

Linear Harmonic Oscillator Using Operator Theory Approach

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. (Operator theory approach)

$$\hat{H} = \frac{\hat{p}^2}{2m} + \frac{1}{2}m\omega^2\hat{x}^2 \tag{1}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \hat{H}\psi_n &= E_n\psi_n, \\ E_n &= \hbar\omega(n + \frac{1}{2}), \quad n = 0, 1, 2, \dots \end{aligned} \tag{2}$$

$$|n\rangle \equiv \psi_n \quad (\psi_n \quad E_n)$$

$$\langle m | n \rangle = \delta_{m,n} = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{for } m = n \\ 0 & \text{for } m \neq n \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \hat{a} &\equiv \frac{1}{\sqrt{2m\hbar\omega}}(m\omega\hat{x} + i\hat{p}) \\ \hat{a}^\dagger &\equiv \frac{1}{\sqrt{2m\hbar\omega}}(m\omega\hat{x} - i\hat{p}) \end{aligned} \tag{3}$$

x)

$$. ([\hat{x}, \hat{p}] = i\hbar \quad p$$

$$[\hat{x}, \hat{p}] = i\hbar$$

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$$[\hat{a}, \hat{a}^\dagger] = \hat{a}\hat{a}^\dagger - \hat{a}^\dagger\hat{a} = 1 \quad (4)$$

: (1.3) :

$$\begin{aligned} \hat{x} &= \sqrt{\frac{\hbar}{2m\omega}} (\hat{a} + \hat{a}^\dagger), \\ \hat{p} &= i\sqrt{\frac{m\hbar\omega}{2}} (\hat{a}^\dagger - \hat{a}) \end{aligned} \quad (5)$$

: :

$$\hat{H} = \hbar\omega \left(\hat{a}^\dagger \hat{a} + \frac{1}{2} \right) = \hbar\omega \left(\hat{N} + \frac{1}{2} \right) \quad (6)$$

: (5) :

$$\begin{aligned} \hat{x}^2 &= \left[\sqrt{\frac{\hbar}{2m\omega}} (\hat{a} + \hat{a}^\dagger) \right]^2 = \left(\frac{\hbar}{2m\omega} \right) \{ (\hat{a} + \hat{a}^\dagger)(\hat{a} + \hat{a}^\dagger) \} \\ &= \left(\frac{\hbar}{2m\omega} \right) \{ \hat{a}^2 + \hat{a}^{\dagger 2} + \hat{a}\hat{a}^\dagger + \hat{a}^\dagger\hat{a} \}, \\ \hat{p}^2 &= \left[i\sqrt{\frac{m\hbar\omega}{2}} (\hat{a}^\dagger - \hat{a}) \right]^2 = - \left(\frac{m\hbar\omega}{2} \right) \{ (\hat{a}^\dagger - \hat{a})(\hat{a}^\dagger - \hat{a}) \} \\ &= - \left(\frac{m\hbar\omega}{2} \right) \{ \hat{a}^2 + \hat{a}^{\dagger 2} - \hat{a}\hat{a}^\dagger - \hat{a}^\dagger\hat{a} \} \end{aligned} \quad (4) \quad (1)$$

$$\begin{aligned} \hat{H} &= \frac{\hat{p}^2}{2m} + \frac{1}{2}m\omega^2\hat{x}^2 = -\frac{1}{2m} \left(\frac{m\hbar\omega}{2} \right) \{ \hat{a}^2 + \hat{a}^{\dagger 2} - \hat{a}\hat{a}^\dagger - \hat{a}^\dagger\hat{a} \} \\ &\quad + \frac{1}{2}m\omega^2 \left(\frac{\hbar}{2m\omega} \right) \{ \hat{a}^2 + \hat{a}^{\dagger 2} + \hat{a}\hat{a}^\dagger + \hat{a}^\dagger\hat{a} \} \\ &= \frac{\hbar\omega}{2} (\hat{a}^\dagger\hat{a} + \hat{a}\hat{a}^\dagger) = \frac{\hbar\omega}{2} (\hat{a}^\dagger\hat{a} + \hat{a}^\dagger\hat{a} + 1) = \hbar\omega \left(\hat{a}^\dagger\hat{a} + \frac{1}{2} \right) \end{aligned}$$

$$\hat{N} \equiv \hat{a}^\dagger\hat{a} \quad (6)$$

:

" (number operator)

:

$$\hat{N} - 1$$

$$\hat{N}^\dagger = (\hat{a}^\dagger\hat{a})^\dagger = \hat{a}\hat{a}^\dagger = \hat{N}$$

:

$$\hat{N}$$

$$\hat{H}$$

$$-2$$

$$[\hat{N}, \hat{H}] = 0$$

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$$|n\rangle \quad \hat{N} \quad \hat{H} \quad 2 \quad -3$$

$$: \quad (6) \quad (2)$$

$$\hat{a}^\dagger \hat{a} |n\rangle = \hat{N} |n\rangle = n |n\rangle \quad (7)$$

$$. n \geq 0 \quad n \quad \hat{N} \quad |n\rangle \quad :$$

$$: \quad \langle m| \quad \hat{N} |n\rangle = n |n\rangle \quad :$$

$$. \langle m| \hat{a}^\dagger \hat{a} |n\rangle = n \langle m|n\rangle = n \delta_{mn}$$

$$. n \geq 0 \quad (\text{Norm})$$

$$\hat{H} = \hbar\omega \left(\hat{a} \hat{a}^\dagger - \frac{1}{2} \right) \quad (8)$$

$$\hat{a} \cdot |n\rangle \quad \hat{a} \quad \hat{a}^\dagger$$

$$) \quad \hat{H} \quad \cdot \hat{a} |n\rangle$$

$$: ((8)$$

$$\hat{H} (\hat{a} |n\rangle) = \left\{ \hbar\omega \left(\hat{a} \hat{a}^\dagger - \frac{1}{2} \right) \right\} (\hat{a} |n\rangle) \quad (9)$$

: (9)

$$\hat{H} (\hat{a} |n\rangle) = \hbar\omega (\hat{a} \hat{a}^\dagger \hat{a} |n\rangle) - \frac{1}{2} \hbar\omega \hat{a} |n\rangle \quad (10)$$

: (7) (6)

$$\hat{H} (\hat{a} |n\rangle) = \hbar\omega \hat{a} \hat{N} |n\rangle - \frac{1}{2} \hbar\omega \hat{a} |n\rangle = \left(n - \frac{1}{2} \right) \hbar\omega (\hat{a} |n\rangle) \quad (11)$$

: $E_n = \hbar\omega \left(n + \frac{1}{2} \right)$

$$\hat{H} (\hat{a} |n\rangle) = (E_n - \hbar\omega) (\hat{a} |n\rangle) \quad (12)$$

:

:

$$\hat{H} (\hat{a}^\dagger |n\rangle) = (E_n + \hbar\omega) (\hat{a}^\dagger |n\rangle) \quad (13)$$

!

(12)

$$\hat{a} \cdot (E_n - \hbar\omega) \quad \hat{a} |n\rangle \quad \hat{H}$$

$$\cdot \hat{a} |n\rangle \quad E_n \quad |n\rangle$$

$$\cdot (E_n - \hbar\omega) \quad \hat{H}$$

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$$\begin{aligned}
 \hat{a} & \quad (\hbar\omega) & \quad E_n \\
 \text{()} & \text{(lowering operator)} & \text{(annihilation operator)} \\
 & & \text{. (ladder operator)} \\
 |n\rangle & \quad \hat{a}^\dagger & \quad (13) \\
 & \hat{H} & \quad \hat{a}^\dagger |n\rangle \\
 E_n & & \quad \text{. } (E_n + \hbar\omega) \\
 & \text{(creation operator)} & \quad \hat{a}^\dagger \quad (\hbar\omega) \\
 & & \quad \text{. (raising operator)}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \quad E_0 & \quad \hat{a} & \quad : \\
 & & & \quad : \\
 & \quad |0\rangle & \quad \hat{a} & \\
 & & & \quad : \\
 & & \hat{a}|0\rangle = 0 & \quad (14)
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 |0\rangle & \quad \hat{H} & & \quad : \quad (6)
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \hat{H}|0\rangle &= \hbar\omega\left(\hat{a}^\dagger\hat{a} + \frac{1}{2}\right)|0\rangle \\
 &= \hbar\omega\hat{a}^\dagger\hat{a}|0\rangle + \frac{1}{2}\hbar\omega|0\rangle \\
 & \quad (1.14)
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \quad : \\
 \hat{H}|0\rangle &= \frac{1}{2}\hbar\omega|0\rangle & \quad (15)
 \end{aligned}$$

