May 20, 2010

COMPUTER ENGINEERING DEPARTMENT

COE 205

COMPUTER ORGANIZATION & ASSEMBLY PROGRAMMING

Major Exam II

First Semester (092)

Time: 1:00 PM-3:30 PM

Student Name : \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

Student ID. : \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

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| --- | --- | --- |
| **Question** | **Max Points** | **Score** |
| **Q1** | **28** |  |
| **Q2** | **36** |  |
| **Q3** | **12** |  |
| **Q4** | **24** |  |
| **Total** | **100** |  |

Dr. Aiman El-Maleh

# **[28 Points]**

# **(Q1)** Fill the blank in each of the following:

## Assume that ESP=00000100H and the address of TEST is 0000300AH. After executing the instruction CALL TEST, the content of ESP=\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

## Assume that ESP=00000100H. After executing the instruction RET 8, the content of ESP=\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

## The code to Jump to label L1 if regiser AL bits 3 and 6 are 1 or bit 5 is zero is:

## 

## Assuming that EAX=8765432CH and ECX=FEDBA7E4H, executing the instruction SHRD EAX, ECX, 16 will set EAX=\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ and ECX=\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

## To multiply the signed content of register EAX by 33.25 without using multiplications instructions, we use the following instructions:

## Assuming that all variables are 32-bit signed integers, the assembly code implementing the following equation **var3 = (-5\*var1)/(8\*var2 -10)** is:

## Suppose that we have a 64-bit number stored in memory in the variable I defined as I Qword. The assembly code to multiply this number by 8 is:

## Given that MS-DOS packs the year, month, and day into 16 bits in register DX, where bits 0 to 4 store the day, bits 5 to 8 store the month and bits 9 to 15 store the year relative to 1980. Write assembly code to print the date in day, month and year. For example if DX=0010011001101010, it will print 10/3/1999:

**[36 Points]**

# **(Q2) Answer SIX out of the following questions. Show how you obtained your answer:**

## **(i)** Given the following definition in the data segment:

## **Array DWORD 0, 1, 2, 3, 4**

## **DWORD 10,11,12,13,14**

## **DWORD 20,21,22,23,24**

## **DWORD 30,31,32,33,34**

## **DWORD 40,41,42,43,44**

## Determine what will be displayed after executing the following code**:**

## 

mov ecx, lengthof Array

xor esi, esi

Next:

mov eax, lengthof Array

mul esi

shl eax, 2

mov eax, Array[eax+esi\*4]

Call WriteDec

Call CrLf

inc esi

loop Next

## **(ii)** Determine what will be displayed after executing the following code**:**

push 5

push 4

call MyProc

MyProc PROC

push ebp

mov ebp, esp

sub esp, 4

push eax

mov DWORD PTR [ebp-4],10

mov eax, [EBP + 8]

sub [ebp-4], eax

shl DWORD PTR [ebp-4], 2

mov eax, [EBP + 12]

add [ebp-4], eax

shr DWORD PTR [ebp-4], 1

mov eax, [ebp-4]

call WriteDec

pop eax

mov esp, ebp

pop ebp

ret 8

MyProc ENDP

## **(iii)** Given the following definition in the data segment:

## **Array DWord 17,-10,30,-40,4,-5,8**

## Determine what will be displayed after executing the following code**:**

xor eax, eax

mov esi, -1

mov ecx, lengthof Array

L1:

inc esi

test Array[esi\*4], 8000h

loopz L1

jz done

inc eax

cmp ecx, 0

jnz L1

done:

call WriteDec

## Determine what will be displayed after executing the following code**:**

mov ecx, 5

mov eax, 12

Next:

cmp eax, 7

ja default

jmp jumptable[eax\*4]

case01:

add eax, 9

jmp done

case23:

add eax, 7

jmp done

case45:

add eax, 3

jmp done

case67:

add eax, 4

jmp done

default:

inc eax

done:

shr eax, 1

loop Next

call WriteDec

exit

jumptable DWORD case01, case01, case23, case23, case45, case45, case67, case67

## **(v)** Determine what will be displayed after executing the following code**:**

mov eax, 3

call MyProc

call WriteDec

MyProc Proc

push ebx

cmp eax, 0

je done

cmp eax, 1

je done

dec eax

mov ebx, eax

call MyProc

xchg ebx, eax

dec eax

call MyProc

add eax, ebx

done:

pop ebx

ret

MyProc Endp

## **(vi)** Given the following declaration in the data segment:

## MyNumber Byte 9 dup(0)

## Determine what will be displayed after executing the following code**:**

mov ax, 0ABCDh

xor esi, esi

mov ecx, 8

L1: rol ax, 2

mov bx, ax

and bx, 3

add bl, '0'

mov MyNumber[esi], bl

inc esi

loop L1

lea edx, MyNumber

call WriteString

## **(vii)** Given the following declaration in the data segment:

## MyNumber Byte '1','2','3',0

## Determine what will be displayed after executing the following code**:**

xor esi, esi

mov eax, 0

L1: imul eax, 16

movzx edx, MyNumber[esi]

sub edx, '0'

add eax, edx

inc esi

cmp MyNumber[esi],0

jne L1

dec esi

mov ecx, 0

mov ebx, 8

L2: mov edx, 0

div ebx

add dl, '0'

mov MyNumber[esi], dl

dec esi

cmp eax, 0

jnz L2

lea edx, MyNumber

call WriteString

**[12 Points]**

# **(Q3)** Write a macro, **CMul**, to multiply the signed content of register EAX by a constant **n** passed as a aparmeter to the macro. The macro should be based on using shift and add instructions and should not use MUL or IMUL instructions. The macro should preserve the content of all temporary registers used.

**[24 Points]**

# **(Q4)**

# **(i)** Write a procedure, **BubbleSort**, to sort an array of integers in an **ascending** order. The number of integers to be sorted and the address of the array to be sorted are assumed to be passed on the stack. The procedure should maintain the content of all registers to their state before its execution.

The pseudocode for the **BublleSort** procedure is given below:

**BubbleSort** (ArrayPointer, ArraySize)

pass = 1

**do** {

swap\_occurs = 0

**for** (i= 1 to ArraySize-pass)

**if** (Array[i-1] > Array[i])

swap i*th* and (i-1)*th* elements of the array

swap\_occurs = 1

**end if**

**end for**

pass = pass+1

**while** (swap\_occurs && pass <= ArraySize -1)

**end BubbleSort**

# **(ii)** Write a complete program, showing the place of procedure definition, to use the procedure **BubbleSort** to sort the Array given below:

Array DWord 10, 2, 0, 15, 25, 30, 7, 22

Note that the Content of Array after sorting will be:

Array DWord 0, 2, 7, 10, 15, 22, 25, 30