COE 205, Term 052

Computer Organization & Assembly Programming Quiz# 7

Q1. Consider the one-bus CPU organization shown below. Assume that the CPU has only three general registers, namely R0, R1, and R2. Furthermore, assume that the ALU can perform any of the following four functions based on the control signals f1, f2, f3, and f4, as shown below:

- (i) Write the minimum number of control steps required to **fetch** an instruction using this CPU. Assume that the memory is asynchronous and that each instruction occupies one memory location.
- (ii) Write the minimum number of control steps required to **execute** each of the following instructions:
 - (a) JE label ; if the zero flag is 1, then jump to label. Assume that Label is a short address.
 - (b) SUB J, 5 ; subtract the constant 5 from the content of memory variable J.
 - (c) XCHG R1, R2 ; exchange the content of register R1 and register R2;
 - (d) LOOP label ; decrement the content of R0 and then branch conditionally to *label* if the zero flag equals to 0. The branch address is specified using relative addressing mode.
- (iii) Assuming that the instruction set of the CPU consists of only the four instructions mentioned above, determine the logic needed in the encoder of a hardwired control unit for the signal PC_{in} .



TI PCout, MARin, Read, Yin (i) T2 F3, Zin T3 Zout, PCIN, WMFC TH MOROUT, IRin JE label α. PCout, Vin, if (ZF=0) END (ii)-Τ5 IRout, fl, Zin 76 Zout, PCin, END T7 6- SUB 315 IRout, MARIN, Read, WMFC Τ5 To MOROUT, Yin Ty IRout, f2, Zin Zout, MORin, Write, WMFC Т3 END Τ9 C. XCHG RI, R2 Rlout, Tempin T5 Real Rlin Tempout, RZin, END -76 T7 d. Loop label Ro,out, Yin Τ5 Zont, Roin, if (ZF=1) end fy, Zin 76 T7 PCout, Yin T8 IRout, fl, Zin T) Zout, Rin, end Tio P(in = T3 + JE. T7 + Loop. Tio (iii)

Q2. It is required to design a data path to execute the following two types of instructions: MOV Rdst, Rsrc and ADD Rdst, Rsrc, where Rsrc and Rdst can be either R0, R1, R2, or R3. Show the data-path design and indicate all the signals needed to control it. Note that you only need to show the interconnection of the registers with the adder i.e., there is no need to show the PC, IR, MAR and MDR registers.



Note that the signals Roport, Rl, out, R2, out, and R3, out are derived from the signals Rsrc, out, Rdst, out and the content of IR. Similarly, the signals K0, in, R1, in, R2, in, and K3, in are derived from the signal Rdst, in and the content of IR.