

Orbital Angular Momentum of a One Particle System

110	(Angular momentum in classical mechanics)	1
116	(Angular momentum in cartesian coordinates)	2
116	(Angular momentum in spherical coordinates)	3
117	\hat{L}_z \hat{L}^2	-i
117	(Common eigen functions for \hat{L}_z and \hat{L}^2)	
118	(Eigen values for \hat{L}_z) \hat{L}_z	-ii
	(Eigen values for \hat{L}^2) \hat{L}^2	-iii
126	(Raising and lowering operators)	4
130	(Detail results for the raising and lowering operators)	5
134	(General exercise)	6
138	(Spherical polar coordinates)	(6.A)

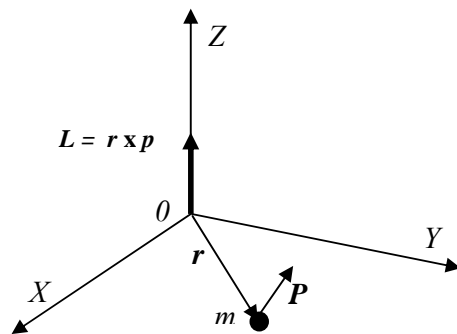
"L"

$$\boldsymbol{\tau} = \mathbf{r} \times \mathbf{F} = \frac{d\mathbf{L}}{dt} = 0$$

:
 L
 (Conservative)

()

-1



$$\mathbf{p} = m \mathbf{v} \quad (1)$$

XY
 (

(1)

$$\mathbf{p} = m\mathbf{v}$$

XY
 "0"

L

$$\mathbf{L} = \mathbf{r} \times \mathbf{p} = \begin{vmatrix} \mathbf{e}_x & \mathbf{e}_y & \mathbf{e}_z \\ x & y & z \\ p_x & p_y & p_z \end{vmatrix} \tag{1}$$

$$\mathbf{L} \quad \cdot \quad X, Y, Z \quad \cdot \quad \mathbf{e}_x, \mathbf{e}_y, \mathbf{e}_z$$

\mathbf{r}, \mathbf{p}

$: \quad X, Y, Z$

$$\begin{aligned} L_x &= yp_z - zp_y; \\ L_y &= zp_x - xp_z; \\ L_z &= xp_y - yp_x \end{aligned} \tag{2}$$

\mathbf{L}

-2

$$\mathbf{L} \quad (j \equiv x, y, z) \quad \hat{p}_j = -i\hbar \frac{\partial}{\partial j}$$

:

Classical Mechanics

Quantum Mechanics

$$\begin{aligned} L_x = yp_z - zp_y; & \quad \hat{L}_x = \hat{y}\hat{p}_z - \hat{z}\hat{p}_y = -i\hbar \left(y \frac{\partial}{\partial z} - z \frac{\partial}{\partial y} \right) \\ L_y = zp_x - xp_z; & \quad \hat{L}_y = \hat{z}\hat{p}_x - \hat{x}\hat{p}_z = -i\hbar \left(z \frac{\partial}{\partial x} - x \frac{\partial}{\partial z} \right) \\ L_z = xp_y - yp_x; & \quad \hat{L}_z = \hat{x}\hat{p}_y - \hat{y}\hat{p}_x = -i\hbar \left(x \frac{\partial}{\partial y} - y \frac{\partial}{\partial x} \right) \\ L^2 = L_x^2 + L_y^2 + L_z^2; & \quad \hat{L}^2 = \hat{L}_x^2 + \hat{L}_y^2 + \hat{L}_z^2 \end{aligned} \tag{3}$$

()

(3)

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \cdot \left(\hat{L}_x \right)^\dagger = \hat{L}_x \quad : \\
 & \quad \quad \quad : \quad \hat{L}_x \quad : \\
 \left(\hat{L}_x \right)^\dagger &= \left(\hat{y} \hat{p}_z - \hat{z} \hat{p}_y \right)^\dagger \\
 &= \left(\hat{y} \hat{p}_z \right)^\dagger - \left(\hat{z} \hat{p}_y \right)^\dagger \\
 &= \hat{p}_z^\dagger \hat{y}^\dagger - \hat{p}_y^\dagger \hat{z}^\dagger \\
 &= \hat{p}_z \hat{y} - \hat{p}_y \hat{z} \\
 &= \hat{y} \hat{p}_z - \hat{z} \hat{p}_y \\
 &= \hat{L}_x \\
 \left(\hat{A} + \hat{B} \right)^\dagger &= \hat{A}^\dagger + \hat{B}^\dagger, \left(\hat{A} \hat{B} \right)^\dagger = \hat{B}^\dagger \hat{A}^\dagger :
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \cdot \quad \hat{L}_z \quad (x \pm iy)^m \quad : \\
 & \quad \quad \quad : \quad (x \pm iy)^m \quad \hat{L}_z \quad : \\
 \hat{L}_z (x \pm iy)^m &= \left(\hat{x} \hat{p}_y - \hat{y} \hat{p}_x \right) (x \pm iy)^m \\
 &= -i \hbar \left(x \frac{\partial}{\partial y} - y \frac{\partial}{\partial x} \right) (x \pm iy)^m \\
 &= \pm \hbar m x (x \pm iy)^{m-1} + \hbar m i y (x \pm iy)^{m-1} \\
 &= \pm \hbar m (x \pm iy) (x \pm iy)^{m-1} \\
 &= \pm \hbar m (x \pm iy)^m \\
 \cdot \pm \hbar m & \quad (x \pm iy)^m
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \quad \quad \quad : \\
 \left[\hat{L}_x, \hat{L}_y \right] &= \hat{L}_x \hat{L}_y - \hat{L}_y \hat{L}_x = i \hbar \hat{L}_z \\
 & \quad \quad \quad : \\
 \left[\hat{L}_x, \hat{L}_y \right] &= \left[\hat{y} \hat{p}_z - \hat{z} \hat{p}_y, \hat{z} \hat{p}_x - \hat{x} \hat{p}_z \right]
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
[\hat{L}_x, \hat{L}_y] &= (\hat{y}\hat{p}_z - \hat{z}\hat{p}_y)(\hat{z}\hat{p}_x - \hat{x}\hat{p}_z) - (\hat{z}\hat{p}_x - \hat{x}\hat{p}_z)(\hat{y}\hat{p}_z - \hat{z}\hat{p}_y) \\
&= \hat{y}\hat{p}_z\hat{z}\hat{p}_x - \hat{y}\hat{p}_z\hat{x}\hat{p}_z - \hat{z}\hat{p}_y\hat{z}\hat{p}_x + \hat{z}\hat{p}_y\hat{x}\hat{p}_z \\
&\quad - \hat{z}\hat{p}_x\hat{y}\hat{p}_z + \hat{z}\hat{p}_x\hat{z}\hat{p}_y + \hat{x}\hat{p}_z\hat{y}\hat{p}_z - \hat{x}\hat{p}_z\hat{z}\hat{p}_y \\
&= \hat{y}\hat{p}_z\hat{z}\hat{p}_x + \hat{z}\hat{p}_y\hat{x}\hat{p}_z - \hat{z}\hat{p}_x\hat{y}\hat{p}_z - \hat{x}\hat{p}_z\hat{z}\hat{p}_y \\
&= \hat{y}\hat{p}_x(\hat{p}_z\hat{z} - \hat{z}\hat{p}_z) + \hat{p}_y\hat{x}(\hat{z}\hat{p}_z - \hat{p}_z\hat{z}) \\
&= i\hbar(-\hat{y}\hat{p}_x + \hat{p}_y\hat{x}) \\
&= i\hbar\hat{L}_z
\end{aligned}$$

