Name: Id#

## COE 202, Term 151 Digital Logic Design

## Quiz# 1

Date: Sunday, Sep. 6, 2015

- **Q1.** Determine the **decimal** value of the following numbers:
  - i. (11011100.011)<sub>2</sub>

ii. (2A.C)<sub>16</sub>

- **Q2.** Represent the following numbers in **binary**. Use as many bits as needed, and use only **4 binary** digits to represent the fraction:
  - i. (499.7)<sub>10</sub>

ii. (E3.5)<sub>16</sub>

<b>Q3.</b> Pe	erform t	the following arithmetic operations in the given bases:
	i.	$(01110111)_2 + (01011011)_2$
	ii.	(A2) <sub>16</sub> - (8E) <sub>16</sub>
	iii.	(5E)16 * (32)16
Q4. F		e Spaces: (Show all work needed to obtain your answer) that the base R number $(222)_R$ is equal to $(62)_{10}$ . Then the base R =
b.		rgest unsigned decimal value that can be expressed using 6 binary integer digits and 2 fractional digits is
c.	The nu	mber <b>53</b> is represented in <b>BCD</b> as
d.	a parit	that an 8-bit register stores the ASCII code of a character in the least significant 7 bits and y bit in the most significant bit. Assuming that the register contains the hexadecimal value resenting a character, the character stored in the register is and the parity used is (i.e. even or odd parity). Note that the ASCII code of character 'A' is 41h and the

ASCII code of character 'a' is 61h.