# Name: Id\# 

## COE 205, Term 062

# Computer Organization \& Assembly Programming 

## Quiz\# 1

Date: Saturday, March 3, 2007

Q1.What is the Instruction Set Architecture (ISA) of a computer?

Q2.What is Assembly Language and how it is different from Machine Language?

Q3.Give two advantages for programming in Assembly Language and two advantages for programming in High-Level Language.

Q4. Fill the blanks in the following questions:
(i) Assuming 8-bit 2`s complement representation, the smallest (negative) number is \(\qquad\) in binary and \(\qquad\) in decimal and the largest (positive) number is \(\qquad\) in binary and \(\qquad\) in decimal. (ii) Consider an 8-bit register that has the binary number 10010110. The decimal value of this number as a signed number in sign-magnitude representation is While in 1's complement representation it is \(\qquad\) (iii) Assuming 8-bit 2`s complement representation, the number F0 represents the decimal number $\qquad$ .
(iv) The binary number 01100100 represents character $\qquad$ and uses an
$\qquad$ parity bit. Note that the ASCII code of character A is 41 H and that of character $\mathbf{a}$ is 61 H .

Q5. Perform the following arithmetic operations assuming that numbers are represented using 8bit 2's complement representation. Indicate in your answer when an overflow occurs.
i. $8 \mathrm{~F}+\mathrm{FC}$
ii. $6 \mathrm{E}-\mathrm{E} 0$