:

$$\begin{aligned}
[\hat{L}_x, \hat{L}_y] &= [\hat{y}\hat{p}_z - \hat{z}\hat{p}_y, \hat{L}_y] \\
&= \hat{y} \underbrace{[\hat{p}_z, \hat{L}_y]}_I + \underbrace{[\hat{y}, \hat{L}_y]}_{=0} \hat{p}_z - \hat{z} \underbrace{[\hat{p}_y, \hat{L}_y]}_{=0} + \underbrace{[\hat{z}, \hat{L}_y]}_{II} \hat{p}_y
\end{aligned}$$

:

$$\begin{aligned}
I &= [\hat{p}_z, \hat{L}_y] = [\hat{p}_z, (\hat{z}\hat{p}_x - \hat{x}\hat{p}_z)] \\
&= [\hat{p}_z, \hat{z}\hat{p}_x] - [\hat{p}_z, \hat{x}\hat{p}_z] \\
&= \hat{z} \underbrace{[\hat{p}_z, \hat{p}_x]}_{=0} + \underbrace{[\hat{p}_z, \hat{z}]}_{=-i\hbar} \hat{p}_x - \hat{x} \underbrace{[\hat{p}_z, \hat{p}_z]}_{=0} + \underbrace{[\hat{p}_z, \hat{x}]}_{=0} \hat{p}_z = \\
&= -i\hbar\hat{p}_x,
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
II &= [\hat{z}, \hat{L}_y] = [\hat{z}, (\hat{z}\hat{p}_x - \hat{x}\hat{p}_z)] \\
&= [\hat{z}, \hat{z}\hat{p}_x] - [\hat{z}, \hat{x}\hat{p}_z] \\
&= \hat{z} \underbrace{[\hat{z}, \hat{p}_x]}_{=0} + \underbrace{[\hat{z}, \hat{z}]}_{=0} \hat{p}_x - \hat{x} \underbrace{[\hat{z}, \hat{p}_z]}_{=-i\hbar} + \underbrace{[\hat{z}, \hat{x}]}_{=0} \hat{p}_z \\
&= -i\hbar\hat{x}
\end{aligned}$$

:

$$[\hat{L}_x, \hat{L}_y] = \hat{y}(-i\hbar\hat{p}_x) - (-i\hbar\hat{x})\hat{p}_y = i\hbar(\hat{x}\hat{p}_y - \hat{y}\hat{p}_x) = i\hbar\hat{L}_z$$

$$[\hat{L}_y, \hat{L}_z] = \hat{L}_y \hat{L}_z - \hat{L}_z \hat{L}_y = i \hbar \hat{L}_x$$

$$\begin{aligned} [\hat{L}_y, \hat{L}_z] &= [\hat{z}\hat{p}_x - \hat{x}\hat{p}_z, \hat{L}_z] \\ &= [\hat{z}\hat{p}_x, \hat{L}_z] - [\hat{x}\hat{p}_z, \hat{L}_z] \\ &= \hat{z} \underbrace{[\hat{p}_x, \hat{L}_z]}_{=-i\hbar\hat{p}_y} + \underbrace{[\hat{z}, \hat{L}_z]}_{=0} \hat{p}_x - \hat{x} \underbrace{[\hat{p}_z, \hat{L}_z]}_{=0} - \underbrace{[\hat{x}, \hat{L}_z]}_{=-i\hbar\hat{y}} \hat{p}_z \\ &= i \hbar (\hat{y}\hat{p}_z - \hat{z}\hat{p}_y) = i \hbar \hat{L}_x \end{aligned}$$

$$[\hat{L}_z, \hat{L}_x] = \hat{L}_z \hat{L}_x - \hat{L}_x \hat{L}_z = i \hbar \hat{L}_y$$

- 1- $[\hat{L}_z, \hat{L}_y] = -i \hbar \hat{L}_x$, $[\hat{L}_x, \hat{L}_z] = -i \hbar \hat{L}_y$, $[\hat{L}_y, \hat{L}_x] = -i \hbar \hat{L}_z$
 2- $[\hat{x}, \hat{L}_x] = 0$, $[\hat{x}, \hat{L}_y] = i \hbar \hat{z}$, $[\hat{x}, \hat{L}_z] = -i \hbar \hat{y}$
-

$$\hat{L}_x, \hat{L}_y, \hat{L}_z$$

$$\hat{L}^2$$

$$[L^2, \hat{L}_x] = 0$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 [L^2, \hat{L}_x] &= [L_x^2 + L_y^2 + L_z^2, \hat{L}_x] \\
 &= [\hat{L}_x^2, \hat{L}_x] + [\hat{L}_y^2, \hat{L}_x] + [\hat{L}_z^2, \hat{L}_x] \\
 &= 0 + \hat{L}_y [\hat{L}_y, \hat{L}_x] + [\hat{L}_y, \hat{L}_x] \hat{L}_y + \hat{L}_z [\hat{L}_z, \hat{L}_x] + [\hat{L}_z, \hat{L}_x] \hat{L}_z \\
 &= \hat{L}_y (-i\hbar\hat{L}_z) + (-i\hbar\hat{L}_z) \hat{L}_y + \hat{L}_z (-i\hbar\hat{L}_y) + (-i\hbar\hat{L}_y) \hat{L}_z \\
 &= i\hbar [\hat{L}_z, \hat{L}_y] + i\hbar [\hat{L}_y, \hat{L}_z] \\
 &= i\hbar (-i\hbar\hat{L}_x) + i\hbar (i\hbar\hat{L}_x) \\
 &= 0
 \end{aligned}$$

:

$$[L_x^2, \hat{L}_x] = [L^2, \hat{L}_y] = [L^2, \hat{L}_z] = 0$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 |\mathbf{r}| &= \sqrt{x^2 + y^2 + z^2} & \mathbf{r} & & f(|\mathbf{r}|) &\equiv f(r) & : \\
 & & & & \cdot & [\hat{L}_z, f(r)] & :
 \end{aligned}$$