:

$$\boxed{E_0 = \frac{1}{2}\hbar\omega} \quad (16)$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 (13) & \quad \text{) } \hat{H} & \quad \hat{a}^\dagger & \quad |0\rangle & \quad : \\
 & & & & \quad : \quad (n=0)
 \end{aligned}$$

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$$\begin{aligned} \hat{H} |1\rangle &= \hat{H} (\hat{a}^\dagger |0\rangle) = (E_0 + \hbar\omega)(\hat{a}^\dagger |0\rangle) \\ &= \frac{3}{2} \hbar\omega (\hat{a}^\dagger |0\rangle) = \frac{3}{2} \hbar\omega |1\rangle \end{aligned} \quad (1.17)$$

$\cdot \frac{3}{2} \hbar\omega$

((1.2)

n

$$E_n = \left(n + \frac{1}{2}\right) \hbar\omega, \quad n = 0, 1, 2, \dots \quad (1.18)$$

:

$|n\rangle$

\hat{a}^\dagger

$$\hat{a}^\dagger |n\rangle = c_{n+1} |n+1\rangle \quad (1.19)$$

c_{n+1}

:

c_{n+1}

$$\begin{aligned} \langle n | \hat{a} \hat{a}^\dagger |n\rangle &= (\langle n | \hat{a}) (\hat{a}^\dagger |n\rangle) = (\langle \hat{a}^\dagger n |) (\hat{a}^\dagger |n\rangle) \\ &= (c_{n+1}^*) (c_{n+1}) \underbrace{\langle n+1 | n+1 \rangle}_{=1} \\ &= |c_{n+1}|^2 \end{aligned} \quad (20)$$

$$\hat{a} \hat{a}^\dagger = \hat{a}^\dagger \hat{a} + 1$$

(19)

$$\langle \hat{a}^\dagger n | = c_{n+1}^* \langle n+1 |$$

: (20)

$$\begin{aligned} |c_{n+1}|^2 &= \langle n | \hat{a}^\dagger \hat{a} + 1 |n\rangle = \langle n | \hat{a}^\dagger \hat{a} |n\rangle + \langle n | n \rangle \\ &= \langle n | \hat{a}^\dagger \hat{a} |n\rangle + 1 = n + 1 \end{aligned} \quad (21)$$

: (21) (7)

$$c_{n+1} = \sqrt{n+1} \quad (22)$$

:

$$\boxed{\hat{a}^\dagger |n\rangle = \sqrt{n+1} |n+1\rangle} \quad (23)$$

$$\hat{a}^{\dagger 3} |n\rangle \quad (23)$$

:

:

$$(23)$$

:

