Nov. 10, 2009

COMPUTER ENGINEERING DEPARTMENT

COE 205

COMPUTER ORGANIZATION & ASSEMBLY PROGRAMMING

Major Exam I

First Semester (091)

Time: 8:00-10:00 PM

Student Name : \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

Student ID. : \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

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| **Question** | **Max Points** | **Score** |
| **Q1** | **76** |  |
| **Q2** | **12** |  |
| **Q3** | **12** |  |
| **Total** | **100** |  |

Dr. Aiman El-Maleh

# **[76 Points]**

# **(Q1)** Fill the blank in each of the following:

## Assembly language is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

## In an assembly instruction, the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ specifies the particular operation to be performed.

## One of the main advantages of programming in \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ is that programs are portable.

## One of the main advantages of programming in \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ is having smaller code size and faster execution.

## Development of a business application for multiple platforms is better done using \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ language.

## The \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ combines program's object filewith other object files and libraries, and produces a single executable program.

## The instruction set architecture of a processor is composed of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

## With the Pentium IV processor having a 36 bit address bus and a 64 bit data bus, the physical address space is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ bytes.

## The processor is interfaced with memory and input/output devices using \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

## The processor is composed of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_unit and \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_unit.

## Given a processor with 2 GHz clock frequency and a program executing in 1 billion clock cycles, the execution time of the program is\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

## \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ is useful in reducing the memory access time, i.e. the time needed for reading instructions and data from memory (DRAM).

## Given a magnetic disk with the following properties: Rotation Speed = 6000 RPM (rotations per minute), Average Seek = 5 ms, Sector = 512 bytes, Track = 200 sectors. The average time to access a block of 100 consecutive sectors is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

## The integer number -1500 is represented in hexadecimal using 16-bit 2’s complement representation as \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

## Assuming 16-bit 2’s complement representation, the hexadecimal number FE10 represents the decimal number\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

## Assuming 8-bit 2’s complement representation, the largest number that can be stored is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ in decimal and \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ in hexadecimal and the smallest number that can be stored is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ in decimal and \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_in hexadecimal.

## Given that the number F6 is represented using 8-bit 2’s complement representation, the equivalent number represented using 16-bit 2’s complement representation is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

## Given that register AL=E5 stores an ASCII character, then the stored character is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ and the used parity is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_. Note that ‘A’=41h and ‘a’=61h.

## The Pentium-IV processor contains the segment registers \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

## The EIP register holds \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

## After an instruction is fetched from memory, the EIP register is incremented by \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

## During the execution phase of an instruction, the following tasks are performed: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

## Given a 10-stage pipeline where each stage executes in one clock cycle, executing 100 instructions without any pipeline stalls will require \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ cycles.

## A superscalar processor has \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

## In real addressing mode, assume that the code segment occupies the address range from 0A6F0 to 0E007. Then, the code segment number is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, the size of the code segment is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ bytes and the next available free segment is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

## Assume that DS=1234, CS=5678, ES=9ABC, SS=DEF0, IP=01F4, BX=E678, and SP=2314. Based on 16-bit real-mode addressing, the linear address of the next instruction to be fetched from memory is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

## Assume that DS=1234, CS=5678, ES=9ABC, SS=DEF0, IP=01F4, BX=E678, and SP=2314. Given that offset of variable I is 001F, based on 16-bit real addressing mode, the linear address of the source operand in the instruction MOV AX, I is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

## In protected mode, the segment unit translates \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_while the paging unit \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

## In protected mode, the segment descriptor table stores the following information for each segment \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

## The assembler allocates \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ bytes for the variable *String* defined below:

## *String Byte 10 dup(10 dup(0),10,13),0*

## The content of register EAX after executing the following code segment is\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

## 

## I=10

MOV EAX, I

I=I+3

ADD EAX, I

## 

## Assuming the following data segment, and assuming that variable X is given the linear address 00404000h, then the linear address for variables Y and Z will be \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

## .DATA

## X BYTE 1, 2, 3

## ALIGN 2

Y WORD 4, 5, 6

## ALIGN 4

## Z DWORD 7, 8, 9

## Assuming the following data segment, and assuming that variable X is given the linear address 00404000h, then the content of register EAX after executing the instruction MOV AX, Y-8 is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

## .DATA

## X BYTE “MAJOR EXAM I”

DWORD 1, 2

## Y WORD 3, 4

## Assuming the following data segment, and assuming that variable X is given the linear address 00404000h , after executing the code given below, the content of register EAX=\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ and EBX=\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

## .DATA

## X WORD 1, 2

## Y DWORD 3, 4

## .CODE

## MOV EAX, TYPE X

## MOV EBX, OFFSET Y

## After executing the code given below, the content of registers EAX and EBX will be \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

## .DATA

## ARRAY WORD 1, 2

## WORD 3, 4

## WORD 5, 6

## .CODE

## MOV EAX, LENGTHOF ARRAY

## MOV EBX, SIZEOF ARRAY

## After executing the code given below, the content of register EAX will be \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

## .DATA

## ARRAY WORD 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8

## .CODE

## MOV EAX, DWORD PTR ARRAY+4

## Assuming variable ARRAY is defined as shown below:

## ARRAY DWORD 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8

The content of register AX after executing the instruction MOV AX, WORD PTR ARRAY+1will be *\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.*

## Assume that AX=AB4D. Executing the instruction MOVSX EAX, AXproduces the result EAX=\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

## Assume that AX=EABF and BX=FF6F. Executing the instruction *ADD AX, BX* produces the following results: AX=\_\_\_\_\_\_, overflow flag=\_\_\_, sign flag=\_\_\_, zero flag=\_\_\_, carry flag=\_\_\_, auxiliary flag=\_\_\_ and parity flag=\_\_\_.

## Assume that AX= EABF and BX= FF6F. Executing the instruction *SUB AX, BX* produces the following results: AX=\_\_\_\_\_\_, overflow flag=\_\_\_, sign flag=\_\_\_, zero flag=\_\_\_, carry flag=\_\_\_, auxiliary flag=\_\_\_ and parity flag=\_\_\_.

# **[12 Points]**

# **(Q2)** Consider a program that has the following data segment assuming a flat memory model:

*X EQU 1*

*Y EQU AH*

*Z BYTE 1, 2*

*W WORD X-2, X+2*

Indicate whether the following are valid **IA-32** instructions or not. **If invalid, give the reason**:

## 1. MOV AL, Z+2

## 2. MOV Z, Y

## 3. MOV DS, ES

## 4. MOV ES, X+1

## 5. MOV W, OFFSET Z

## 6. MOVSX W, AL

## 7. MOV W, Word PTR Z

## 8. ADD DS, AX

**[12 Points]**

# **(Q3)** Suppose that the following directives are declared in the data segment with a starting linear address of 00404000. Show the linear addresses of allocated memory and their corresponding content in hexadecimal. Note that the ASCII code for character ‘a’ is 61h and that of character ‘A’ is 41h. The ASCII code of character ‘0’ is 30h.

I BYTE “EXAM I”,0

WORD 15, -15

J DWORD 100, -100

K EQU 1Fh

L BYTE K+1

BYTE 2, 3 dup(-2)

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| Variable | Linear Address (Hex.) | Content (Hex.) |
| I | 00404000 |  |
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