:

$$\begin{aligned}
 [\hat{L}_z, f(r)]\psi &= \hat{L}_z f(r)\psi - f(r)\hat{L}_z\psi = \\
 &= i\hbar \left(y \frac{\partial}{\partial x} - x \frac{\partial}{\partial y} \right) f\psi - f i\hbar \left(y \frac{\partial}{\partial x} - x \frac{\partial}{\partial y} \right) \psi \\
 &= i\hbar \psi \left(y \frac{\partial}{\partial x} - x \frac{\partial}{\partial y} \right) f + \cancel{f i\hbar \left(y \frac{\partial}{\partial x} - x \frac{\partial}{\partial y} \right) \psi} - \cancel{f i\hbar \left(y \frac{\partial}{\partial x} - x \frac{\partial}{\partial y} \right) \psi} \\
 &= i\hbar \left(y \frac{\partial f}{\partial x} - x \frac{\partial f}{\partial y} \right) \psi \\
 &= i\hbar \left(y \frac{x}{r} - x \frac{y}{r} \right) \psi = 0
 \end{aligned}$$

$$f(r) \hat{L}_z$$

:

$$\frac{\partial f}{\partial x} = \frac{\partial f(r)}{\partial r} \frac{\partial r}{\partial x} = \frac{x}{r}, \quad \frac{\partial f}{\partial y} = \frac{\partial f(r)}{\partial r} \frac{\partial r}{\partial y} = \frac{y}{r}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & : \\
 & \quad |\varphi\rangle = |\varphi + 2\pi\rangle \\
 & : \quad \varphi = \{0, 2\pi\} \\
 & A e^{ib\varphi/\hbar} = A e^{ib\varphi/\hbar} e^{ib 2\pi/\hbar} \\
 & : \quad e^{ib 2\pi/\hbar} = 1 \\
 & 2\pi(b/\hbar) = 2\pi m, \\
 & \Rightarrow b = m\hbar \quad m = 0, \pm 1, \pm 2, \dots
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \boxed{|\varphi\rangle = A e^{im\varphi}}, \quad m = 0, \pm 1, \pm 2, \dots \quad (10) \\
 & \hat{L}_z \quad m \quad (10) \\
 & \langle \varphi | \varphi \rangle = \int_0^{2\pi} (A e^{im\varphi})^* (A e^{im\varphi}) d\varphi = 1 \Rightarrow \boxed{A = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}}}.
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \hat{L}^2 \quad -\text{iii} \\
 & : |\theta, \varphi\rangle \quad (4) \quad \hat{L}^2
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\hat{L}^2 |\theta, \varphi\rangle = -\hbar^2 \left[\frac{1}{\sin\theta} \frac{\partial}{\partial\theta} \left(\sin\theta \frac{\partial}{\partial\theta} \right) + \frac{1}{\sin^2\theta} \frac{\partial^2}{\partial\varphi^2} \right] |\theta, \varphi\rangle \quad (11)$$

$$\hat{L}^2 |\theta, \varphi\rangle = c |\theta, \varphi\rangle = \hbar^2 l(l+1) |\theta, \varphi\rangle \quad (12)$$

$$(11) \quad |\varphi\rangle = \frac{e^{im\varphi}}{\sqrt{2\pi}} \quad |\theta, \varphi\rangle = |\theta\rangle |\varphi\rangle$$

$$-\frac{\hbar^2}{\sqrt{2\pi}} \left[\frac{1}{\sin\theta} \frac{\partial}{\partial\theta} \left(\sin\theta \frac{\partial}{\partial\theta} \right) + \frac{1}{\sin^2\theta} \frac{\partial^2}{\partial\varphi^2} \right] |\theta\rangle e^{im\varphi} = \frac{\hbar^2 l(l+1)}{\sqrt{2\pi}} |\theta\rangle e^{im\varphi} \quad (13)$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{\partial^2}{\partial\varphi^2} |\varphi\rangle = -m^2 |\varphi\rangle \\
 & : \quad (13)
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\left\{ \frac{1}{\sin \theta} \frac{\partial}{\partial \theta} \left(\sin \theta \frac{\partial}{\partial \theta} \right) + \left[l(l+1) - \frac{m^2}{\sin^2 \theta} \right] \right\} |\theta\rangle = 0 \quad (14)$$

(B) (14)

: $P_l^m(\cos \theta)$

$$|\theta\rangle = C_{lm} P_l^m(\cos \theta) \quad (15)$$

$$P_l^m(x) = (1-x^2)^{|m|/2} \frac{d^{|m|}}{dx^{|m|}} P_l(x), \quad P_l^{-m}(x) = P_l^m(x)$$

$$P_l(x) = \frac{1}{2^l l!} \frac{d^l}{dx^l} (x^2-1)^l, \quad P_l(-x) = (-1)^l P_l(x)$$

:

$$P_0(x) = 1, \quad P_1(x) = x, \quad P_2(x) = \frac{1}{2}(3x^2 - 1),$$

$$P_1^1(x) = \sqrt{1-x^2}, \quad P_2^1(x) = 3x\sqrt{1-x^2}, \quad P_2^2(x) = 3(1-x^2)$$

:

$$\int_0^\pi P_l^m(\cos \theta) P_l^m(\cos \theta) \sin \theta d\theta = \frac{2}{2l+1} \frac{(l+m)!}{(l-m)!} \delta_{ll} \quad (16)$$

C_{lm}

$$\langle \theta, \varphi | \theta, \varphi \rangle = \frac{|C_{lm}|^2}{2\pi} \int_0^{2\pi} d\varphi \int_0^\pi |P_l^m(\cos \theta)|^2 \sin \theta d\theta = 1 \quad (17)$$

$$C_{l,m} = (-1)^m \sqrt{\frac{(2l+1)(l-m)!}{2(l+m)!}}, \quad (18)$$

:

$$\begin{aligned}
 |\theta, \varphi\rangle &= (-1)^m \sqrt{\frac{(2l+1)(l-m)!}{4\pi(l+m)!}} P_l^m(\cos\theta) e^{im\varphi} \\
 &\equiv Y_{l,m}(\theta, \varphi)
 \end{aligned}
 \tag{19}$$

$$(B) \quad Y_{l,m}(\theta, \varphi) \quad .l \geq m$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 Y_{00}(\theta, \varphi) &= \frac{1}{\sqrt{4\pi}}, \quad Y_{10}(\theta, \varphi) = \sqrt{\frac{3}{4\pi}} \cos\theta, \\
 Y_{1\pm 1}(\theta, \varphi) &= \mp \sqrt{\frac{3}{8\pi}} \sin\theta e^{\pm i\varphi}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$|l, m\rangle = (6-r)re^{-r/3} \cos\theta$$

.l m

$$\begin{aligned}
 |l, m\rangle &= \underbrace{(6-r)re^{-r/3}}_{f(r)} \underbrace{\cos\theta}_{f(\theta)} \\
 &= f(r)f(\theta)
 \end{aligned}$$

.m = 0

: m

$$\hat{L}_z \psi = f(r)f(\theta) \left[-i\hbar \frac{\partial}{\partial \varphi} f(\varphi) \right] = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow m = 0$$