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$$\begin{aligned}
\hat{a}^\dagger \hat{a}^\dagger (\hat{a}^\dagger |n\rangle) &= \hat{a}^\dagger \hat{a}^\dagger (\sqrt{n+1} |n+1\rangle) \\
&= \sqrt{n+1} \hat{a}^\dagger (\hat{a}^\dagger |n+1\rangle) \\
&= \sqrt{n+1} \sqrt{n+2} (\hat{a}^\dagger |n+2\rangle) \\
&= \sqrt{n+1} \sqrt{n+2} \sqrt{n+3} |n+3\rangle
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc}
\hat{a}^\dagger & \hat{A}_{m,n} = \langle m | \hat{A} | n \rangle & : \\
& : \quad \langle m | & (23) \quad :
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
\langle m | \hat{a}^\dagger | n \rangle &\equiv \hat{a}_{m,n}^\dagger = \sqrt{n+1} \langle m | n+1 \rangle \\
&= \sqrt{n+1} \delta_{m,n+1} = \sqrt{n+1} \times \begin{cases} 1 & \text{for } m = n+1 \\ 0 & \text{for } m \neq n+1 \end{cases} \\
& : \quad (\hat{a}^\dagger) \quad \hat{a}^\dagger
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{array}{cccc}
|0\rangle & |1\rangle & |2\rangle & \dots \\
\langle \hat{a}^\dagger | & \begin{pmatrix} \langle 0| \\ \langle 1| \\ \langle 2| \\ \vdots \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \hat{a}_{0,0}^\dagger & \hat{a}_{0,1}^\dagger & \hat{a}_{0,2}^\dagger & 0 & \dots \\ \hat{a}_{1,0}^\dagger & \hat{a}_{1,1}^\dagger & \hat{a}_{1,2}^\dagger & 0 & \dots \\ \hat{a}_{2,0}^\dagger & \hat{a}_{2,1}^\dagger & \hat{a}_{2,2}^\dagger & 0 & \dots \\ \hat{a}_{3,0}^\dagger & \hat{a}_{3,1}^\dagger & \hat{a}_{3,2}^\dagger & 0 & \dots \\ \vdots & \vdots & \vdots & \vdots & \vdots \end{pmatrix} & = & \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & \dots \\ \sqrt{1} & 0 & 0 & 0 & \dots \\ 0 & \sqrt{2} & 0 & 0 & \dots \\ 0 & 0 & \sqrt{3} & 0 & \dots \\ \vdots & \vdots & \vdots & \vdots & \vdots \end{pmatrix}
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc}
|n\rangle & \hat{a} & : \\
& & : \\
& & \hat{a} |n\rangle = c_{n-1} |n-1\rangle \quad (24) \\
& & . c_{n-1} = \sqrt{n}
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc}
& \hat{a}^3 |n\rangle & (24) \quad : \\
& : & (24) \quad :
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
\hat{a}\hat{a}(\hat{a}|n\rangle) &= \hat{a}\hat{a}(\sqrt{n} |n-1\rangle) = \sqrt{n} \hat{a}(\hat{a}|n-1\rangle) \\
&= \sqrt{n} \sqrt{n-1} (\hat{a}|n-2\rangle) \\
&= \sqrt{n} \sqrt{n-1} \sqrt{n-2} |n-3\rangle
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \vdots \\
 \hat{a}^\dagger |m\rangle = \sqrt{m+1} |m+1\rangle \Rightarrow \langle n | \hat{a}^\dagger |m\rangle = \sqrt{m+1} \underbrace{\langle n | m+1 \rangle}_{\delta_{n,m+1}}; \\
 \hat{a} |m\rangle = \sqrt{m} |m-1\rangle \Rightarrow \langle n | \hat{a} |m\rangle = \sqrt{m} \underbrace{\langle n | m-1 \rangle}_{\delta_{n,m-1}}; \\
 \vdots \\
 x = \sqrt{\frac{\hbar}{2m\omega}} (a^\dagger + a) \\
 \langle l | \hat{x} | n \rangle = \sqrt{\frac{\hbar}{2m\omega}} [\langle l | a^\dagger | n \rangle + \langle l | a | n \rangle] \\
 = \sqrt{\frac{\hbar}{2m\omega}} [\sqrt{n+1} \delta_{l,n+1} + \sqrt{n} \delta_{l,n-1}] \\
 \vdots \\
 \langle l | \hat{x} | n \rangle = \sqrt{\frac{\hbar}{2m\omega}} \times \begin{cases} \sqrt{n+1} & \text{for } l = n+1 \\ \sqrt{n} & \text{for } l = n-1 \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \\
 \vdots \\
 \langle l | \hat{x}^2 | n \rangle = \frac{\hbar}{2m\omega} \langle (a + a^\dagger)^2 \rangle = \frac{\hbar}{2m\omega} \{ \langle l | \hat{a}^{\dagger 2} + \hat{a}^2 + \hat{a} \hat{a}^\dagger + \hat{a}^\dagger \hat{a} | n \rangle \} \\
 = \frac{\hbar}{2m\omega} [\langle l | a^\dagger a^\dagger | n \rangle + \langle l | a^\dagger a | n \rangle + \langle l | a a^\dagger | n \rangle + \langle l | a a | n \rangle] \\
 = \frac{\hbar}{2m\omega} [\sqrt{(n+1)(n+2)} \delta_{l,n+2} + (2n+1) \delta_{l,n} + \sqrt{n(n-1)} \delta_{l,n-2}] \\
 \vdots \\
 \langle l | \hat{x}^2 | n \rangle = \frac{\hbar}{2m\omega} \times \begin{cases} \sqrt{(n+1)(n+2)} & \text{for } l = n+2 \\ (2n+1) & \text{for } l = n \\ \sqrt{n(n-1)} & \text{for } l = n-2 \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}
 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \langle \hat{p}^2 \rangle \quad \langle \hat{p} \rangle \quad \langle \hat{x}^2 \rangle \quad \langle \hat{x} \rangle : \quad \hat{A}_{n,n} = \langle n | \hat{A} | n \rangle \quad -2 \\
 : \quad (1.4) \quad) \quad : \\
 \langle \hat{x} \rangle = 0;
 \end{array}$$

