**Q.1:** Find the domain and range of  $f(x,y) = \arcsin(x^2 + y^2 - 8)$ . Also sketch the domain.

**Sol:** For domain  $-1 \le x^2 + y^2 - 8 \le 1$  which implies  $7 \le x^2 + y^2 \le 9$ . So the domain is two concentric circles of radii  $\sqrt{7}$  and 3.

$$D = \{(x,y)|7 \le x^2 + y^2 \le 9\}$$
 and the range is  $-\frac{\pi}{2} \le f(x,y) \le \frac{\pi}{2}$ .

**Q.2:** Find the limit  $\lim_{(x,y)\to(0,0)} \frac{3xy^2}{3x^2+2y^4}$  if exist or show that limit does not exist.

**Sol:** For 
$$x = 0$$
 and  $y \to 0$ ,  $\lim_{y \to 0} \frac{3(0)y^2}{3(0)^2 + 2y^4} = 0$ 

For 
$$x = y^2$$
,  $\lim_{y \to 0} \frac{3y^2y^2}{3y^4 + 2y^4} = \lim_{x \to 0} \frac{3y^4}{5y^4} = \frac{3}{5}$ .

So the limit does not exist.

**Q.3:** For 
$$f(x,y) = x^2 y e^{xy^3}$$
, find  $\frac{\partial^3 f}{\partial x \partial y \partial x}$ .

**Sol:** 
$$\frac{\partial f}{\partial x} = (2xy + x^2y^4)e^{xy^3}, \quad \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial y \partial x} = (2x + 10x^2y^3 + 3x^3y^6)e^{xy^3}$$

$$\frac{\partial^3 f}{\partial x \partial y \partial x} = (2 + 22xy^3 + 19x^2y^6 + 3x^3y^9)e^{xy^3}$$