: l

$$\hat{L}^2 \psi = \hat{L}^2 f(r) \cos\theta$$

$$= -\hbar^2 f(r) \left[\frac{1}{\sin\theta} \frac{\partial}{\partial \theta} \left(\sin\theta \frac{\partial}{\partial \theta} \right) + \frac{1}{\sin^2\theta} \frac{\partial^2}{\partial \varphi^2} \right] \cos\theta$$

$$= \hbar^2 2f(r) \cos\theta$$

$$\hat{L}^2 \psi = l(l+1)\hbar^2 \psi$$

$$. l = 1$$

$$\psi(r) = \sum_l a_{l,m_l} |l, m_l\rangle = \frac{1}{2\sqrt{6}} [3|0,0\rangle + 2|1,1\rangle - |1,0\rangle + \sqrt{10}|1,-1\rangle]$$

$$a_{0,0} = \frac{3}{2\sqrt{6}}, \quad a_{1,1} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{6}}, \quad a_{1,0} = -\frac{1}{2\sqrt{6}}, \quad a_{1,-1} = \frac{\sqrt{10}}{2\sqrt{6}}$$

$$\sum_l |a_{l,m_l}|^2 = 1$$

$$\begin{aligned} \langle L_z \rangle &= \sum_l m_l \hbar |a_{l,m_l}|^2 \\ &= (0\hbar)|a_{0,0}|^2 + (0\hbar)|a_{1,0}|^2 + (\hbar)|a_{1,1}|^2 + (-\hbar)|a_{1,-1}|^2 \\ &= (0\hbar)\left(\frac{9}{24} + \frac{1}{24}\right) + (\hbar)\left(\frac{4}{24}\right) + (-\hbar)\left(\frac{10}{24}\right) \\ &= -\frac{1}{4}\hbar, \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \langle \hat{L}_z^2 \rangle &= \sum_l (m_l \hbar)^2 |a_{l,m_l}|^2 \\ &= (0\hbar)^2 |a_{0,0}|^2 + (0\hbar)^2 |a_{1,0}|^2 + (\hbar)^2 |a_{1,1}|^2 + (-\hbar)^2 |a_{1,-1}|^2 \\ &= (0\hbar^2)\left(\frac{9}{24} + \frac{1}{24}\right) + (\hbar^2)\left(\frac{4}{24}\right) + (\hbar^2)\left(\frac{10}{24}\right) \\ &= \frac{7}{12}\hbar^2 \end{aligned}$$

$$\psi(\varphi) = A \sin^2 \varphi$$

$$\int \psi^2(\varphi) d\varphi = A^2 \int_0^{2\pi} \sin^4 \varphi d\varphi = A^2 \left(\frac{3\pi}{4} \right) = 1 \tag{-1}$$

$$\Rightarrow A = \frac{2}{\sqrt{3\pi}}$$

$$\sin^2 \varphi = \left(\frac{e^{i\varphi} - e^{-i\varphi}}{2i} \right)^2 = \left(\frac{2}{4} - \frac{1}{4} e^{2i\varphi} - \frac{1}{4} e^{-2i\varphi} \right)$$

$$: 2, 0, -2 \quad m$$

$$: a_m$$

$$a_0 = \frac{2}{4}, \quad a_2 = -\frac{1}{4}, \quad a_{-2} = -\frac{1}{4}$$

$$: m \tag{-3}$$

$$P(m=0) = (2\pi) A^2 \times \frac{4}{16} = (2\pi) \left(\frac{4}{3\pi} \right) \times \frac{4}{16} = \frac{2}{3},$$

$$P(m=2) = P(m=-2) = (2\pi) A^2 \times \frac{1}{16} = (2\pi) \left(\frac{4}{3\pi} \right) \times \frac{1}{16} = \frac{1}{6} \cdot 2\pi$$

$$: \langle L_z \rangle, \langle L_z^2 \rangle \tag{-4}$$

$$\langle L_z \rangle = \sum_i m_i \hbar |a_{m_i}|^2 = (0 \hbar)^2 |a_0|^2 + (+\hbar) |a_2|^2 + (-\hbar) |a_{-2}|^2$$

$$= (0 \times \frac{2}{3} + 2 \times \frac{1}{6} - 2 \times \frac{1}{6}) \hbar = 0,$$

$$\begin{aligned} \langle \hat{L}_z^2 \rangle &= \sum_i (m_i \hbar)^2 |a_{m_i}|^2 = (0 \hbar)^2 |a_0|^2 + (2 \hbar)^2 |a_2|^2 + (-2 \hbar)^2 |a_{-2}|^2 \\ &= (0^2 \times \frac{2}{3} + 2^2 \times \frac{1}{6} + 2^2 \times \frac{1}{6}) \hbar^2 = \frac{4}{3} \hbar^2 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \sum P_i &= A^2 (|a_0|^2 + |a_2|^2 + |a_{-2}|^2) = 1 \quad \Rightarrow A^2 \left(\frac{4}{16} + \frac{1}{16} + \frac{1}{16} \right) = 1 \\ &\Rightarrow A = 2\sqrt{\frac{2}{3}} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} P(m=0) &= A^2 \times |a_0|^2 = \frac{8}{3} \times \frac{4}{16} = \frac{4}{3} \\ P(m=2) &= P(m=-2) = A^2 \times |a_2|^2 = \frac{8}{3} \times \frac{1}{16} = \frac{1}{6} \end{aligned}$$

$$\hat{H} = \frac{\hat{L}^2}{2I} \quad \text{(Rigid Rotator)} \quad :$$

$$|\hat{L}^2| = \hbar^2 l(l+1) \quad ; \quad |\hat{L}_z^2|$$

$$|\theta, \varphi\rangle = N \left[\underset{a_{0,0}}{\downarrow} 1 Y_{0,0} + \underbrace{(1+3i)}_{a_{1,-1}} Y_{1,-1} + \underset{a_{2,-1}}{\downarrow} 2 Y_{2,-1} + \underset{a_{2,0}}{\downarrow} 1 Y_{2,0} \right]$$

$$: N^2 \sum_{l,m} |a_{l,m}|^2 = 1 \quad N \quad .1$$

$$\begin{aligned} N^2 [1 + (1+3i)(1-3i) + 4 + 1] &= N^2 [1 + (1+9) + 4 + 1] = 1 \\ &\Rightarrow N = 1/4 \end{aligned}$$

$$l = 0 \quad .2$$

$$\begin{aligned} P(l=0) &= N^2 |a_{0,0}|^2 \\ &= \frac{1}{4^2} = \frac{1}{16} \end{aligned}$$

$$m = 0 \quad .3$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 P(m=0) &= N^2 [|a_{0,0}|^2 + |a_{2,0}|^2] \\
 &= \frac{1+1}{4^2} = \frac{1}{8} \\
 L_z &= -\hbar \quad .4
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 P(L_z = -\hbar) &= N^2 [|a_{1,-1}|^2 + |a_{2,-1}|^2] \\
 &= \frac{10+4}{4^2} = \frac{7}{8} \\
 L^2 &= 6\hbar^2 \quad .5
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 P(L^2 = 6\hbar^2 \Rightarrow l=2) &= N^2 [|a_{2,-1}|^2 + |a_{2,0}|^2] \\
 &= \frac{4+1}{4^2} = \frac{5}{16} \\
 E &= 2\hbar^2 / 2I \quad .6
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 P(E = \frac{\hbar^2}{2I} 1(1+1) \Rightarrow l=1) &= N^2 [|a_{1,-1}|^2] \\
 &= \frac{9+1}{4^2} = \frac{5}{8} \\
 &\quad \langle E \rangle \quad .7
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \langle E \rangle &= \sum_{l,m} \frac{\langle \theta, \varphi | \hat{L}^2 | \theta, \varphi \rangle}{2I} = \frac{N^2}{2I} \sum_{l,m} |a_{l,m}|^2 l(l+1)\hbar^2 \\
 &= \frac{N^2}{2I} [0(0+1)\hbar^2 + 10 \times 1(1+1)\hbar^2 + (4+1) \times 2(2+1)\hbar^2] \\
 &= \frac{25}{16I} \hbar^2
 \end{aligned}$$