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$$\begin{aligned}
\langle \hat{x}^2 \rangle &= \frac{\hbar}{2m\omega} \langle (a + a^\dagger)^2 \rangle = \frac{\hbar}{2m\omega} \langle n | \hat{a}^{\dagger 2} + \hat{a}^2 + \hat{a}\hat{a}^\dagger + \hat{a}^\dagger\hat{a} | n \rangle \\
&= \frac{\hbar}{2m\omega} \langle n | \hat{a}\hat{a}^\dagger + \hat{a}^\dagger\hat{a} | n \rangle = \frac{\hbar}{2m\omega} \langle n | 2\hat{a}\hat{a}^\dagger + 1 | n \rangle \\
&= \frac{\hbar}{2m\omega} \langle n | 2\hat{N} + 1 | n \rangle = \frac{\hbar}{2m\omega} (2n + 1) \\
&= \frac{\hbar}{m\omega} \left(n + \frac{1}{2} \right)
\end{aligned}$$

:

$$\langle \hat{p} \rangle = 0;$$

$$\begin{aligned}
\langle \hat{p}^2 \rangle &= -\frac{m\hbar\omega}{2} \langle (a - a^\dagger)^2 \rangle = -\frac{m\hbar\omega}{2} \langle n | \hat{a}^{\dagger 2} + \hat{a}^2 - \hat{a}\hat{a}^\dagger - \hat{a}^\dagger\hat{a} | n \rangle \\
&= \frac{m\hbar\omega}{2} \langle n | \hat{a}\hat{a}^\dagger + \hat{a}^\dagger\hat{a} | n \rangle = \frac{m\hbar\omega}{2} \times 2 \times \langle n | \hat{N} + \frac{1}{2} | n \rangle \\
&= m\hbar\omega \left(n + \frac{1}{2} \right)
\end{aligned}$$

$$(\hat{A}) = \hat{A}_{m,n} = \langle m | \hat{A} | n \rangle \quad -3$$

$$. \hat{a}\hat{a}^\dagger - \hat{a}^\dagger\hat{a} \quad \hat{a}^\dagger\hat{a} \quad \hat{a}\hat{a}^\dagger \quad \hat{a} :$$

