

(4.B)

## Zeeman effect

1896

( )

$\vec{B}$

. (Normal Zeeman effect)

.1902

. ( )

. (Anomalous Zeeman effect)

)

:

(Z

$$\hat{H} = \hat{H}_0 + \hat{H}_{LS} + H_B,$$

$$\hat{H}_0 = -\frac{\hbar^2}{2m_e} \nabla^2 - \frac{Ze^2}{r},$$

$$\hat{H}_{LS} = \xi(r) \hat{L} \cdot \hat{S},$$

$$\hat{H}_B = \beta \hat{B} \cdot (\hat{L} + 2\hat{S}) = \beta B (\hat{L}_z + 2\hat{S}_z)$$

: وقيمته (Bohr magneton)

$\beta$

$m_e$

$$\beta = \frac{e\hbar}{2mc} = 9.27 \times 10^{-24} \text{ JT}^{-1} = 5.66 \times 10^{-5} \text{ eVT}^{-1}$$

:

$$\Psi \equiv \psi_{nlm}(r, \theta, \varphi) \chi = R_{nl}(r) Y_{l,m_l}(\theta, \varphi) \chi = |n, l, m_l\rangle |s, m_s\rangle$$

:

0

:

$$: \hat{H}_B \gg \hat{H}_{LS} -$$

$$\hat{H}_B = \beta B (\hat{L}_z + 2\hat{S}_z)$$

$$. ( \hat{S} \hat{L}$$

$$|n, l, m_l\rangle |s, m_s\rangle = |n, l, m_l, s, m_s\rangle$$

:

$$. ( \hat{H}_0 + \hat{H}_B )$$

$$\varepsilon_B = \langle \hat{H}_B \rangle = \langle n, l', m_l', s', m_s' | \hat{H}_B | n, l, m_l, s, m_s \rangle$$

$$= \beta B (m_l + 2m_s)$$

$$\cdot \delta_{m_s, m_s'} \delta_{m_l, m_l'} \dots$$

:

$$\varepsilon_B = \beta B m_l$$

$$( )$$

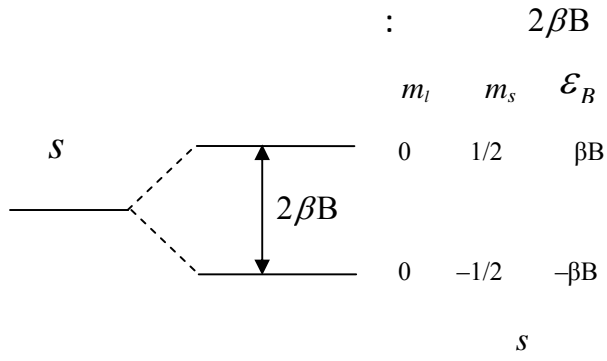
أو بمعنى آخر قد فصل (Remove, partially, the degeneracy of the states)

$$(2S+1)(2L+1)$$

المستويات.

.S L

$s$  :  
 $m_s = \pm \frac{1}{2}, m_l = 0$       $s = \frac{1}{2}, l = 0$       $s$  :  
 $m_s = \pm \frac{1}{2}$