-4

$$\hat{L}^2 |l, m\rangle = l(l+1)\hbar^2 |l, m\rangle$$

$$\hat{L}_z |l, m\rangle = m\hbar |l, m\rangle$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \hat{L}_z \hat{L}^2 \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad : \\
 & \left. \begin{aligned}
 [\hat{L}_j, \hat{L}_k] &= i\hbar\hat{L}_l, \\
 [\hat{L}^2, \hat{L}_j] &= 0
 \end{aligned} \right\} \quad (j, k, l \text{ cyclic}) \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \cdot \qquad \qquad \qquad m \quad l \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad : \\
 & \hat{L}_+ \equiv \hat{L}_x + i\hat{L}_y \qquad \qquad \qquad (20) \\
 & \hat{L}_- \equiv \hat{L}_x - i\hat{L}_y \qquad \qquad \qquad (21)
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\hat{L}_x = \frac{1}{2}(\hat{L}_+ + \hat{L}_-), \quad \hat{L}_y = \frac{1}{2i}(\hat{L}_+ - \hat{L}_-)$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \hat{L}_+ \hat{L}_- = \hat{L}^2 - \hat{L}_z^2 + \hbar\hat{L}_z \qquad \qquad \qquad : \\
 & \qquad \qquad \hat{L}_- \hat{L}_+ \qquad \qquad \qquad : \\
 & \hat{L}_+ \hat{L}_- = (\hat{L}_x + i\hat{L}_y)(\hat{L}_x - i\hat{L}_y) \\
 & \qquad \qquad = \hat{L}_x^2 + \hat{L}_y^2 - i(\hat{L}_x \hat{L}_y - \hat{L}_y \hat{L}_x) \\
 & \qquad \qquad = \hat{L}_x^2 + \hat{L}_y^2 - i[\hat{L}_x, \hat{L}_y] \\
 & \qquad \qquad = \hat{L}_x^2 + \hat{L}_y^2 + \hbar\hat{L}_z = \hat{L}^2 - \hat{L}_z^2 + \hbar\hat{L}_z
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\hat{L}_- \hat{L}_+ = \hat{L}^2 - \hat{L}_z^2 - \hbar\hat{L}_z$$

$$[\hat{L}_z, \hat{L}_\pm] = \pm \hbar \hat{L}_\pm, \quad [\hat{L}^2, \hat{L}_\pm] = 0, \quad [\hat{L}_+, \hat{L}_-] = 2\hbar \hat{L}_z, \quad \hat{L}_\pm^\dagger = \hat{L}_\mp$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \hat{L}_z \quad \hat{L}_+ \quad |l, m\rangle \\ & : \quad [\hat{L}_z, \hat{L}_+] = \hbar \hat{L}_+ \\ \hat{L}_z (\hat{L}_+ |l, m\rangle) &= \{\hat{L}_+ \hat{L}_z + \hbar \hat{L}_+\} |l, m\rangle \\ &= \{m \hbar \hat{L}_+ + \hbar \hat{L}_+\} |l, m\rangle \\ &= (m+1)\hbar (\hat{L}_+ |l, m\rangle) \end{aligned} \tag{22}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \hat{L}_+ |l, m\rangle &= \hbar (m+1) \hat{L}_+ |l, m\rangle \\ & \text{(Raising Operator)} \end{aligned} \tag{22}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \hat{L}_z \quad \hat{L}_- \\ & : \quad [\hat{L}_z, \hat{L}_-] = -\hbar \hat{L}_- \\ \hat{L}_z (\hat{L}_- |l, m\rangle) &= \{\hat{L}_- \hat{L}_z + \hbar \hat{L}_-\} |l, m\rangle \\ &= \{m \hbar \hat{L}_- - \hbar \hat{L}_-\} |l, m\rangle = (m-1)\hbar (\hat{L}_- |l, m\rangle) \end{aligned} \tag{23}$$

$$\begin{aligned} (\hat{L}_- |l, m\rangle) &= \hbar (m-1) \hat{L}_- |l, m\rangle \\ & \text{(Lowering Operators)} \end{aligned} \tag{23}$$

$$\begin{aligned} |l, m\rangle & \hat{L}_+ \\ m & : \\ \cdot & \hat{L}^2 - \hat{L}_z^2 \\ : & \hat{L}^2 - \hat{L}_z^2 \end{aligned} \tag{23}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \hat{L}^2 - \hat{L}_z^2 &= \hat{L}_x^2 + \hat{L}_y^2 \geq 0 \\ \hat{L}_+ |l, m_{\max}\rangle &= 0 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} &: |l, m_{\max}\rangle \quad \hat{L}^2 - \hat{L}_z^2 \\ \{\hat{L}^2 - \hat{L}_z^2\} |l, m_{\max}\rangle &= \{\hat{L}_- \hat{L}_+ + \hbar \hat{L}_z\} |l, m_{\max}\rangle \end{aligned} \quad (23)$$

$$\{\hat{L}_- \hat{L}_+ + \hbar \hat{L}_z\} |l, m_{\max}\rangle = 0 + m_{\max} \hbar^2 |l, m_{\max}\rangle \quad (24 a)$$

$$\hat{L}^2 - \hat{L}_z^2 |l, m_{\max}\rangle = \hat{L}^2 |l, m_{\max}\rangle - m_{\max}^2 \hbar^2 |l, m_{\max}\rangle \quad (24 b)$$

: (24 b) (24 a)

$$\hat{L}^2 |l, m_{\max}\rangle = m_{\max} (m_{\max} + 1) \hbar^2 |l, m_{\max}\rangle \quad (26)$$

$$m_{\max} (m_{\max} + 1) \hbar^2 \hat{L}^2 \quad (26)$$

$$m_{\max} = l \quad l(l+1)\hbar^2$$

) \hat{L}_- 3 -

$$\hat{L}_- |l, m_{\min}\rangle = 0 : m_{\min} \quad ($$

:4

$$(\hat{L}^2 - \hat{L}_z^2) |l, m_{\min}\rangle = (\hat{L}_+ \hat{L}_- - \hbar \hat{L}_z) |l, m_{\min}\rangle \quad (27)$$

