

S-28-2

A 9.00 volt battery delivers 117 mA when connected to a 72.0  $\Omega$  load. Determine the internal resistance of the battery.

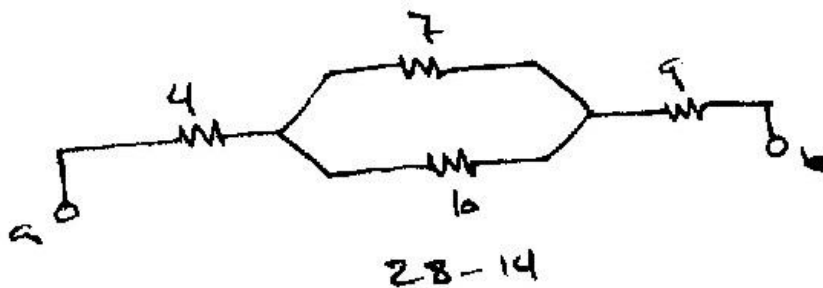
S-28-9

Two 1.5 volt batteries –with their positive terminals in the same direction- are inserted in series into the barrel of a flashlight. One battery has an internal resistance of 0.255  $\Omega$  and the other an internal resistance of 0.153  $\Omega$ . When the switch is closed, a current of 600 mA occurs in the lamp.

- a- What is the lamp's resistance?
- b- What fraction of the power dissipated is dissipated in the batteries?

S-28-14

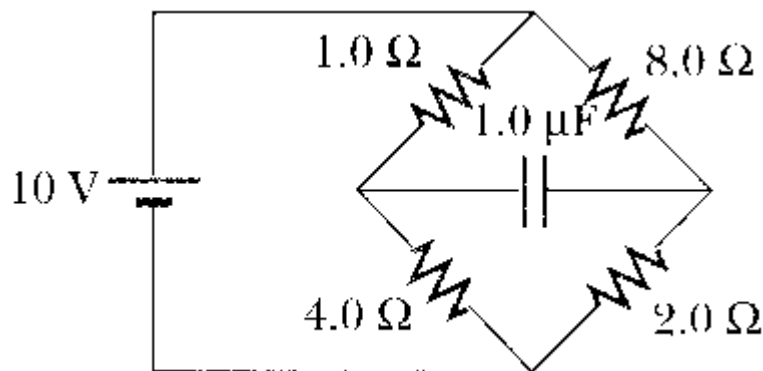
Find the equivalent resistor in the circuit shown in the figure. If  $V_{ab}$  is 34 volts, what is the current through each resistor?



S-28-47

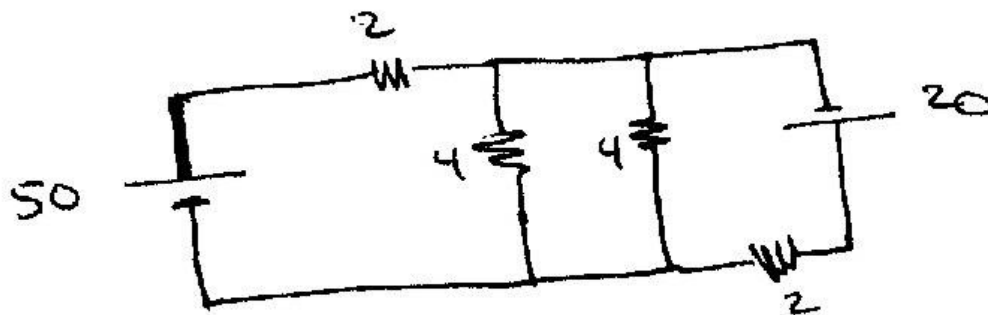
The circuit in the figure has been connected for a long time.

- What is the voltage across the capacitor?
- If the battery is disconnected, how long does it take the capacitor to discharge to  $1/10$  of its initial voltage?



S-28-39

Calculate the power dissipated in each resistor in the figure.

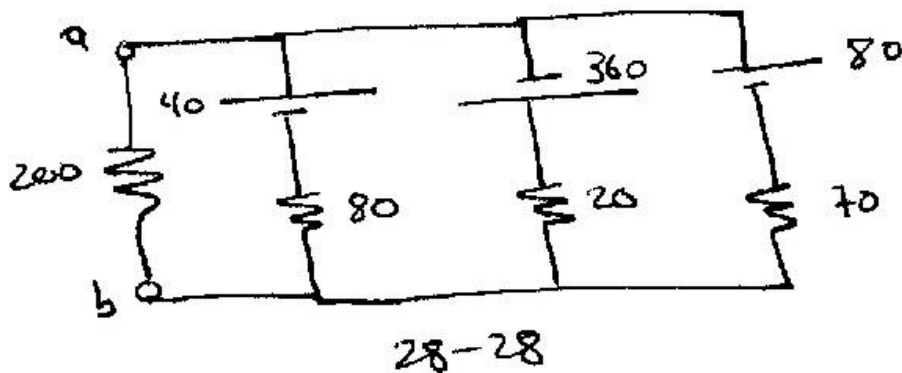


S-28-28

In the circuit of the figure,

- find the current through each resistor.

b- find the voltage across the 200 W resistor.



S-28-21

Find the potential  $V_{ab}$ .

Extra

A capacitor in an RC ( $R = 2 \Omega$ ,  $C = 5 \mu\text{F}$ ) circuit is initially uncharged. A 9 volt battery is attached in series to the resistor. How much charge is at the capacitor plate one time constant after the switch is closed?