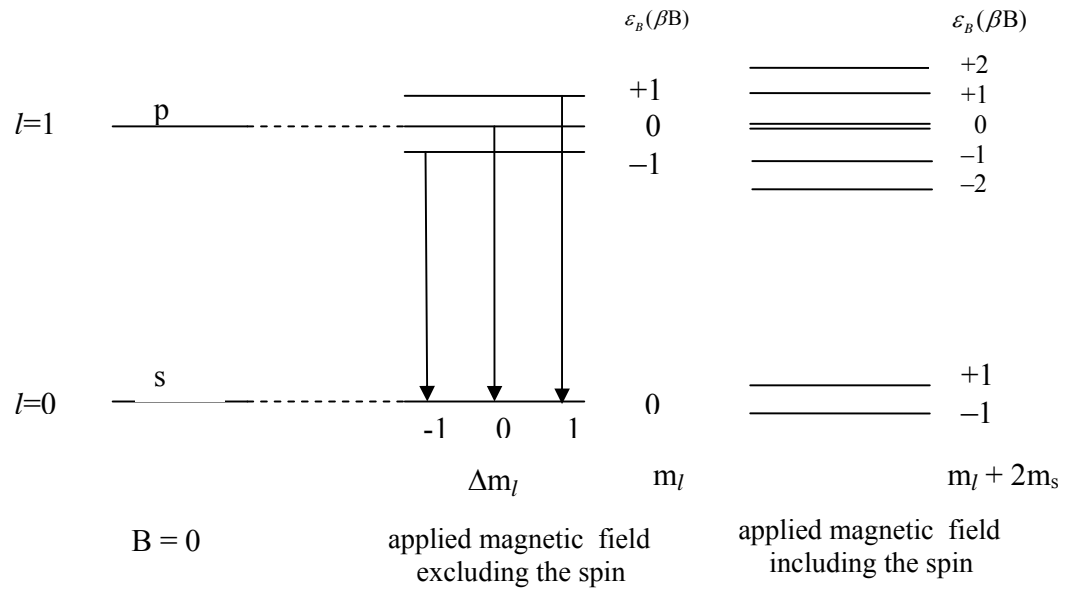
$s = 1/2$       $m_l = 0, \pm 1$       $l = 1$       $p$  :  
 $m_s = \pm 1/2$

$m_l$	$2m_s$	$\mathcal{E}_B = \beta B(m_l + 2m_s)$
1	1	2
1	-1	0
0	1	1
0	-1	-1
-1	1	0
-1	-1	-2

$p$  :  
 $E = E_p \pm 2\beta B, \quad E = E_p \pm \beta B, \quad E = E_p$   
 $E_p$   
 $(2l+1)(2s+1) = (3)(2) = 6$   
 $m_l = 1, m_s = -\frac{1}{2}$       $E = E_p$

$$m_l = -1, m_s = \frac{1}{2}$$

. s p

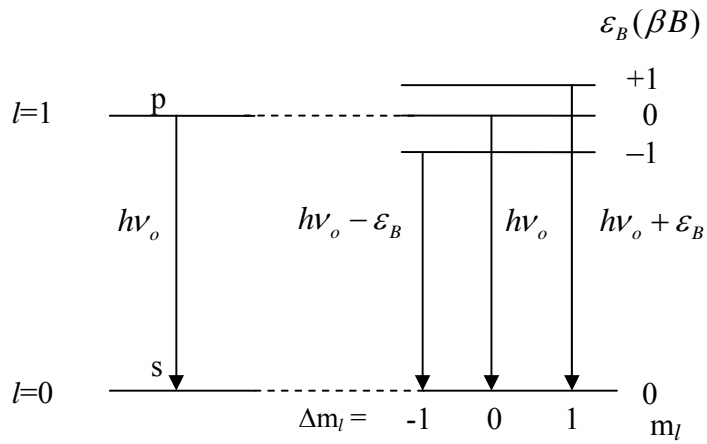


1s

2p

:

10



خطوط الطيف بدون  
مجال مغناطيسي

خطوط الطيف في وجود  
مجال مغناطيسي

2p 1s

1s

:

.( )

2p

:

.1s 2p

$$\Delta E_{2p-1s} = h\nu_o = 13.6 \left( 1 - \frac{1}{2^2} \right) = 10.2 \text{ eV}$$

1s

$m_l = +1, 0, -1$

2p

:

$$\Delta L = \pm 1$$

$$\Delta m_l = 0, \pm 1$$

(  $h\nu_o$  )

