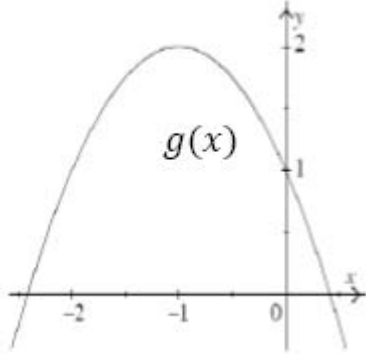


**King Fahd University of Petroleum and Minerals**  
**Prep-Year Math Program**  
**Math (001)-Term (181)**  
**Recitation (2. 6)**

**Question 1:** If the graph of the function  $y = g(x)$  below is obtained the graph of  $f(x) = x^2$ , then which one of the following is TRUE about the graph of  $g$ .



- (a)  $g(x) = -f(x + 1) + 2$
- (b)  $g(x) = -f(x + 1) + 1$
- (c)  $g(x) = f(x - 1) + 2$
- (d)  $g(x) = -f(x - 1) + 2$
- (e)  $g(x) = f(x + 1) + 1$

**Answer:** (a):  $-f(x + 1) + 2$

**Question 2:**

**(a):** Describe how the graph of  $y = -2\sqrt{x + 2} - 3$  can be obtained from the graph of  $y = \sqrt{x - 2} + 2$

**(b):** If the graph  $g(x) = |x|$  by translated three units down, five units left, and reflected across the  $x$ -axis, then write the new equation.

**(c):** If the graph of  $g(x) = x^2 - 2x + 1$  is reflected across the  $y$ -axis, translated two units right, one unit down, and reflected across the  $x$ -axis, then write the new equation.

**Solution:**

**(a):**  $y = \sqrt{x - 2} + 2$

**Reflect across the x - axis**  $\rightarrow y = -(\sqrt{x - 2} + 2) = -\sqrt{x - 2} - 2$

**Vertical stretching by a factor 2**  $\rightarrow y = 2(-\sqrt{x - 2} - 2) = -2\sqrt{x - 2} - 4$

**4 units left and 1 unit up**  $\rightarrow y = -2\sqrt{x + 4 - 2} - 4 + 1 = -2\sqrt{x + 2} - 3$

**Another Method (a):**

$y = \sqrt{x - 2} + 2$  **4 units left**  $\rightarrow y = \sqrt{x + 4 - 2} + 2 = \sqrt{x + 2} + 2$

**Vertical stretching by a factor 2**  $\rightarrow y = 2(\sqrt{x + 2} + 2)$

**Reflect across the x - axis** →  $y = -2(\sqrt{x+2} + 2) = -2\sqrt{x+2} - 4$

**1 unit up** →  $y = -2\sqrt{x+2} - 4 + 1 = -2\sqrt{x+2} - 3$

**(b):**  $g(x) = |x|$  **3 units down and 5 units left** →  $g(x) = |x + 5| - 3$

**Reflect across the x - axis** →  $y = -(|x + 5| - 3) \Rightarrow f(x) = -|x + 5| + 3$

**Answer:**  $f(x) = -|x + 5| + 3$

**(c):**  $g(x) = x^2 - 2x + 1 = (x - 1)^2$

**Reflect across the y - axis** →  $y = (-x - 1)^2$

**shifting 2 units right and 1 unit down** →  $y = [-(x - 2) - 1]^2 - 1 = (-x + 1)^2 - 1$

**Reflect across the x - axis** →  $y = -[(-x + 1)^2 - 1] = -(-x + 1)^2 + 1$

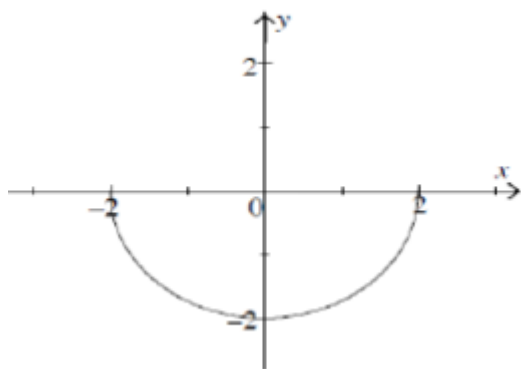
**Answer:**  $g(x) = -(-x + 1)^2 + 1$

**Question 3:** If  $f(-4) = 2$ , then find the coordinates of the point that lie on the graph of

$g(x) = -2f(-x - 1) - 2$       **Answer:**  $(3, -6)$

**Question 4:** If figure below is the graph of  $y = f(x)$ , then find the domain **D** and the range **R**

of the function  $g(x) = -\frac{1}{2}f\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)$



**Answer:**  $D = [-4, 4]$  and  $Range = [0, 1]$

**Question 5:** Which one of the following statements is **TRUE**

- (a)  $f(x) = x + \frac{1}{x}$  is an even function.
- (b)  $f(x) = 1 - \sqrt[3]{x}$  is neither even nor odd.
- (c)  $f(x) = 3x^3 + 2x^2 + 1$  is an odd function.
- (d)  $f(x) = 2x^2 - 3|x|^5 + 5$  is an even function.
- (e)  $f(x) = \frac{\sqrt{4x - x^2}}{x^7 + 1}$  is an odd function.

**Answer:** (a) False      (b) TRUE      (c) False      (d) TRUE      (e) False