Conditional Processing

COE 205

Computer Organization and Assembly Language

Computer Engineering Department

King Fahd University of Petroleum and Minerals





























		Si	gned	Con	nparis	son	
*	For sign	ed comp	oarison,	we ex	amine S	SF, OI	F, and ZF
	Signed Comparison				Flag	s	
	signed destination < signed source			SF ≠ OF			
	signed destination > signed source			SF = OF, 2	ZF = 0		
	c	lestination	= source		ZF = 1		
* *	Recall fo	or subtra ands have _, BL (co	oction, the different of the difference of the diffe	ie ove signs a ne fou	rflow fla ind result r cases	g is so sign ≠ show	et when … destination sign n below)
	Case 1	AL = 80	BL = 50	OF = () SF = 0	AL > E	3L
	Case 2	AL = -80	BL = -50	OF = () SF = 1	AL < E	3L
	Case 3	AL = 80	BL = -50	OF = 1	1 SF = 1	AL > E	3L
	Case 4	AL = -80	BL = 50	OF = 1	1 SF = 0	AL < E	3L
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	Mnemonic	Descript	ion
	JE	Jump if eq	qual (leftOp = rightOp)
	JNE	Jump if no	ot equal (<i>leftOp ≠ rightOp</i>)
	JCXZ	Jump if C	X = 0
	IECY7	L	GW 0
	JECAL	Jump IT E	CX = 0
∻ JE is	equivalent to	JUMP IT E	◆JNE is equivalent to JNZ
◆ JE is◆ JEC	equivalent to	JZ	★JNE is equivalent to JNZ jecxz L2 ; exit loop
◆ JE is◆ JECChec	equivalent to XZ ked once at the b	JUMP IT E	<pre>\$\Leftyle JNE is equivalent to JNZ \$\JNE is equivalent to JNZ \$ jecxz L2 ; exit loog L1: ; loop body \$\Leftyle L1:] = \Leftyle L1: ; loop body \$\Leftyle L1:] = \Leftyle L1: ; loop body \$\Leftyle L1:] = \Leftyle L1:</pre>



	Mnemonic	Description			
	JA	Jump if above (if <i>leftOp</i> > <i>rightOp</i>)			
	JNBE	Jump if not below or equal (same as JA)			
	JAE	Jump if above or equal (if <i>leftOp</i> >= <i>rightOp</i>)			
	JNB	Jump if not below (same as JAE)			
	JB	Jump if below (if leftOp < rightOp)			
	JNAE				
	JBE				
	JNA	Jump if not above (same as JBE)			
ask Solu	tion:	eax, ebx JB condition			

Mnemonio	0	Description		
JG		Jump if greater (if leftOp > rightOp) Jump if not less than or equal (same as JG) Jump if greater than or equal (if leftOp >= rightOp) Jump if not less (same as JGE) Jump if less (if leftOp < rightOp)		
JNLE				
JGE				
JNL				
JL				
JNGE				
JLE				
JNG				
sk: Jump	to a labe	el if <mark>signed</mark> E x,ebx	AX is less	than EBX











LC	OPZ and LOC	PPE
✤ Syntax:		
LOOPE desti	nation	
LOOPZ desti	nation	
✤ Logic:		
♦ ECX = ECX –	· 1	
\diamond if ECX > 0 an	d ZF=1, jump to <i>destina</i>	tion
Useful when sca does not match	anning an array for the a given value.	e first element that
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LOOPZ Example

The following code finds the first negative value in an array

```
.data
 array SWORD 17,10,30,40,4,-5,8
 .code
    mov esi, OFFSET array - 2 ; start before first
    mov ecx, LENGTHOF array
                                 ; loop counter
 L1:
    add esi, 2
                                 ; point to next element
    test WORD PTR [esi], 8000h ; test sign bit
    loopz L1
                                 ; ZF = 1 if value >= 0
    jnz found
                                 ; found negative value
 notfound:
                   ; ESI points to last array element
   . . .
 found:
    . . .
                    ; ESI points to first negative value
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```

```
Your Turn . . .
Locate the first zero value in an array
If none is found, let ESI point to last array element
  .data
 array SWORD -3,7,20,-50,10,0,40,4
  .code
     mov esi, OFFSET array - 2 ; start before first
     mov ecx, LENGTHOF array ; loop counter
 L1:
     add esi, 2
                                 ; point to next element
     cmp WORD PTR [esi], 0
                                 ; check for zero
     loopne L1
                                 ; continue if not zero
     jz found
                                  ; found zero
 notfound:
                      ; ESI points to last array value
     . . .
 found:
                       ; ESI points to first zero value
     . . .
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```



















· ·	WHILE Loops
A WHILE loop can	be viewed as
IF statement followe	ed by
The body of the loop	o, followed by
Unconditional jump	to the top of the loop
<pre>while(eax < e</pre>	<pre>bx) { eax = eax + 1; }</pre>
This is a possible im	iplementation:
This is a possible in top: cmp eax, e	plementation:
This is a possible im top: cmp eax,e jae next	<pre>plementation: bx ; eax < ebx ? ; false? then exit loop</pre>
This is a possible im top: cmp eax, e jae next inc eax	<pre>iplementation: bx ; eax < ebx ? ; false? then exit loop ; body of loop</pre>
This is a possible in top: cmp eax, e jae next inc eax jmp top	<pre>iplementation: bx ; eax < ebx ? ; false? then exit loop ; body of loop ; repeat the loop</pre>
This is a possible im top: cmp eax,e jae next inc eax jmp top next:	<pre>iplementation: bx ; eax < ebx ? ; false? then exit loop ; body of loop ; repeat the loop</pre>























; compare [ESI] and [ESI+4] ; [ESI]<=[ESI+4]? don't swap ; swap [ESI] and [ESI+4]
; compare [ESI] and [ESI+4] ; [ESI]<=[ESI+4]? don't swap ; swap [ESI] and [ESI+4]
; compare [ESI] and [ESI+4] ; [ESI]<=[ESI+4]? don't swap ; swap [ESI] and [ESI+4]
; [ESI]<=[ESI+4]? don't swap ; swap [ESI] and [ESI+4]
; swap [ESI] and [ESI+4]
; EDX = sorted = 0 (false)
; point to next element
; end of inner loop
; restore ESI = array address
; restore ECX = comparisons
; sorted == 1?
; No? loop back
; return