:

$$\hat{L}^2 |l, m_{\min}\rangle - m_{\min}^2 \hbar^2 |l, m_{\min}\rangle = 0 - m_{\min} \hbar^2 |l, m_{\min}\rangle$$

$$\Rightarrow \hat{L}^2 |l, m_{\min}\rangle = m_{\min} (m_{\min} - 1) \hbar^2 |l, m_{\min}\rangle \quad (28)$$

$$\hat{L}^2 \quad (28) \quad -$$

$$\hat{L}^2 \quad m_{\min} (m_{\min} - 1) \hbar^2 \quad l(l+1)\hbar^2$$

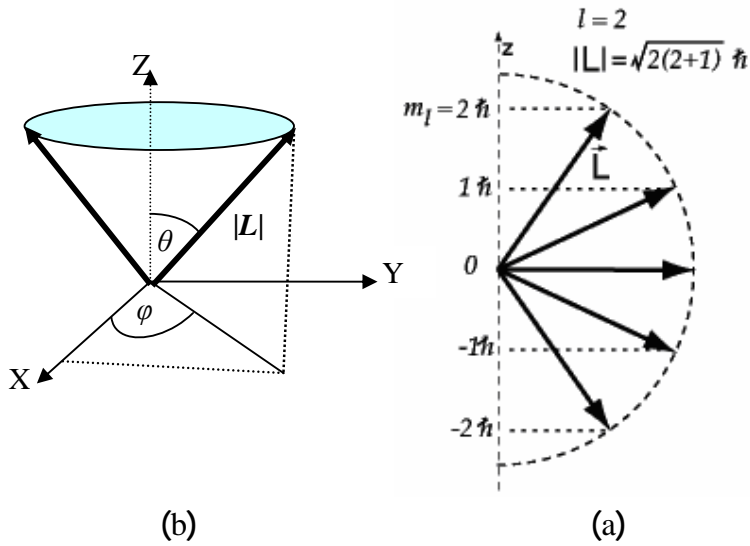
$$\begin{aligned}
 & l(l+1)\hbar^2 = m_{\min}(m_{\min}-1)\hbar^2 \\
 & : \quad l^2 + l - m_{\min}(m_{\min}-1) = 0 \\
 l = & \frac{-1 \pm \sqrt{1 - 4m_{\min}(m_{\min}-1)}}{2} = \frac{-1 \pm \sqrt{1 - 4m_{\min} + 4m_{\min}^2}}{2} \\
 & = \frac{-1 \pm (1 - 2m_{\min})}{2} \quad : \\
 & l = -m_{\min} \quad \text{or} \quad l = m_{\min} - 1 \quad (29)
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 m_{\min} = -l & \quad m \quad m_{\min} \\
 & \quad \cdot \quad l = m_{\min} - 1 \\
 \hat{L}_z & \quad l, m \\
 : & \quad \cdot \quad "l" \quad \hat{L}^2 \\
 & \quad (m = 0, \pm 1, \pm 2, \dots) \quad m \\
 & \quad \cdot m_{\min} = -l \quad l = m_{\max} \\
 & : \quad m = -l, -l + 1, \dots, 0, \dots, l - 1, l \\
 m_{\max} = -m_{\min} + k & \Rightarrow l = -l + k \\
 & \Rightarrow 2l = k \quad (30) \\
 : & \quad \cdot (\quad) \quad k \\
 & : \quad l \\
 l = & \begin{cases} \text{Integer} \\ \frac{1}{2} \times \text{Odd Integer} \end{cases} \quad (31)
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \cdot \quad l \\
 & l = 2 \quad | \hat{L}_z | \quad | \hat{L} | \quad :
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & : \quad l=2 \quad |\hat{L}_z| \quad |\hat{L}| \quad : \\
 |\hat{L}| &= \sqrt{l(l+1)}\hbar = \sqrt{2(2+1)}\hbar = \sqrt{6}\hbar \\
 |\hat{L}_z| &= m_l\hbar \equiv \{-2\hbar, -1\hbar, 0, 2\hbar, 1\hbar\}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & . l=2 \quad m_l \quad : \\
 & :
 \end{aligned}$$



(b) (a) $l=2$ (3)

$$\begin{aligned}
 & (|\hat{L}_z| = m_l \hbar = m \hbar) \quad z \\
 \cos \theta &= \frac{m}{\sqrt{l(l+1)}} \quad \theta \quad Z \quad |\hat{L}| \quad (b) \quad \hbar \\
 & \hat{L}_z \quad Z \quad \varphi \\
 & \quad \quad \quad \cdot |\hat{L}|
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & . l=1 \quad |l, m\rangle \quad \hat{L}^2 \quad \hat{L}_z \quad : \\
 . 3 \times 3 & \quad m_l = 1, 0, -1 \quad l=1 \quad : \\
 & : \quad \hat{L}_z
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 (\hat{L}_z) &= \langle m' | \hat{L}_z | m \rangle = m \hbar \underbrace{\langle m' | m \rangle}_{\delta_{m'm}} = \hbar \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & -1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{matrix} |11\rangle \\ |10\rangle \\ |1-1\rangle \end{matrix} \\
 &: \hat{L}^2 \\
 (\hat{L}^2) &= \langle l' | \hat{L}^2 | l \rangle = l(l+1)\hbar^2 \underbrace{\langle l' | l \rangle}_{\delta_{l'l}} = 2\hbar^2 \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{matrix} |11\rangle \\ |10\rangle \\ |1-1\rangle \end{matrix}
 \end{aligned}$$

-5

$$\begin{aligned}
 |l, m\rangle & \quad \hat{L}_\pm & : \\
 \hat{L}_+ & \cdot |l, m\rangle & \quad \hat{L}_+ & : \\
 & & & m
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\hat{L}_+ |l, m\rangle = C_{m+1} |l, m+1\rangle \tag{32}$$

$$\langle l, m' | \hat{L}_- = C_{m+1}^* \langle l, m+1 | \tag{33}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \langle l', m' | \hat{L}_- \hat{L}_+ | l, m \rangle &= \langle l', m+1 | C_{m+1}^* C_{m+1} | l, m+1 \rangle \\
 &= |C_{m+1}|^2 \underbrace{\langle l', m+1 | l, m+1 \rangle}_{\delta_{ll} \delta_{m+1, m+1} = 1}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$: \quad \hat{L}_- \hat{L}_+ = \hat{L}^2 - \hat{L}_z^2 - \hbar \hat{L}_z$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 |C_{m+1}|^2 &= \langle l, m | \hat{L}_- \hat{L}_+ | l, m \rangle = \langle l, m | \hat{L}^2 - \hat{L}_z^2 - \hbar \hat{L}_z | l, m \rangle \\
 &= \langle l, m | l(l+1)\hbar^2 - m^2\hbar^2 - \hbar m \hbar | l, m \rangle \\
 &= \hbar^2 (l(l+1) - m(m+1)) \underbrace{\langle l, m | l, m \rangle}_{=1}
 \end{aligned}$$

