

**Physics 102-Rec**  
**Quiz#1-Sect.23**  
**Chapter 16**

Instructor: Dr. A. Mekki

Name: Key Id: \_\_\_\_\_

1. A sinusoidal wave is traveling  $\bullet$  in the negative x-direction with a speed of 20 m/s on a stretched string. The particles in the string have maximum transverse acceleration of 30 m/s<sup>2</sup>.

- (a) Find the amplitude of this wave if the wavelength is 0.1 m.

$$v = 20 \text{ m/s} \quad a_{\max} = 30 \text{ m/s}^2$$

$$a_{\max} = \omega^2 y_m \quad y_m = \frac{a_{\max}}{\omega^2}$$

$$\omega = 2\pi f = 2\pi \left( \frac{v}{\lambda} \right) = 2\pi \left( \frac{20}{0.1} \right) = 400\pi \text{ rad/s}$$

$$y_m = \frac{30}{(400\pi)^2} = 1.89 \times 10^{-5} \text{ m}$$

- (b) Find the displacement of the particle in the string at  $x = 0.125 \text{ m}$  and  $t = 0$ , knowing that  $y(0,0) = y_m$ .

$$y(x,t) = y_m \sin(kx + \omega t + \phi)$$

$$y(0,0) = y_m = y_m \sin \phi \Rightarrow \phi = \frac{\pi}{2}$$

$$k = \frac{2\pi}{\lambda} = \frac{2\pi}{0.1} = 20\pi \text{ m}^{-1}$$

$$\omega = 400\pi \text{ rad/s}$$

$$y(x,t) = 1.89 \times 10^{-5} \sin \left( 20\pi x + 400\pi t + \frac{\pi}{2} \right)$$

$$y(0.125, 0) = 1.89 \times 10^{-5} \sin \left( 20\pi \times 0.125 + \frac{\pi}{2} \right)$$

$$= 0 \quad (\text{the particle at this time has zero displacement})$$