King Fahd Univ. of Petroleum and Minerals Faculty of Sciences Department of Mathematical Sciences

QUIZ No. 4 (MATH. 102-043 Sections 1 & 2)

Name: ID:

Prob. 1 Use the integral test to discuss according to the values of p

$$\sum_{k=3}^{\infty} \frac{1}{k(\ln k)[\ln(\ln k)]^p}$$

<u>Prob.2</u> determine wether the series is convergent or divergent (a) $\sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \left(\frac{k}{k+1}\right)^{k^2}$

(a)
$$\sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \left(\frac{n}{k+1} \right)$$

(b) $\sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{\ln k}{e^k}$
Prob. 3

Is the following series absolutely convergent, conditionally convergent or divergent?

$$\sum_{k=2}^{\infty} \left(\frac{-1}{\ln k}\right)^k$$