:

$$|C_{m+1}| = \hbar\sqrt{l(l+1) - m(m+1)} \quad (33)$$

$$\hat{L}_+ |l, m\rangle = \hbar\sqrt{l(l+1) - m(m+1)} |l, m+1\rangle \quad (34)$$

$$\hat{L}_- |l, m\rangle = \hbar\sqrt{l(l+1) - m(m-1)} |l, m-1\rangle \quad :$$

$$. l=1 \quad \hat{L}_x \quad :$$

$$\hat{L}_x |l, m\rangle = \frac{1}{2}(\hat{L}_+ + \hat{L}_-) |l, m\rangle = \frac{1}{2}[C_+ |l, m+1\rangle + C_- |l, m-1\rangle]$$

$$\langle l, m' | \hat{L}_x |l, m\rangle = \frac{1}{2} \left[C_+ \underbrace{\langle l, m' | l, m+1\rangle}_{\delta_{m', m+1}} + C_- \underbrace{\langle l, m' | l, m-1\rangle}_{\delta_{m', m-1}} \right]$$

$$C_+ = \sqrt{l(l+1) - m(m+1)} = \sqrt{2},$$

$$C_- = \sqrt{l(l+1) - m(m-1)} = \sqrt{2}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \begin{matrix} \langle 11 | & \langle 10 | & \langle 1-1 | & & \langle 11 | & \langle 10 | & \langle 1-1 | \\ \hat{L}_x = \frac{\hbar}{2} \begin{pmatrix} 0 & \sqrt{2} & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & \sqrt{2} \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix} + \frac{\hbar}{2} \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 \\ \sqrt{2} & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & \sqrt{2} & 0 \end{pmatrix} \begin{matrix} |11\rangle \\ |10\rangle \\ |1-1\rangle \end{matrix} \\ & = \frac{\hbar}{\sqrt{2}} \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \end{matrix} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \langle Y_{3,2} | \hat{L}_x | Y_{3,1} \rangle & : \\
& & : \\
& \hat{L}_x = (\hat{L}_+ + \hat{L}_-)/2 & : \\
& \langle Y_{3,2} | \hat{L}_x | Y_{3,1} \rangle = \frac{1}{2} \left(\langle Y_{3,2} | \hat{L}_+ | Y_{3,1} \rangle + \langle Y_{3,2} | \hat{L}_- | Y_{3,1} \rangle \right) \\
& = \frac{1}{2} \left(\langle Y_{3,2} | C_+ | Y_{3,2} \rangle + \underbrace{\langle Y_{3,2} | C_- | Y_{3,0} \rangle}_{=C_- \delta_{3,3} \delta_{2,0} = 0} \right) = \frac{C_+}{2} \\
& & : \quad l=3, \quad m=1 \quad : \\
& C_+ = \hbar \sqrt{l(l+1) - m(m+1)} = \hbar \sqrt{3(4) - 1(2)} \\
& = \hbar \sqrt{10} \\
& & : \\
& \langle Y_{3,2} | \hat{L}_x | Y_{3,1} \rangle = \hbar \frac{\sqrt{10}}{2}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \langle 2,0 | \hat{L}_- \hat{L}_+ | 2,0 \rangle & : \\
& \hat{L}_- \hat{L}_+ = \hat{L}^2 - \hat{L}_z^2 - \hbar \hat{L}_z & : \\
& \langle 2,0 | \hat{L}_- \hat{L}_+ | 2,0 \rangle = \langle 2,0 | \hat{L}^2 - \hat{L}_z^2 - \hbar \hat{L}_z | 2,0 \rangle \\
& = \langle 2,0 | 2(3)\hbar^2 - 0(1)\hbar^2 - 0\hbar^2 | 2,0 \rangle = 6\hbar^2 \\
& & : \\
& \langle 2,0 | \hat{L}_- \hat{L}_+ | 2,0 \rangle = \langle 2,0 | \hat{L}_- C_+ | 2,1 \rangle \\
& = C_+ \langle 2,0 | \hat{L}_- | 2,1 \rangle = C_+ C_- = 6\hbar^2
\end{aligned}$$

$$C_+ = \hbar \sqrt{l(l+1) - m(m+1)} = \hbar \sqrt{2(3) - 0(0+1)} = \hbar \sqrt{6},$$

$$C_- = \hbar \sqrt{l(l+1) - m(m-1)} = \hbar \sqrt{2(3) - 1(1-1)} = \hbar \sqrt{6}.$$

$$\begin{aligned}
|2,2\rangle & \quad |2,1\rangle = -\sqrt{\frac{15}{8\pi}} \cos\theta \sin\theta e^{i\varphi} & : \\
& & : \\
\hat{L}_+ |2,1\rangle & = C_+ |2,2\rangle = \hbar\sqrt{l(l+1)-m(m\pm 1)} |2,2\rangle \\
& = 2\hbar |2,2\rangle & : \\
\hat{L}_+ |2,1\rangle & = \hbar e^{+i\varphi} \left[\frac{\partial}{\partial\theta} + i \frac{\cos\theta}{\sin\theta} \frac{\partial}{\partial\varphi} \right] \left(-\sqrt{\frac{15}{8\pi}} \cos\theta \sin\theta e^{i\varphi} \right) \\
& = -\hbar \sqrt{\frac{15}{8\pi}} \left(e^{i\varphi} \sin\theta \right)^2 & : \\
& & : \\
& & |2,2\rangle = -\sqrt{\frac{15}{32\pi}} \left(e^{i\varphi} \sin\theta \right)^2
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
|1,-1\rangle & \quad |1,0\rangle = \sqrt{\frac{3}{4\pi}} \cos\theta & : \\
& & : \\
\hat{L}_- |1,0\rangle & = C_- |1,-1\rangle \\
& = \hbar\sqrt{1(1+1)-0(0-1)} |1,-1\rangle = \sqrt{2}\hbar |1,-1\rangle & : \\
& & : \\
\hat{L}_- |1,0\rangle & = -\hbar e^{-i\varphi} \left[\frac{\partial}{\partial\theta} - i \frac{\cos\theta}{\sin\theta} \frac{\partial}{\partial\varphi} \right] \left(\sqrt{\frac{3}{4\pi}} \cos\theta \right) \\
& = \hbar \sqrt{\frac{3}{4\pi}} \sin\theta e^{-i\varphi} & : \\
& & : \\
& & |1,-1\rangle = \sqrt{\frac{3}{8\pi}} \sin\theta e^{-i\varphi}
\end{aligned}$$

-6

: -1

$$a) \sin \theta \cos \varphi = \sqrt{\frac{2\pi}{3}} [-Y_{1,1} + Y_{1,-1}]$$

$$b) \sin^2 \theta \cos 2\varphi = \sqrt{\frac{8\pi}{15}} [Y_{2,2} + Y_{2,-2}]$$

$$c) xz = r^2 \sqrt{\frac{2\pi}{15}} [-Y_{2,1} + Y_{2,-1}]$$

$$d) x^2 - y^2 = r^2 \sqrt{\frac{8\pi}{15}} [Y_{2,2} + Y_{2,-2}]$$

$$e) xy = \frac{r^2}{i} \sqrt{\frac{2\pi}{15}} [-Y_{2,2} + Y_{2,-2}]$$

$$f) y = ir \sqrt{\frac{2\pi}{3}} [Y_{2,2} - Y_{2,-2}]$$

$$\psi(r) = -A(x + iy)e^{-r/2} \quad -2$$

$$.A = \frac{1}{8\sqrt{\pi}} \quad \psi(r) = Ar \sqrt{\frac{8\pi}{3}} Y_{1,1} e^{-r/2}$$

