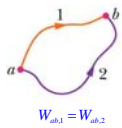


$$\Delta U_s = -W_s = \frac{1}{2}k(x_f^2 - x_i^2)$$

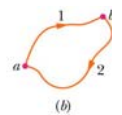
$$\Delta U_g = -W_g = mg \Delta y$$

$$\Delta U = \Delta U_s + \Delta U_g$$

path independence of conservative forces



The work done by a conservative force on a particle moving between two points does not depend on the path taken by the particle.



The net work done by a conservative force on a particle moving around every closed loop is zero.

$$W_{ab,1} + W_{ba,2} = 0$$

$$\Delta U_c = -W_c$$

$$\Delta K + \Delta U + \Delta E_{th} = W$$

W = is the work done on the system by forces external to the system

$W = 0$ for an isolated system

$$\Delta E_{th} = +f_k d = +\mu F_N d$$

Power as the rate at which energy is transferred from one form to another

$$P_{av} = \frac{\Delta E}{\Delta t} \quad P_{inst} = \frac{dE}{dt}$$

The rate at which the work is done $\left(P = \frac{dW}{dt} \right)$

is a special case of energy being transferred to (or from) kinetic energy (one form of energy).

Dr. Kariapper