## ICS 103, Term 132

## Computer Programming in C Quiz# 1

Date: Tuesday, Feb. 11, 2014

- **Q1.** Fill the blank in each of the following:
  - (1) Hard disk is an example of secondary memory.
  - (2) The set of instructions that can be executed by the CPU represented in binary format is called <u>machine</u> language while when represented using symbolic codes it is called <u>assembly</u> language.
  - (3) The main advantages of programming in High level languages like C are <u>that high</u> level languages are portable and it is easier to write and maintain.
  - (4) A <u>compiler</u> turns the Source File into an Object File while <u>a linker</u> turns the Object File into an Executable.
  - (5) Software development process is composed of the following steps:
    - 1. Specify problem requirements
    - 2. <u>Analyze the problem</u>
    - 3. Design the algorithm to solve the problem
    - 4. Implement the algorithm
    - 5. Test and verify the completed program
    - 6. Maintain and update the program
  - (6) To read an integer and a real number and store them in variables x and y respectively, the following statement is used:

<u>scanf("%d%lf", &x, &y);</u>

(7) Anything between the symbols <u>/\* and \*/</u> will be considered a comment, even if they span multiple lines.

**Q2.** Find the values of the following expressions.

Expression	Value						
(double) (7/2)	3.0						
40/3/2.0	6.5						
(int)6.6/(double)3	2.0						
5+7/2*2.0	11.0						
int x= 5.924;	<b>x</b> = 5						
double y= 10/4;	y = 2.0						

Q3. In the grid below, assume that each square represents a space and each row represents a line on the screen. Show how the output of the following program will be displayed.

```
#include <stdio.h>
int main(void) {
    double i=99.869;
    int j=-124;
    printf("%6.0f%8d\n",i,j);
    printf("%5.1f%9.5f\n",i,i);
    return 0;
}
```

		1	0	0					-	1	2	4			
9	9	•	9		9	9	•	8	6	9	0	0			