

King Fahd University of Petroleum & Minerals

Department of Physics

Physics 301 - Term 051

Quiz #2

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Name:

Key

Id#:

A boat with initial velocity  $v_0$  is launched on a lake. The boat is slowed by the water by a force  $F = -\alpha e^{\beta v}$ , where  $\alpha$  and  $\beta$  are constants and  $v$  is the speed of the boat.

- (a) Find an expression for the speed of the boat as a function of time and the other constants.  
 (b) Find the time the boat will come to rest.  
 (c) Find an expression for the displacement as a function of time.

Given:  $\int \ln(ax+b)dx = \frac{ax+b}{a} \ln(ax+b) + x$

a)  $F = ma \Rightarrow m \frac{dv}{dt} = -\alpha e^{\beta v}$

$$\frac{dv}{e^{\beta v}} = -\frac{\alpha}{m} dt \Rightarrow \int_{v_0}^v e^{-\beta v} dv = -\frac{\alpha}{m} \int_0^t dt$$

$$\Rightarrow -\frac{1}{\beta} e^{-\beta v} \Big|_{v_0}^v = -\frac{\alpha}{m} t$$

$$+\frac{1}{\beta} (e^{-\beta v} - e^{-\beta v_0}) = \frac{\alpha}{m} t$$

$$\Rightarrow e^{-\beta v} = \frac{\alpha \beta t}{m} + e^{-\beta v_0}$$

$$\Rightarrow \boxed{v = -\frac{1}{\beta} \ln \left[ \frac{\alpha \beta t}{m} + e^{-\beta v_0} \right]}$$

b) The boat comes to rest  $\Rightarrow v_f = 0$

$$\Rightarrow 0 = -\frac{1}{\beta} \ln \left[ \frac{\alpha \beta t_f}{m} + e^{-\beta v_0} \right] \Rightarrow \frac{\alpha \beta t_f}{m} + e^{-\beta v_0} = 1$$

$$\Rightarrow \boxed{t_f = \frac{m}{\alpha \beta} (1 - e^{-\beta v_0})}$$

c)  $v = \frac{dx}{dt} \Rightarrow x = \int v dt = -\frac{1}{\beta} \int \ln \left[ \frac{\alpha \beta t}{m} + e^{-\beta v_0} \right] dt$

$$\Rightarrow x + c = -\frac{1}{\beta} \left[ \frac{\frac{\alpha \beta t}{m} + e^{-\beta v_0}}{\frac{\alpha \beta}{m}} \ln \left( \frac{\alpha \beta t}{m} + e^{-\beta v_0} \right) - x \Big|_0^t \right]$$

$$t=0 \quad x=0 \Rightarrow c = -\frac{1}{\beta} \frac{e^{-\beta v_0}}{\frac{\alpha \beta}{m}} \ln e^{-\beta v_0} = -\frac{1}{\beta} \frac{v_0 m}{\alpha \beta} e^{-\beta v_0}$$

$$\Rightarrow X(t) = -\frac{m v_0}{\alpha \beta} e^{-\beta v_0} + \frac{t}{\beta} - \frac{\alpha m}{\alpha \beta^2} \left[ \frac{\alpha \beta}{m} t + e^{-\beta v_0} \right] \ln \left( \frac{\alpha \beta t}{m} + e^{-\beta v_0} \right)$$