:

$$\varepsilon_B = \beta B m_l = 5.66 \times 10^{-5} \text{ eVT}^{-1} \times 10 \text{ T } m_l, \quad m_l = 0, \pm 1$$

$$= 0, \pm 5.66 \times 10^{-4} \text{ eV}$$

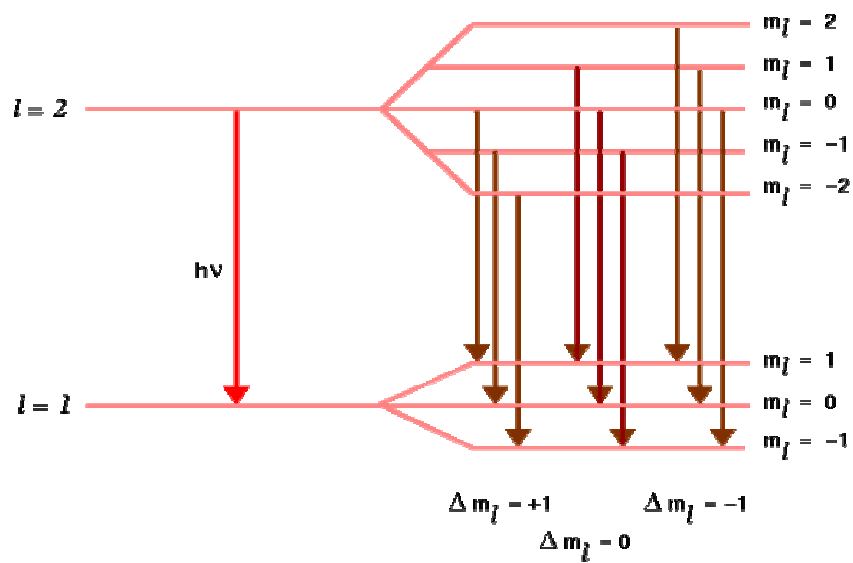
$$h\nu_0 \qquad \varepsilon_B$$

$$.2\beta BL \quad ( \quad )$$

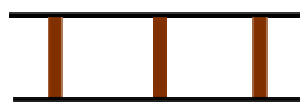
$p$   $d$  :

10

:( )



Spectrum without magnetic field



Spectrum with magnetic field present

$d$

:

$m_l$	$2m_s$	$\varepsilon_B = \beta B(m_l + 2m_s)$
2	1	3
	-1	1
1	1	2
	-1	0
0	1	1
	-1	-1
-1	1	0
	-1	-2
-2	1	-1
	-1	-3

$$\hat{H}_{LS} \gg \hat{H}_B$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \hat{L} \hat{S} \\ & |n, l, s, j, m_j\rangle \\ & \hat{H}_B \quad \cdot \quad (\hat{H}_0 + \hat{H}_{LS}) \\ & \quad \quad \quad \quad \quad \quad \quad \quad (\hat{H}_B) \end{aligned}$$

:

$$\begin{aligned} \epsilon_B = \langle \hat{H}_B \rangle &= \langle n, l', s', j', m'_j | \hat{H}_B | n, l, s, j, m_j \rangle \\ &= \beta m_j g_J \end{aligned}$$

: " (Lande` g factor) "  $g_J$

$$g_J = 1 + \left\{ \frac{J(J+1) + S(S+1) - L(L+1)}{2J(J+1)} \right\}$$

:  $g_J$   $(S=1/2)$   $J$   $l$  :

$l$	$J$	$g_J$
0	1/2	2
1	1/2	2/3
	3/2	4/3
2	3/2	4/5
	5/2	6/5

:  $L$   $S$  :

$$g_{L+S} = 1 + \frac{S}{L+S},$$

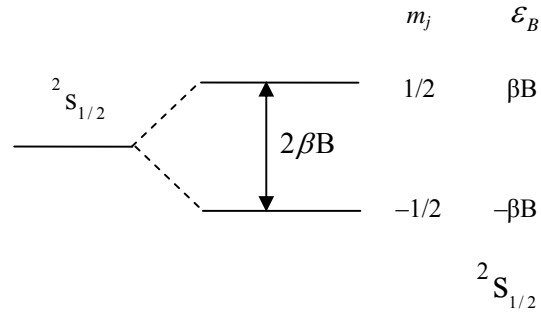
$$g_{L-S, S < L} = 1 - \frac{S}{L-S+1},$$