: -3

$$\hat{L}_z (\cos^2 \varphi - \sin^2 \varphi + 2i \cos \varphi \sin \varphi) = 2\hbar e^{2i\varphi}$$

$$: .l = 1 \quad |l, m\rangle \quad -4$$

$$(\hat{L}_x) = \frac{\hbar}{\sqrt{2}} \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}; \quad (\hat{L}_y) = \frac{\hbar}{i\sqrt{2}} \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 \\ -1 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & -1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(\hat{L}_+) = \hbar\sqrt{2} \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}; \quad (\hat{L}_-) = \hbar\sqrt{2} \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(\hat{L}_x \hat{L}_y) = (\hat{L}_x)(\hat{L}_y) \frac{\hbar^2}{2} \begin{pmatrix} i & 0 & -i \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \\ i & 0 & -i \end{pmatrix}; \quad (\hat{L}_y \hat{L}_x) = (\hat{L}_y)(\hat{L}_x) \frac{\hbar^2}{2} \begin{pmatrix} -i & 0 & -i \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \\ i & 0 & i \end{pmatrix},$$

$$(\hat{L}_x \hat{L}_y + \hat{L}_y \hat{L}_x) = i\hbar^2 \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 & -1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}, \quad (\hat{L}_x \hat{L}_y - \hat{L}_y \hat{L}_x) = i\hbar^2 \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & -1 \end{pmatrix} = i\hbar(\hat{L}_z)$$

$$: \quad |l, m\rangle \quad -5$$

$$\langle \hat{L}_x \rangle = \langle \hat{L}_y \rangle = 0, \quad \langle \hat{L}_x^2 \rangle = \langle \hat{L}_y^2 \rangle = \frac{\hbar^2}{2} [l(l+1) - m^2]$$

$$\Delta \hat{L}_x \Delta \hat{L}_y \geq \frac{\hbar^2 m}{2}, \quad \text{where } \Delta \hat{L}_i = \sqrt{\langle \hat{L}_i^2 \rangle - \langle \hat{L}_i \rangle^2}$$

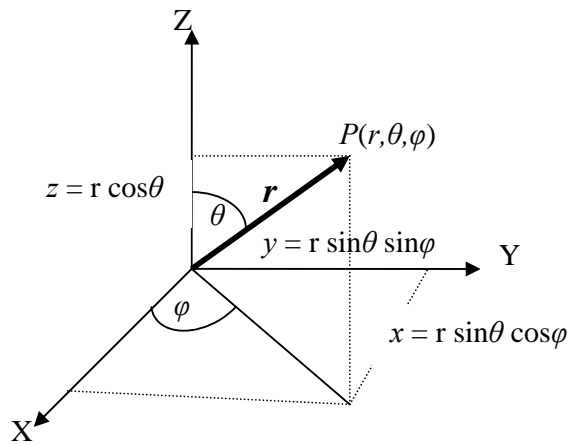
$$. |1, 0\rangle = \sqrt{\frac{3}{4\pi}} \cos \theta \quad |1, 1\rangle = -\sqrt{\frac{3}{8\pi}} \sin \theta e^{i\varphi} \quad -6$$

-7

$$d - \sin \theta \cos \varphi = -\frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\frac{8\pi}{3}} Y_{1,1} + \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\frac{8\pi}{15}} Y_{2,1}$$

\hat{L}^2

(6.A)



(1)

$P(r, \theta, \varphi)$
 $|\mathbf{r}| = \sqrt{x^2 + y^2 + z^2}$: (1) r
 : (Zenith angle) θ
 φ π 0 $\cos \theta = \frac{z}{r} = \frac{z}{\sqrt{x^2 + y^2 + z^2}}$
 $. 2\pi$ 0 $\tan \varphi = \frac{y}{x}$: (Azimuthal angle)
 :

$$\left. \begin{aligned} x &= r \sin \theta \cos \varphi, & |\mathbf{r}| &= \sqrt{x^2 + y^2 + z^2} \\ y &= r \sin \theta \sin \varphi, & \theta &= \tan^{-1} \frac{\sqrt{x^2 + y^2}}{z} \\ z &= r \cos \theta, & \varphi &= \tan^{-1} \frac{y}{x} \end{aligned} \right\} \quad (1)$$

$$d\tau = r^2 dr d\Omega \quad d\Omega = \sin\theta d\theta d\varphi$$

(1)

$\frac{\partial r}{\partial x} = \frac{x}{r} = \sin\theta \cos\varphi$	$\frac{\partial \theta}{\partial x} = \frac{\cos\theta \cos\varphi}{r}$	$\frac{\partial \varphi}{\partial x} = -\frac{\sin\varphi}{r \sin\theta}$	$\frac{\partial x}{\partial \varphi} = -y$
$\frac{\partial r}{\partial y} = \frac{y}{r} = \sin\theta \sin\varphi$	$\frac{\partial \theta}{\partial y} = \frac{\cos\theta \sin\varphi}{r}$	$\frac{\partial \varphi}{\partial y} = \frac{\cos\varphi}{r \sin\theta}$	$\frac{\partial y}{\partial \varphi} = x$
$\frac{\partial r}{\partial z} = \cos\theta$	$\frac{\partial \theta}{\partial z} = -\frac{\sin\theta}{r}$	$\frac{\partial \varphi}{\partial z} = 0$	$\frac{\partial z}{\partial \varphi} = 0$

$$\hat{L}_z \equiv -i\hbar \frac{\partial}{\partial \varphi} = -i\hbar \left(x \frac{\partial}{\partial y} - y \frac{\partial}{\partial x} \right)$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 -i\hbar \frac{\partial}{\partial \varphi} &= -i\hbar \left(\underbrace{\frac{\partial x}{\partial \varphi}}_{-y} \frac{\partial}{\partial x} + \underbrace{\frac{\partial y}{\partial \varphi}}_x \frac{\partial}{\partial y} + \underbrace{\frac{\partial z}{\partial \varphi}}_0 \frac{\partial}{\partial z} \right) \\
 &= -i\hbar \left(-y \frac{\partial}{\partial x} + x \frac{\partial}{\partial y} \right) = \hat{L}_z
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial x} = \frac{\partial r}{\partial x} \frac{\partial}{\partial r} = \frac{x}{r} \frac{\partial}{\partial r}$$

$$\frac{\partial^2}{\partial x^2} = \frac{\partial^2}{\partial x^2} \left(x \frac{\partial}{\partial r} \right) = \left(\frac{1}{r} - \frac{x^2}{r^3} \right) \frac{\partial}{\partial r} + \frac{x^2}{r^2} \frac{\partial^2}{\partial r^2}$$

September 24, 2009