

Problem#5 (5 points)

Calculate the longest and shortest wavelengths of the Lyman series of the Be^{3+} ion ($Z = 4$).

$$\frac{1}{\lambda} = R \left(\frac{1}{n_f^2} - \frac{1}{n_i^2} \right) Z^2$$

for Lyman series $n_f = 1$

$$\frac{1}{\lambda_{\text{long}}} = R \left(\frac{1}{1} - \frac{1}{4} \right) (4^2) = 12R$$

$$\lambda_{\text{long}} = \frac{1}{12R} = 7.59 \times 10^{-9} \text{ m} = \boxed{7.59 \text{ nm}}$$

$$\frac{1}{\lambda_{\text{short}}} = R \left(\frac{1}{1} - \frac{1}{\infty} \right) (4^2) = 16R$$

$$\lambda_{\text{short}} = \frac{1}{16R} = 5.70 \times 10^{-9} \text{ m} = \boxed{5.70 \text{ nm}}$$