$$\cdot \frac{1}{2} \quad l=0$$

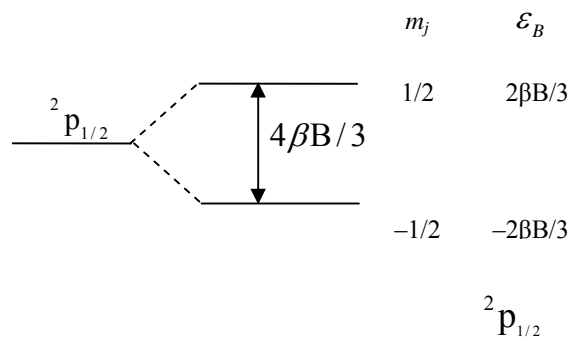
$$^{2s+1}L_J$$



$m_j = \pm \frac{1}{2}$  :  $2\beta B$   $^2S_{1/2}$  :  $(J = 1/2 \quad l = 0)$



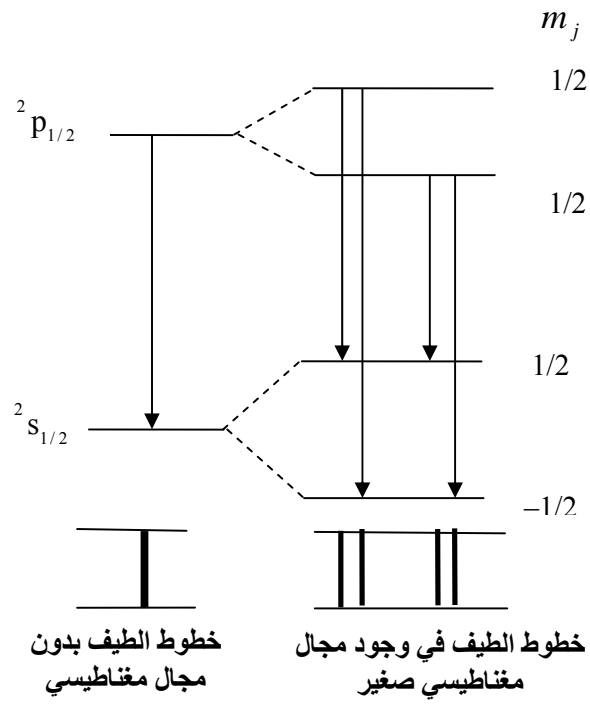
$l = 1$  )  $m_j = \pm \frac{1}{2}$  :  $\frac{4}{3}\beta B$   $^2P_{1/2}$  :  $(J = 1/2)$



$^2P_{1/2}$

$^2S_{1/2}$

$$\Delta L = \pm 1, \quad \Delta m_l = 0, \pm 1, \quad \Delta j = 0, \pm 1, \quad \Delta m_j = 0, \pm 1,$$





$(n = 2)$

:

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:

:

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**-1**

.

*L*

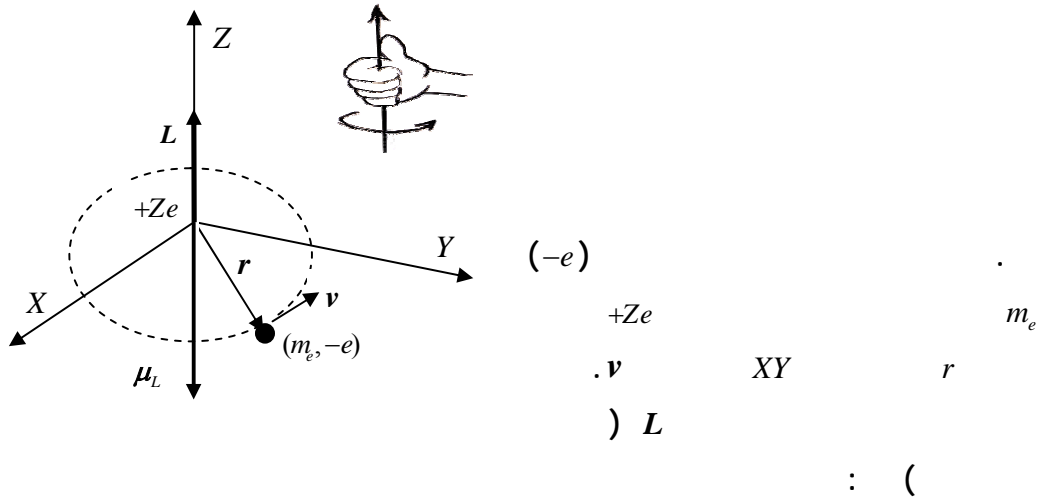
**-2**

.