:

$$\begin{aligned}
(\hat{a}) &= \begin{pmatrix} 0 & \sqrt{1} & 0 & 0 & \dots \\ 0 & 0 & \sqrt{2} & 0 & \dots \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & \sqrt{3} & \dots \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & \dots \\ \vdots & \vdots & \vdots & \vdots & \vdots \end{pmatrix}; & (\hat{a}^\dagger\hat{a}) &= \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & \dots \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & \dots \\ 0 & 0 & 2 & 0 & \dots \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 3 & \dots \\ \vdots & \vdots & \vdots & \vdots & \vdots \end{pmatrix}; \\
(\hat{a}\hat{a}^\dagger) &= \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & \dots \\ 0 & 2 & 0 & 0 & \dots \\ 0 & 0 & 3 & 0 & \dots \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 4 & \dots \\ \vdots & \vdots & \vdots & \vdots & \vdots \end{pmatrix}; & (\hat{a}\hat{a}^\dagger - \hat{a}^\dagger\hat{a}) &= \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & \dots \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & \dots \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & \dots \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & \dots \\ \vdots & \vdots & \vdots & \vdots & \vdots \end{pmatrix}
\end{aligned}$$

$$. \quad \psi_0 \quad \hat{a} \quad -4$$

:

$$\hat{a}|\psi_0\rangle = 0$$

$$: \quad \hat{p} = -i\hbar \frac{\partial}{\partial x} \quad \hat{a} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2m\hbar\omega}} (m\omega\hat{x} + i\hat{p})$$

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$$\left(i(-i\hbar \frac{d}{dx}) + m\omega x\right)\psi_o(x) = 0$$

$$\left(\hbar \frac{d}{dx} + m\omega x\right)\psi_o(x) = 0$$

:

$$\hbar \frac{d\psi_o(x)}{dx} = -m\omega x \psi_o$$

$$\frac{d\psi_o(x)}{\psi_o} = -\frac{m\omega}{\hbar} x dx$$

:

$$\psi_o(x) = N e^{-\alpha x^2}, \quad \alpha = \frac{m\omega}{2\hbar}$$

$$N^2 = \sqrt{\frac{m\omega}{\pi\hbar}}$$

$$\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \psi_o^2(x) dx = 1$$

N

$$\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} e^{-ax^2} dx = \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{a}}$$

: -5

$$|n\rangle = \frac{(\hat{a}^\dagger)^n}{\sqrt{n!}} |0\rangle$$

$$\hat{a}^\dagger |n\rangle = \sqrt{n+1} |n+1\rangle$$

:

$$\hat{a}^\dagger |0\rangle = \sqrt{1} |1\rangle; \quad \hat{a}^\dagger |1\rangle = \sqrt{2} |2\rangle; \quad \hat{a}^\dagger |2\rangle = \sqrt{3} |3\rangle$$

:

$$|3\rangle = \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} \hat{a}^\dagger |2\rangle = \frac{1}{\sqrt{3 \times 2}} (\hat{a}^\dagger)^2 |1\rangle = \frac{1}{\sqrt{3 \times 2 \times 1}} (\hat{a}^\dagger)^3 |0\rangle$$

$$|n\rangle = \frac{(\hat{a}^\dagger)^n}{\sqrt{n!}} |0\rangle$$

:

t = 0

m

-6

$$|\psi(t=0)\rangle = N (\sqrt{2}|0\rangle + |3\rangle)$$

$$1 = \langle \psi, 0 | \psi, 0 \rangle = N^2 [2\langle 0|0\rangle - \sqrt{2}\langle 0|3\rangle - \sqrt{2}\langle 3|0\rangle + \langle 3|3\rangle]$$

