying the higher audio frequencies
  - (c) Preamplifying the whole audio band
  - (d) Converting the phase modulation to FM.