*J*

**-3**

Magnetic Dipole Moment)



$$L = (L_x = 0, L_y = 0, L_z = m_e v r)$$

$$I = \frac{q}{t} = \frac{(-e)}{(2\pi r)/v} = -\frac{ev}{2\pi r}$$

$|\mathbf{A}|$

$\mu_L$  (Orbital magnetic dipole moment)

$$\mu_L = I \bar{A} = I |\mathbf{A}| \hat{k} = \left(-\frac{ev}{2\pi r}\right) (\pi r^2) \hat{k}$$

$$= -\left(\frac{e}{2m_e}\right) L = -\beta L$$

$\mu_L$  . Z  $\hat{k}$

. L

. L

:  $\mu_L$  Z

$$\mu_{Lz} = -\left(\frac{e}{2m_e}\right)L_z = -\left(\frac{e}{2m_e}\right)\hbar m_l = -\beta m_l$$

$\beta$  (Bohr magneton) وقيمته هي:

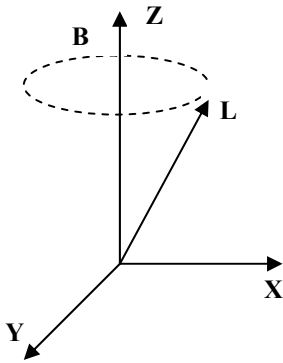
$$\beta = \frac{e\hbar}{2m_e} = 9.27 \times 10^{-24} \text{ JT}^{-1} = 5.66 \times 10^{-5} \text{ eVT}^{-1}$$

$$\mu_L$$

:  $H'$

$$H' = -\mu_L \cdot \mathbf{B} = \frac{e}{2m_e} \mathbf{L} \cdot \mathbf{B}$$

$H'$



:  $\tau$

$$\tau = \mu_L \times \mathbf{B} = -\frac{e}{2m_e} \mathbf{L} \times \mathbf{B}$$

( )  $L$

والذي يجعل

$$\mu_S$$

:

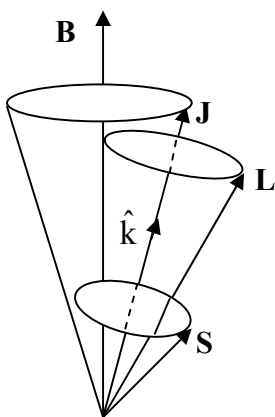
$$\mu_S = -2.0023 \beta S \approx -2\beta S$$

:

$$\hat{H}_B = \beta \hat{B} \cdot (\hat{L} + 2\hat{S}) = \beta B (\hat{L}_z + 2\hat{S}_z)$$

Lande's g Factor

Atkins "Molecular Quantum Mechanics" second edition.1987



$$\mathbf{J} = \mathbf{L} + \mathbf{S}$$

$$\hat{\mathbf{k}} = \frac{\mathbf{J}}{|\mathbf{J}|}$$

$$\mathbf{L} \cdot \hat{\mathbf{k}} = \frac{(\mathbf{L} \cdot \mathbf{J})}{|\mathbf{J}|}$$

$$\mathbf{S} \cdot \hat{\mathbf{k}} = \frac{(\mathbf{S} \cdot \mathbf{J})}{|\mathbf{J}|}$$

$$\mathbf{L} \cdot \mathbf{B} = \frac{(\mathbf{L} \cdot \mathbf{J})(\hat{\mathbf{k}} \cdot \mathbf{B})}{|\mathbf{J}|}$$

$$\mathbf{S} \cdot \mathbf{B} = \frac{(\mathbf{S} \cdot \mathbf{J})(\hat{\mathbf{k}} \cdot \mathbf{B})}{|\mathbf{J}|}$$

