

**King Fahd University of Petroleum and Minerals**  
**Faculty of Science – Math Prep Year program**  
**Math 002 -042**  
**Quiz #2 (5.1-5.3)**

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

ID: \_\_\_\_\_

Sr#: \_\_\_\_\_

Sec.: \_\_\_\_\_

**Solve each of the following questions completely. Put the final answer in the blank. (20 pts)**

1. The **length of an arc** that subtends a central angle of  $120^\circ$  in a circle of diameter 12 cm is equal to \_\_\_\_\_.

**Solution:**

$$s = r\theta = 6\left(120 \times \frac{\pi}{180}\right) = 4\pi \text{ cm}$$

2. If a wheel with radius 10 centimeters is rotating at 100 revolutions per minute, then the **linear speed** of the wheel in centimeters per second is equal to \_\_\_\_\_.

**Solution:**

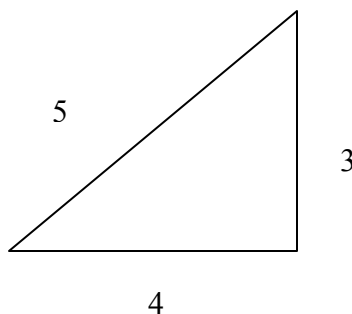
$$v = rw = 10 \times \left(100 \times \frac{2\pi}{60}\right) = \frac{100\pi}{3} \text{ cm/sec}$$

3. If  $\sin \theta = \frac{-3}{5}$  and  $\cos \theta > 0$ , then  $\tan \theta + \sec \theta$  is equal to

**Solution:**

$$\frac{3\pi}{2} < \theta < 4\pi$$

$$\therefore \tan \theta + \sec \theta = -\frac{3}{4} + \frac{5}{4} = \frac{2}{4} = \frac{1}{2}$$



4. If  $\theta = -110^\circ$ , then **reference angle**  $\theta'$  is equal to \_\_\_\_\_.

**Solution:**

$$\theta = -110^\circ + 360^\circ = 250^\circ \Rightarrow \theta' = 250^\circ - 180^\circ = 70^\circ$$

5. The exact value of  $\sec(-300^\circ) + \sin 210^\circ + \tan\left(\frac{3\pi}{4}\right)$  is equal to \_\_\_\_\_.

**Solution:**

$$\begin{aligned} &= \sec 60^\circ - \sin 30^\circ + \tan 135^\circ \\ &= 2 - \frac{1}{2} - \tan 45^\circ \\ &= \frac{3}{2} - 1 = \frac{1}{2} \end{aligned}$$

6. If the terminal side of an angle  $\theta$  passes through the point  $(-12, 5)$ , then  $\tan \theta + \sec \theta$  is equal to \_\_\_\_\_.

**Solution:**

$$\tan \theta + \sec \theta = -\frac{5}{12} - \frac{13}{12} = -\frac{18}{12} = -\frac{3}{2}$$

7. If  $\alpha = 44^\circ 15' 7''$ , then the **supplement** of the angle  $\alpha$  is \_\_\_\_\_.

**Solution:**

$$180^\circ - 44^\circ 15' 7'' = 135^\circ 44' 53''$$

8. Two buildings are 40 meters apart. The angle of elevation from the top of the shorter building to the top of the taller building is  $60^\circ$ . If the shorter building is 120 meters high, how high is the taller building? \_\_\_\_\_.

**Solution:**

See the notes