$$= N^2 [2 - 0 - 0 + 1] = 3N^2$$

$$\Rightarrow N = \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}$$

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$$\begin{aligned}
 |\psi, t\rangle &= N \left[\sqrt{2} e^{-iE_0 t/\hbar} |0\rangle - e^{-iE_3 t/\hbar} |3\rangle \right]; & E_n &= \left(n + \frac{1}{2}\right) \hbar \omega \\
 &= \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} \left[\sqrt{2} e^{-i\omega t/2} |0\rangle - e^{-i7\omega t/2} |3\rangle \right]
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \langle \psi, t | \hat{H} | \psi, t \rangle &= \langle \psi, 0 | \hat{H} | \psi, 0 \rangle \\
 &= |N|^2 \left[2E_0 + (-1)^2 E_3 \right] = \frac{2}{3} E_0 + \frac{1}{3} E_3 \\
 &= \frac{3}{2} \hbar \omega
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\hat{H} = \frac{\hat{p}^2}{2m} + \frac{1}{2} m \omega^2 \hat{x}^2$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \langle \psi, t | \hat{V} | \psi, t \rangle &= \langle \psi, 0 | \frac{1}{2} m \omega^2 \hat{x}^2 | \psi, 0 \rangle \\
 &= \frac{1}{4} \hbar \omega |N|^2 \left[2 \langle 0 | 2\hat{a}^\dagger \hat{a} + 1 | 0 \rangle + \langle 3 | 2\hat{a}^\dagger \hat{a} + 1 | 3 \rangle \right] \\
 &= \frac{1}{12} \hbar \omega [2(0+1) + (6+1)] = \frac{3}{4} \hbar \omega
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \hat{V} &= \frac{1}{2} m \omega^2 \hat{x}^2 = \frac{1}{2} m \omega^2 \left[\sqrt{\frac{\hbar}{2m\omega}} (\hat{a} + \hat{a}^\dagger) \right]^2 \\
 &= \frac{1}{4} \hbar \omega (\hat{a}^2 + \hat{a}^\dagger \hat{a} + \hat{a} \hat{a}^\dagger + \hat{a}^{\dagger 2}) \\
 &= \frac{1}{4} \hbar \omega (\hat{a}^2 + 2\hat{a}^\dagger \hat{a} + 1 + \hat{a}^{\dagger 2})
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \hat{a} |m\rangle &= \sqrt{m} |m-1\rangle, \quad \hat{a}^\dagger |m\rangle = \sqrt{m+1} |m+1\rangle, \quad [\hat{a}, \hat{a}^\dagger] = \hat{a} \hat{a}^\dagger - \hat{a}^\dagger \hat{a} = 1 \\
 \langle 0 | \hat{a}^2 | 0 \rangle &= \langle 0 | \hat{a}^2 | 3 \rangle = 0,
 \end{aligned}$$

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$$\langle \hat{A} \rangle = \langle n | \hat{A} | n \rangle \quad -1$$

$\langle \hat{a} \rangle$	0	$\langle \hat{x} \rangle$	0
$\langle \hat{a}^\dagger \rangle$	0	$\langle \hat{p} \rangle$	0
$\langle \hat{a}\hat{a}^\dagger \rangle$	$n+1$	$\langle \hat{x}^2 \rangle$	$\frac{\hbar}{m\omega} \left(n + \frac{1}{2} \right)$
$\langle \hat{a}^\dagger \hat{a} \rangle$	n	$\langle \hat{p}^2 \rangle$	$m\hbar\omega \left(n + \frac{1}{2} \right)$

:

$$\Delta \hat{x} = \sqrt{\langle \hat{x}^2 \rangle - \langle \hat{x} \rangle^2} \quad \Delta \hat{p} = \sqrt{\langle \hat{p}^2 \rangle - \langle \hat{p} \rangle^2}$$

$$\Delta \hat{x} \Delta \hat{p} = \left(n + \frac{1}{2} \right) \hbar$$

:

$$\hat{H} = \frac{\hbar\omega}{2} (\hat{a}^\dagger \hat{a} + \hat{a} \hat{a}^\dagger); \quad [\hat{a}, H] = \hbar\omega \hat{a}; \quad [\hat{a}^\dagger, H] = -\hbar\omega \hat{a}^\dagger$$

$$\cdot \quad |1\rangle \quad \hat{a} \quad -4$$

-5

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$$\hat{H} = \frac{1}{2m} (\hat{p}_x^2 + \hat{p}_y^2) + \frac{k}{2} (\hat{x}^2 + \hat{y}^2), \quad k = m\omega^2$$

$$\hat{H} = (\hat{a}_x^\dagger \hat{a}_x + \hat{a}_y^\dagger \hat{a}_y + 1) \hbar\omega,$$

$$\hat{L}_z = \hat{x}\hat{p}_y - \hat{y}\hat{p}_x = i\hbar(\hat{a}_x \hat{a}_y^\dagger - \hat{a}_x^\dagger \hat{a}_y)$$

$$[\hat{L}_z, \hat{H}] = 0$$

$$\hat{p}_x = i\sqrt{\frac{m\hbar\omega}{2}} (\hat{a}_x^\dagger - \hat{a}_x), \quad \hat{p}_y = i\sqrt{\frac{m\hbar\omega}{2}} (\hat{a}_y^\dagger - \hat{a}_y)$$