$$(\mathbf{L} + \mathbf{S}) \cdot \mathbf{B} = \frac{(\mathbf{L} \cdot \mathbf{J} + \mathbf{S} \cdot \mathbf{J})(\hat{\mathbf{k}} \cdot \mathbf{B})}{|\mathbf{J}|}$$

$$\mathbf{L} \cdot \mathbf{B} = (\mathbf{L} \cdot \hat{\mathbf{k}})(\hat{\mathbf{k}} \cdot \mathbf{B}) = \frac{(\mathbf{L} \cdot \mathbf{J})(\hat{\mathbf{k}} \cdot \mathbf{B})}{|\mathbf{J}|}$$

$$\mathbf{S} \cdot \mathbf{B} = (\mathbf{S} \cdot \hat{\mathbf{k}})(\hat{\mathbf{k}} \cdot \mathbf{B}) = \frac{(\mathbf{S} \cdot \mathbf{J})(\hat{\mathbf{k}} \cdot \mathbf{B})}{|\mathbf{J}|}$$

)

$$(\mathbf{L} + \mathbf{S}) \cdot \mathbf{B} = \frac{(\mathbf{L} \cdot \mathbf{J} + \mathbf{S} \cdot \mathbf{J})(\hat{\mathbf{k}} \cdot \mathbf{B})}{|\mathbf{J}|}$$

$$\mathbf{J} = \mathbf{L} + \mathbf{S}$$

$$2\mathbf{L} \cdot \mathbf{J} = J^2 + L^2 - |\mathbf{J} - \mathbf{L}|^2,$$

$$2\mathbf{S} \cdot \mathbf{J} = J^2 + S^2 - |\mathbf{J} - \mathbf{S}|^2$$

$$(\mathbf{L} + \mathbf{S}) \cdot \mathbf{B} = \frac{(\mathbf{L} \cdot \mathbf{J} + \mathbf{S} \cdot \mathbf{J})(\hat{\mathbf{k}} \cdot \mathbf{B})}{|\mathbf{J}|} = 1 + \left\{ \frac{J(J+1) + S(S+1) - L(L+1)}{2J(J+1)} \right\} (\hat{\mathbf{k}} \cdot \mathbf{B})$$

$$|\mathbf{J}|^2 = J(J+1)\hbar^2, \dots$$

(Spin-Orbit Interaction)

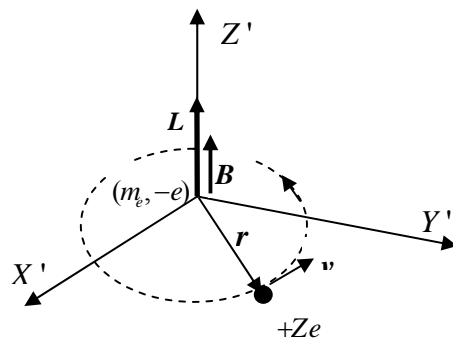
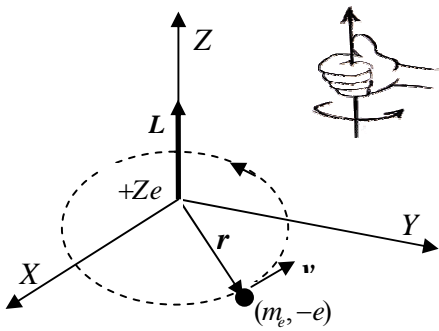
( )

(s )

(Doublets)

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+Ze  $m_e$  (-e) -1  
 XYZ  $v$  XY  $r$   
 Z ( ) L



( ) X'Y'Z' -2

.L B

X'Y'Z' -3

:  $\mu_s$



$$E_{LS} = \mu_s \cdot \mathbf{B}$$

:

$$\mu_s \propto S \quad -4$$

$$E_{LS} = a \mathbf{S} \cdot \mathbf{L}$$

:

$a$

$$a = \frac{1}{m_e^2 c^2} \frac{1}{r} \frac{dV}{dr} = \frac{Ze^2}{m_e^2 c^2} \frac{1}{r^3}$$

