## COE 205, Term 991

## Computer Organization \& Assembly Programming

## HW\# 3

Due date: Wednesday, Oct. 13
Q.1. Consider a program that has the following data segment:

| $I$ | $E Q U$ | $12 h$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $J$ | $D B$ | $` 12$ |
| $K$ | $D W$ | $1234 h$ |

Indicate whether the following are valid 8086 instructions. If invalid, give the reason:

1. MOV AX, BL
2. MOV CX, [AX]
3. MOV I, BL
4. INC [BX]
5. MOV K, BL
6. MOV ES, DS
7. MOV AX, J
8. INC J
9. MOV K, J
10. DEC [offset K]
11. MOV AX, I
12. ADD [BX], 120H
13. MOV J, I
14. SUB AH, [BX+SI-2]
15. MOV DS, I
16. MUL 10
Q.2. Suppose that you have the following initial content of the registers and memory locations:
AX $=0010 \mathrm{H}$
$\mathrm{BX}=0012 \mathrm{H}$
CX $=0312 \mathrm{H}$
DX=00FFH
SI $=0010 \mathrm{H}$
DI $=0002 \mathrm{H}$ DS $=2000 \mathrm{H}$

Memory Address
2000: 0010
0011
0012
0013
0014
0015

12
34
56
Contents (hex)

78
9A
BC

Show the content of the destination operand and the state of the flag bits ( $\mathrm{O}, \mathrm{S}, \mathrm{Z}, \mathrm{A}, \mathrm{P}$, and C) after the execution of the following instructions. Use the initial content of the registers and memory locations for the execution of each instruction. Suppose that the CF is initially set to 1 .

1. ADC SI, CX
2. INC Byte PTR [0011]
3. SBB BL, AL
4. SUB AL, [SI]
5. DEC Word PTR [DI+BX]
Q.3. Give a single 8086 instruction that performs each of the following operations. Use the appropriate type pointer whenever necessary to avoid ambiguity. CF is the value of the carry bit flag.
6. $[1 \mathrm{FE} 1: 1 \mathrm{FE} 0] \leftarrow[1 \mathrm{FE} 1: 1 \mathrm{FE} 0]+2 \mathrm{Ah}$
7. $[B X+1: B X] \leftarrow 0-[B X+1: B X]$
8. $\mathrm{AX} \leftarrow \mathrm{AX}+[\mathrm{SI}+1: \mathrm{SI}]$
9. DX:AX $\leftarrow A X * B X$
10. $\mathrm{AH} \leftarrow \mathrm{AH}-\mathrm{BH}-\mathrm{CF}$
11. $\mathrm{CX} \leftarrow[\mathrm{SI}+\mathrm{BX}+8: \mathrm{SI}+\mathrm{BX}+7]$
Q.4. Write an 8086 assembly program that implements the following C code. Declare all variables as byte variables.

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \frac{\text { C version: }}{\text { Main() }} \\
& \left\{\begin{array}{l}
\text { int } I, J, K, L ; \\
\quad I=5 ; \\
\\
\quad J=15 ; \\
K=I-J+4 ; \\
\\
L=3 * K ;
\end{array}\right. \\
& \}
\end{aligned}
$$

