

15.7 Triple Integrals

Triple integrals

Notation: $\iiint_G f(x, y, z) dV$

Where G is the solid and $dV = dx dy dz$ or any other seven forms.

All rules are same as in case of double integral.

Definition

Let $G = \{(x, y, z) : a \leq x \leq b, c \leq y \leq d, r \leq z \leq s\}$ be the rectangular box. Divide this box into lmn sub-boxes

$G_{ijk} = [x_{i-1}, x_i] \times [y_{j-1}, y_j] \times [z_{k-1}, z_k]$. Then the triple integral over

The box G is

$$\iiint_G f(x, y, z) dV = \lim_{l, m, n \rightarrow \infty} \sum_{i=1}^l \sum_{j=1}^m \sum_{k=1}^n f(x_{ijk}^*, y_{ijk}^*, z_{ijk}^*) \Delta x \Delta y \Delta z$$

if this limit exists

Evaluating Triple Integrals over Rectangular Boxes

Evaluated as iterated integrals

Let G be the rectangular box $a \leq x \leq b$, $c \leq y \leq d$, $r \leq z \leq s$ then

$$\iiint_G f(x, y, z) dV = \int_a^b \int_c^d \int_r^s f(x, y, z) dz dy dx$$

- Or any other ordering with proper adjustment of limits of integration.

Question 6/1030: Evaluate $\int_0^1 \int_0^z \int_0^y z^{-y^2} dx dy dz$.

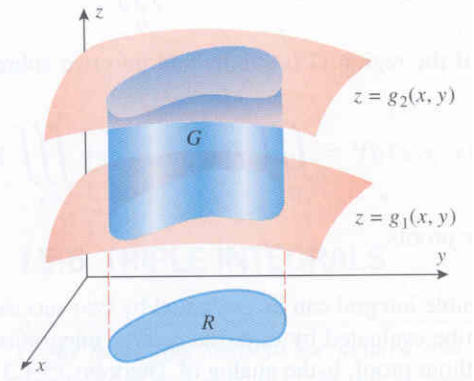
Evaluating Triple Integrals over Simple XY-region

Simple XY-region

A region G given by

$$G = \{(x, y, z) : (x, y) \in R \text{ and } g_1(x, y) \leq z \leq g_2(x, y)\}$$

where R is projection of G on XY-plane



Evaluation of triple integral over such regions as

$$\iiint_G f(x, y, z) dV = \iint_R \left[\int_{g_1(x, y)}^{g_2(x, y)} f(x, y, z) dz \right] dA$$

Evaluating Triple Integrals over Simple YZ-region

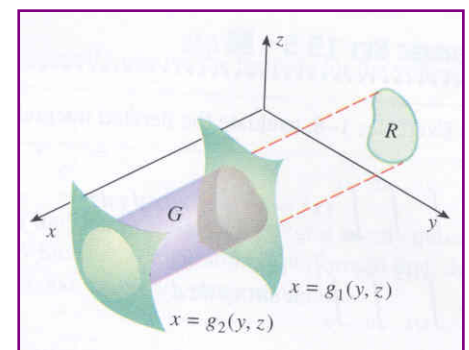
See class explanation

Simple YZ-region

A region G given by

$$G = \{(x, y, z) : (y, z) \in R \text{ and } g_1(y, z) \leq x \leq g_2(y, z)\}$$

where R is projection of G on YZ-plane



Evaluation of triple integral over such regions as

$$\iiint_G f(x, y, z) dV = \iint_R \left[\int_{g_1(y, z)}^{g_2(y, z)} f(x, y, z) dx \right] dA$$

Evaluating Triple Integrals over Simple XZ-region

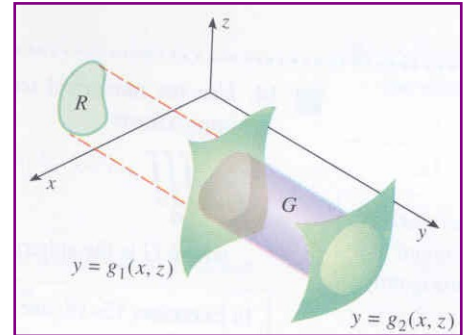
See class explanation

Simple XZ-region

A region G given by

$$G = \{(x, y, z) : (x, z) \in R \text{ and } g_1(x, z) \leq y \leq g_2(x, z)\}$$

where R is projection of G on XZ-plane



Evaluation of triple integral over such regions as

$$\iiint_G f(x, y, z) dV = \iint_R \left[\int_{g_1(x, z)}^{g_2(x, z)} f(x, y, z) dy \right] dA$$

Question 8/1030: Evaluate $\iiint_G 2x dV$

where $G = \{(x, y, z) : 0 \leq x \leq 1, 0 \leq y \leq x, x \leq z \leq 2x\}$.

Question 13/1030: Evaluate $\iiint_G x^2 e^y dV$, where G is bounded by the parabolic cylinder $z = 1 - y^2$ and the planes $z = 0$, $x = 1$, and $x = -1$.

- Try to project the region G on XY , YZ , XZ planes
- and see which gives you easier calculations and better visualization of G & R .
- **Easiest:** thinking as integral over XY -region

Question 16/1030: Evaluate $\iiint_G z dV$, where G is bounded by the cylinder $z^2 + y^2 = 9$ and the planes $x = 0$, $y = 3x$, and $z = 0$ in the first octant.

Volume as Triple Integral

The volume of a 3-dimensional region G is given by

$$V = \iiint_G dV$$

Question 17/1054: Use triple integral to find the volume of the solid enclosed by the cylinder $x^2 + y^2 = 9$ and the planes $y + z = 5$ and $z = 1$.

Question 34/1055: Reverse the order in the form $dx dz dy$.

$$\int_0^1 \int_0^{x^2 y} \int_0^1 f(x, y, z) dz dy dx .$$