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$$[\hat{x}, \hat{y}] = [\hat{x}, \hat{p}_y] = [\hat{y}, \hat{p}_x] = [\hat{p}_x, \hat{p}_y] = 0,$$

$$[\hat{a}_x, \hat{a}_y] = [\hat{a}_x, \hat{a}_y^\dagger] = [\hat{a}_x^\dagger, \hat{a}_y] = [\hat{a}_x^\dagger, \hat{a}_y^\dagger] = 0.$$

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The Linear Harmonic Oscillator Operator

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$$\hat{H} = (\hat{a}_x^\dagger \hat{a}_x + \hat{a}_y^\dagger \hat{a}_y + 1) \hbar \omega$$

$$|n_x, n_y\rangle = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} [|1, 0\rangle + |0, 1\rangle]$$

$$\langle n_x, n_y | \hat{H} | n_x, n_y \rangle = 2\hbar\omega$$

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$$\langle l | \hat{x}^3 | n \rangle = \left(\frac{\hbar}{2m\omega} \right)^{3/2} \times \begin{cases} \sqrt{(n+1)(n+2)(n+3)} & \text{for } l = n+3 \\ 3(n+1)\sqrt{n+1} & \text{for } l = n+1 \\ 3n\sqrt{n} & \text{for } l = n-1 \\ \sqrt{n(n-1)(n-2)} & \text{for } l = n-3 \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

$$\langle l | \hat{x}^4 | n \rangle = \left(\frac{\hbar}{2m\omega} \right)^2 \times \begin{cases} \sqrt{(n+1)(n+2)(n+3)(n+4)} & \text{for } l = n+4 \\ (4n+6)\sqrt{(n+1)(n+2)} & \text{for } l = n+2 \\ 6n^2 + 6n + 3 & \text{for } l = n \\ (4n-2)\sqrt{n(n-1)} & \text{for } l = n-2 \\ \sqrt{n(n-1)(n-2)(n-3)} & \text{for } l = n-4 \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

$$.t = 0 \quad |\psi(t=0)\rangle = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} (|0\rangle + |1\rangle) \quad -8$$

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$$|\psi(t)\rangle = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} (e^{-iE_0 t/\hbar} |0\rangle + e^{-iE_1 t/\hbar} |1\rangle),$$

$$E_0 = \frac{1}{2} \hbar \omega, \quad E_1 = \frac{3}{2} \hbar \omega$$

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$$\langle x(0) \rangle = \langle \psi(0) | x | \psi(0) \rangle = \sqrt{\frac{\hbar}{2m\omega}},$$

$$\langle p(0) \rangle = \langle \psi(0) | p | \psi(0) \rangle = 0,$$

$$\langle x(t) \rangle = \langle \psi(t) | x | \psi(t) \rangle = \sqrt{\frac{\hbar}{2m\omega}} \cos(\omega t),$$

$$\langle p(t) \rangle = \langle \psi(t) | p | \psi(t) \rangle = -\sqrt{\frac{\hbar m \omega}{2}} \sin(\omega t)$$

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$$\langle \dot{x}(t) \rangle = \frac{\langle p(t) \rangle}{m},$$

$$\langle \dot{p}(t) \rangle = -m\omega^2 \langle x(t) \rangle$$

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$$\langle x(t) \rangle = \langle x(0) \rangle \cos(\omega t) + \frac{\langle p(0) \rangle}{m} \sin(\omega t),$$

$$\langle p(t) \rangle = \langle p(0) \rangle \sin(\omega t) - m\omega^2 \langle x(0) \rangle \cos(\omega t)$$