( )

$$V = -\frac{Ze^2}{r}$$

$S$

$E_{LS}$

$S \cdot L$

:"

$L$

$S \cdot L$

$l > 0 \quad l$

$(j = l - \frac{1}{2})$

$S \cdot L$

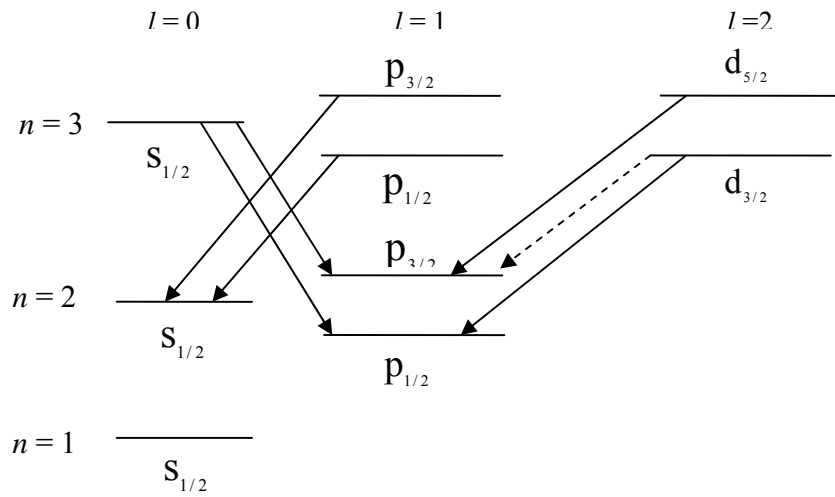
$(j = l + \frac{1}{2})$

$|n, l, s, j, m_j\rangle$

:

$$\Delta L = \pm 1, \quad \Delta m_l = 0, \pm 1, \quad \Delta j = 0, \pm 1, \quad \Delta m_j = 0, \pm 1,$$

$$\Delta m_j = 0$$



$$d_{3/2} \rightarrow p_{3/2}$$

		-							
:	.		$d_{3/2} \rightarrow p_{3/2}$	.					
			(Singlet)			s			-1
						p s			-2
						p d			-3

: n :

$$E = E_n + E_{LS} = -13.6 \frac{Z^2}{n^2} + \langle a \mathbf{S} \cdot \mathbf{L} \rangle$$

$$\langle a \rangle = \frac{|E_n| Z^2 \alpha^2}{\hbar^2 n l (l+1) (l + \frac{1}{2})}, \quad |E_n| = 13.6 \frac{Z^2}{n^2}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \langle \mathbf{S} \cdot \mathbf{L} \rangle &= \frac{1}{2} \langle (\mathbf{J}^2 - \mathbf{L}^2 - \mathbf{S}^2) \rangle \\ &= \frac{\hbar^2}{2} \left\{ j(j+1) - l(l+1) - \frac{3}{4} \right\} = \frac{\hbar^2}{2} \begin{cases} l & j=l+\frac{1}{2} \\ -(l+1) & j=l-\frac{1}{2} \end{cases} \end{aligned}$$

$$E(\uparrow) = E_n + E_{LS}(\uparrow) = -13.6 \frac{Z^2}{n^2} + \frac{\hbar^2}{2} a l, \quad j = l + \frac{1}{2}$$

$$E(\downarrow) = E_n + E_{LS}(\downarrow) = -13.6 \frac{Z^2}{n^2} - \frac{\hbar^2}{2} a (l+1), \quad j = l - \frac{1}{2}$$

$$j = l - \frac{1}{2} \qquad \qquad \qquad j = l + \frac{1}{2} \qquad \qquad \qquad \langle a \rangle$$

$$\Delta E_{LS} = E(\uparrow) - E(\downarrow) = \frac{\hbar^2}{2} a (2l+1) = \frac{|E_n| Z^2 \alpha^2}{n l (l+1)} \approx 5.32 \times 10^{-5} \frac{|E_n| Z^2}{n l (l+1)}$$

$$. l \quad n \qquad \qquad \qquad |E_n|$$